

APPENDIX N

TRAFFIC REPORT FOR FINCH WEST AND STEELES WEST STATIONS



***TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY
TTC SPADINA SUBWAY EXTENSION
FINCH WEST STATION
CITY OF TORONTO***

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Traffic Impact Study has been prepared to document the study methodology, findings and evaluations associated with the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension and the proposed station concept at the Finch West Station. This is outlined herein.

The purpose of this memorandum was to:

- Review existing transportation conditions, opportunities, and constraints;
- Forecast and assess future traffic conditions associated with the proposed Finch West Station; and
- Identify operational concerns and proposed mitigation measures.

2.0 EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

2.1. Boundary Road Network

Generally, in the vicinity of the Study Area, the lands are primarily for commercial and employment uses.

Figure 2-1 illustrates the existing arterial road system in the Study Area. In summary, they are:

- *Dufferin Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h. It has 4-lanes from Glen Shields Avenue (north) to Finch Avenue. There are reserved High Occupancy Vehicle (H.O.V.) lanes on Dufferin Street between Finch Avenue and Sheppard Avenue. During the weekday morning and afternoon peak periods only buses, taxis and multi-person autos (three or more) are permitted to use these lanes. Dufferin Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Jane Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a 4-lane cross-section. Jane Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Keele Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a 4-lane cross-section. Keele Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Steeles Avenue* is an east-west 6-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.
- *Finch Avenue* is an east-west 4-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.
- *Sheppard Avenue West* is an east-west 4-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.

2.2. Existing Traffic

The existing traffic assessment for this study was based on a review of available turning movement data for the study area. Most recent available turning movement count data for the key intersections within the study area was obtained from the City of Toronto. This data was collected for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. All observed turning movement counts were reviewed for consistency.

Signal timing information for the a.m. peak, p.m. peak and off peak hours was also obtained from the City of Toronto for key intersections within the study area. These signal timings along with most recent available traffic turning movement counts were incorporated in the analysis of existing traffic conditions.

Table 2-1 summarizes traffic data locations, survey dates and their sources.

TABLE 2-1. SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC DATA

| INTERSECTION | DATE | SOURCE |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Steeles Avenue / Jane Street | Tuesday, October 8, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Murray Ross Parkway | Wednesday, October 29, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Founders Road | Monday, January 22, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Keele Street | Monday, December 15, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Petrolia Road / Tandem Road | Wednesday, January 9, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Shale Gate / Capstan Gate | Wednesday, December 5, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Alness Street | Monday, October 27, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Futurity Gate | Wednesday, December 6, 1995 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Dufferin Street | Thursday, October 24, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Sentinel Road | Thursday, January 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane | Monday, December 8, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Keele Street | Tuesday, November 5, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Tangiers Road | Tuesday, September 14, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / CNR Service Road | Tuesday, December 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Chesswood Drive | Wednesday, September 29, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Alness Street / Champagne Drive | Wednesday, January 16, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Dufferin Street | Monday, June 23, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Sentinel Road | Thursday, November 27, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Keele Street | Monday, December 16, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / John Drury Crescent | Wednesday, June 27, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Tuscan Gate | Monday, November 24, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Chesswood Drive | Wednesday, June 27, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Kodiak Crescent / Yukon Lane | Tuesday, March 23, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / W.R. Allen Road | Monday, May 12, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Canarctic Drive | Thursday, April 4, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / The Pond Road | Thursday, April 4, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Murray Ross Parkway | Tuesday, December 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Toro Road | Wednesday, February 20, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Broadoaks Drive | Thursday, March 14, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / St. Regis Crescent | Tuesday, August 27, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Grandravine Drive | Thursday, April 25, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / 4400 Dufferin Street | Monday, December 8, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Dolomite Drive | Thursday, December 4, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Supertest Road | Wednesday, December 10, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Martin Ross Avenue | Wednesday, December 3, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| W.R. Allen Road / Steeprock Drive / Overbrook Road | Thursday, March 13, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| W.R. Allen Road / Kennard Avenue | Tuesday, March 5, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Alness Street / Supertest Road | Thursday, December 19, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Alness Street / Martin Ross Avenue | Thursday, December 19, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Sentinel Road / Murray Ross Parkway | Thursday, June 19, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate | Tuesday, May 10, 2005 | URS Canada Inc. |
| Keele Street / Four Winds Drive | Tuesday, May 3, 2005 | URS Canada Inc. |

The existing weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic volumes are illustrated in Figures 2-2 and 2-3, respectively.

2.3. Traffic Assessment

The traffic volumes in Figures 2-2 and 2-3 are for the broader area impacted by the Spadina Subway Extension. For the purpose of the evaluation of the impacts associated with the identified Finch West Station concept plan, a study area was identified within the immediate proximity of the proposed station.

The assessment for signalized intersection operations is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS-2000), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000. The Highway Capacity Manual is produced by the Transportation Research Board.

Tables 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), volume-to-capacity ratio (V/C), and average control delay for each of the key intersections during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours within the study area for the Finch West Station.

Level of Service definitions related to intersection operations are contained in *Appendix A*. It is a qualifying measure of traffic operations at an intersection, relating the control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period. The volume-to-capacity ratio is a measure of the proportion of the calculated intersection capacity that is utilized by the modelled traffic volumes. At signalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay greater than 55 seconds (Level of Service 'E') are defined as critical. At unsignalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay of greater than 35 seconds (Level of Service 'E') are defined as critical movements. Detailed output for the existing traffic conditions are in *Appendix B*.

The analyses of the existing intersection conditions reveal poor overall intersection levels of service at all major arterial-arterial intersections within the Study Area (at-capacity or over-capacity during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours). The intersections experience notably high delays and high volume-to-capacity ratios, with numerous critical movements.

The analyses of the existing intersection conditions confirm the existing traffic characteristics. Travel patterns by time-of-day show that traffic loading on all of the major arterials is very commuter-oriented. Significant queuing and traffic congestion exists on many of the arterial roads within the Study Area, in particular on:

- *Dufferin Street, north of Finch Avenue;*
- *Keele Street, south of Finch Avenue and north of Steeles Avenue; and*
- *Finch Avenue, throughout the Study Area.*

These congested traffic conditions are significantly contributed to by high inter-regional traffic volumes and are typical conditions on regional arterial systems. The nature of such traffic congestion is mainly associated with the travellers' commuting peak hours during the morning and afternoon peak commuting periods (e.g. from 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m., and from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.). While congested operations (in terms of delays, queuing, and low reserved capacity) are encountered at the Major Arterial-Major Arterial intersections, acceptable operations at collector-arterial intersections are exhibited, despite relatively high inbound and outbound traffic turning movements at the gateways to significant traffic generators, such as the local industrial employment areas.

Figure 2-1A – Existing Lane Configurations

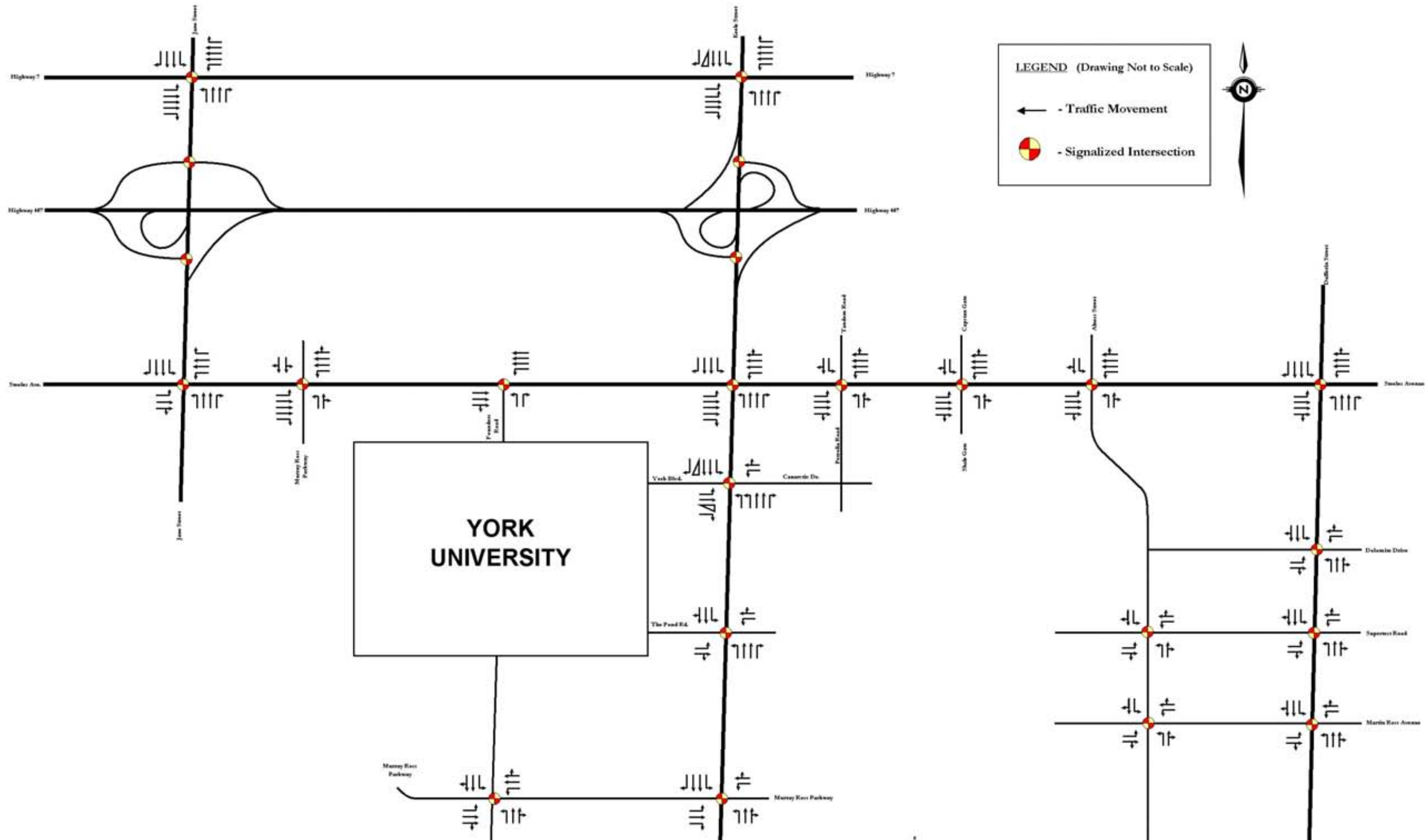


Figure 2-1B – Existing Lane Configurations

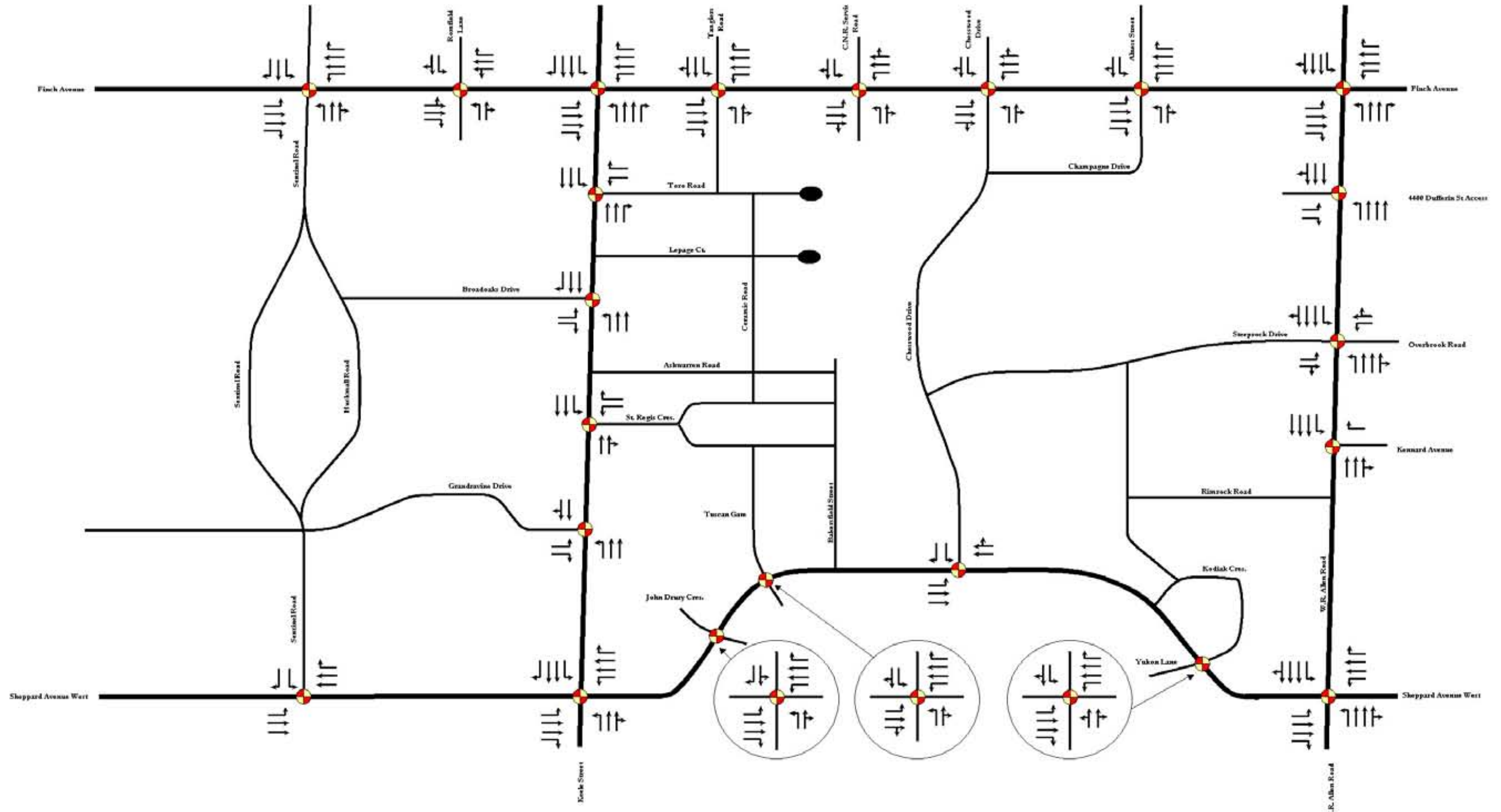


Figure 2-2A – Existing A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

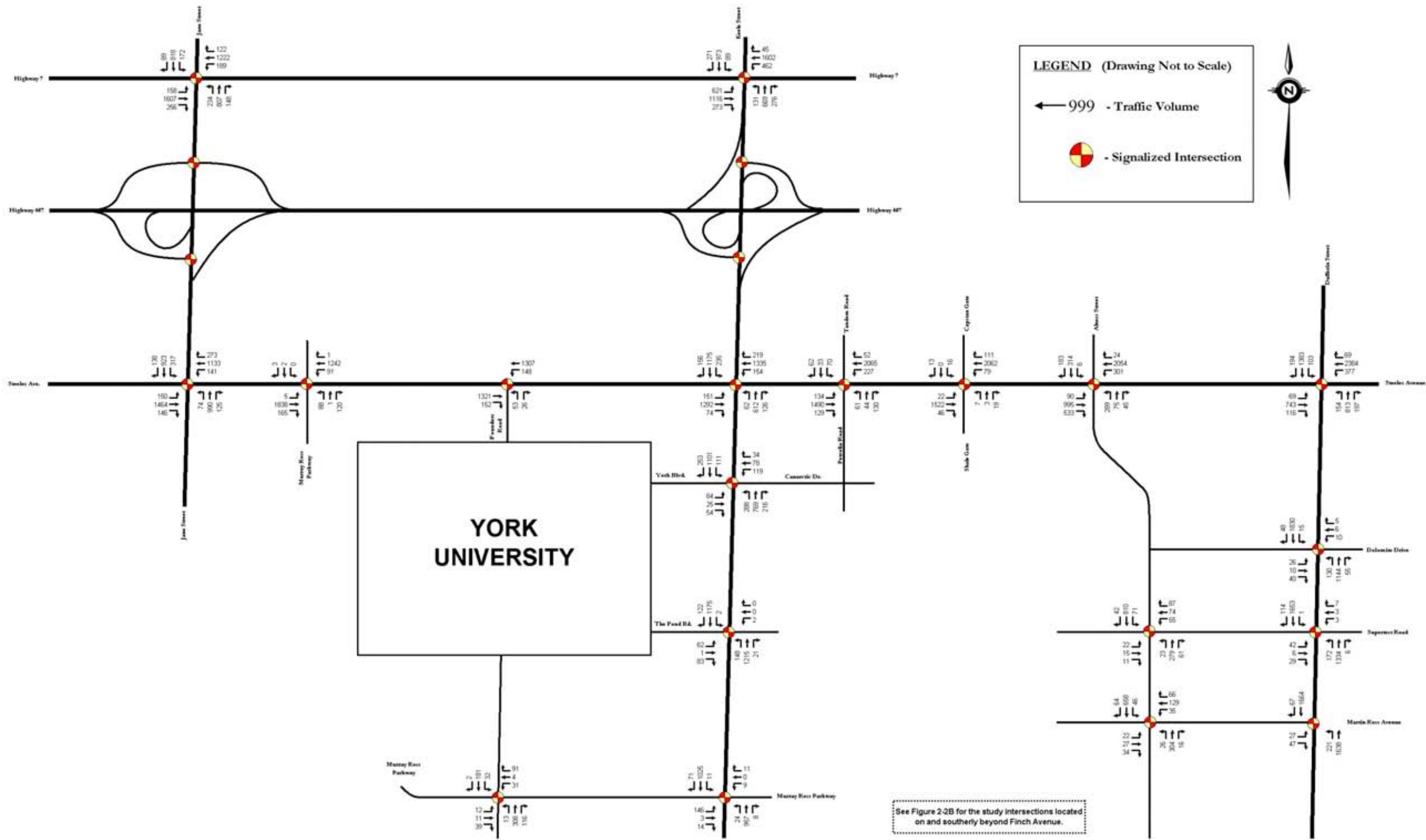


Figure 2-2B – Existing A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

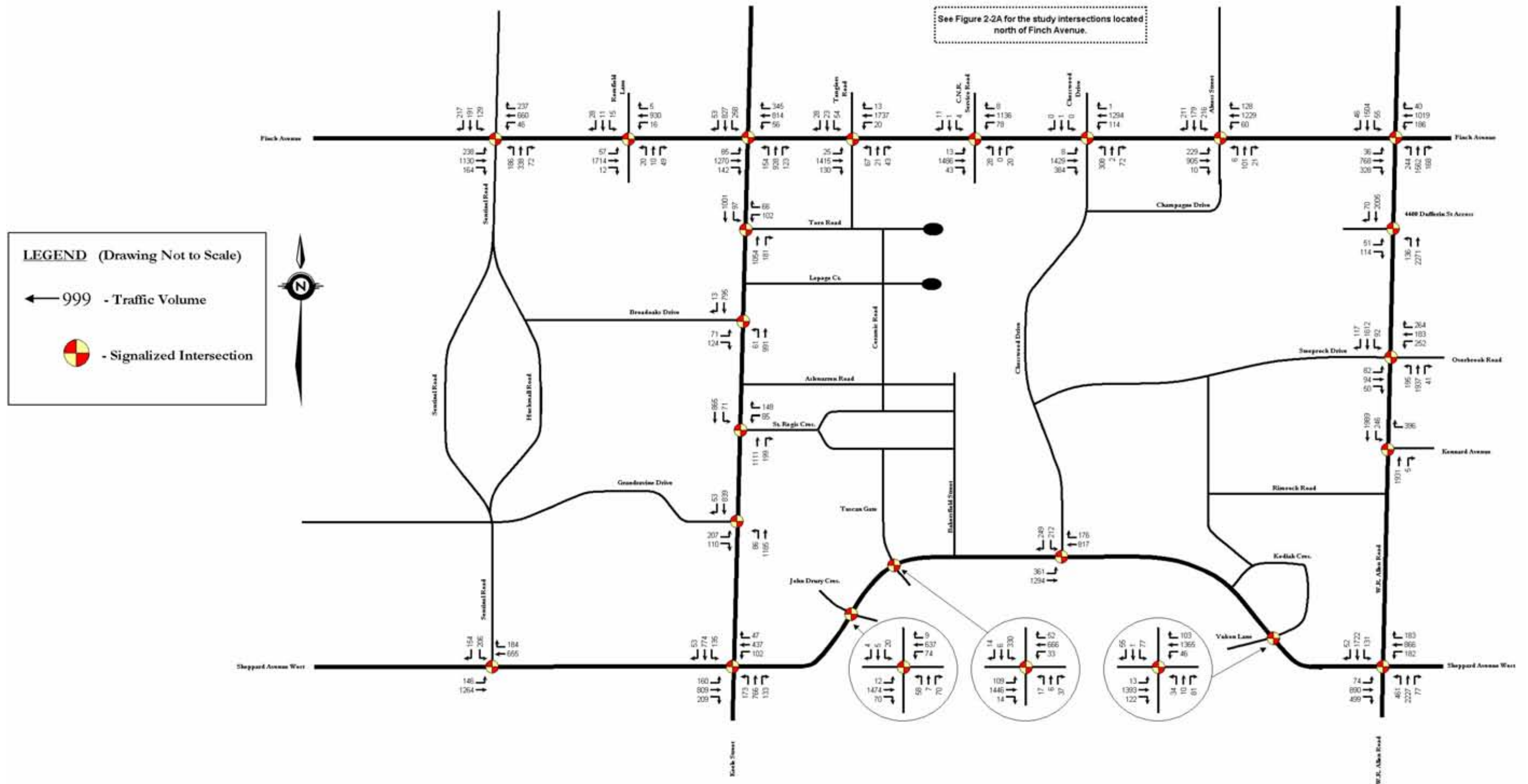


Figure 2-3A – Existing P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

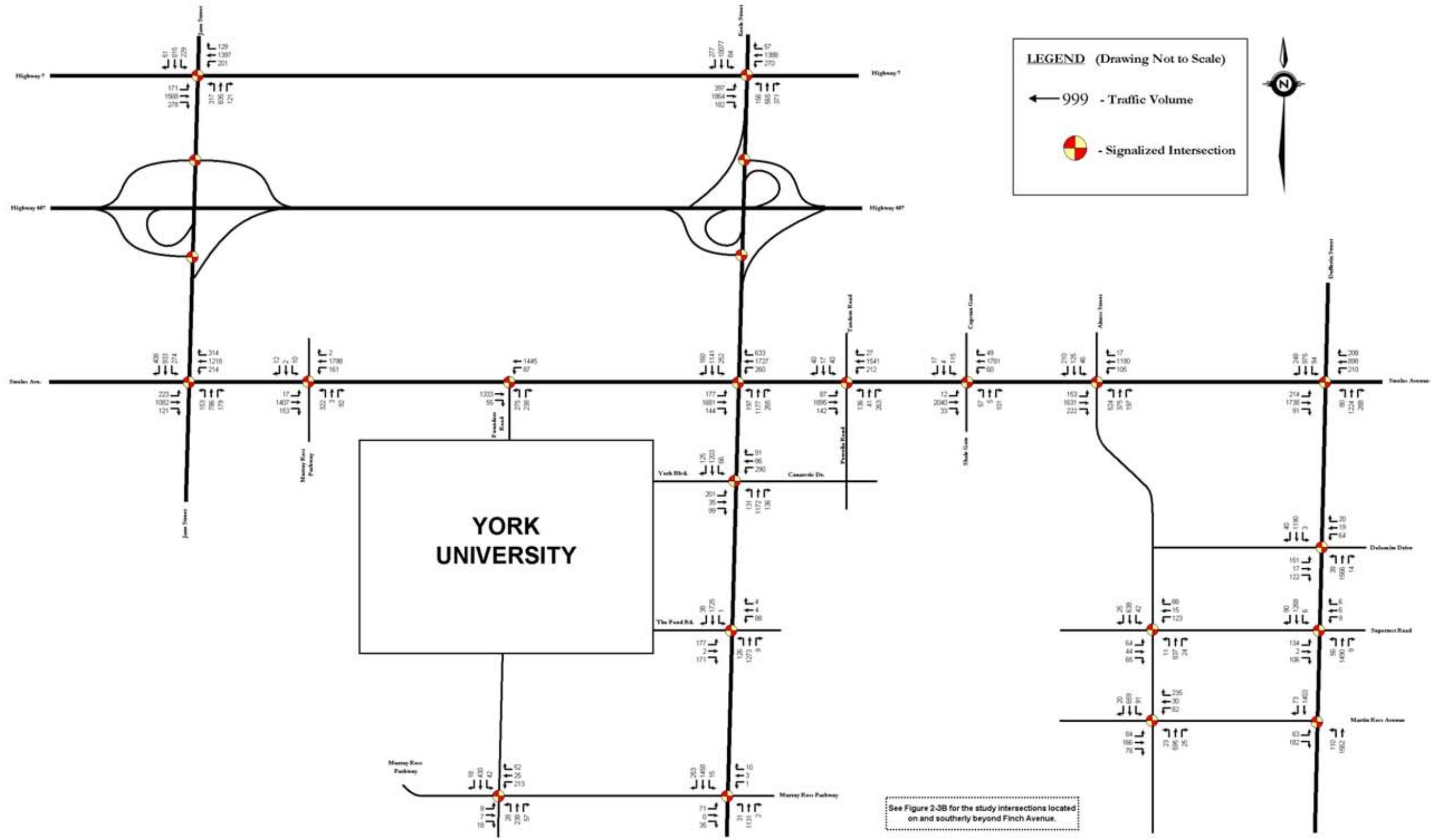
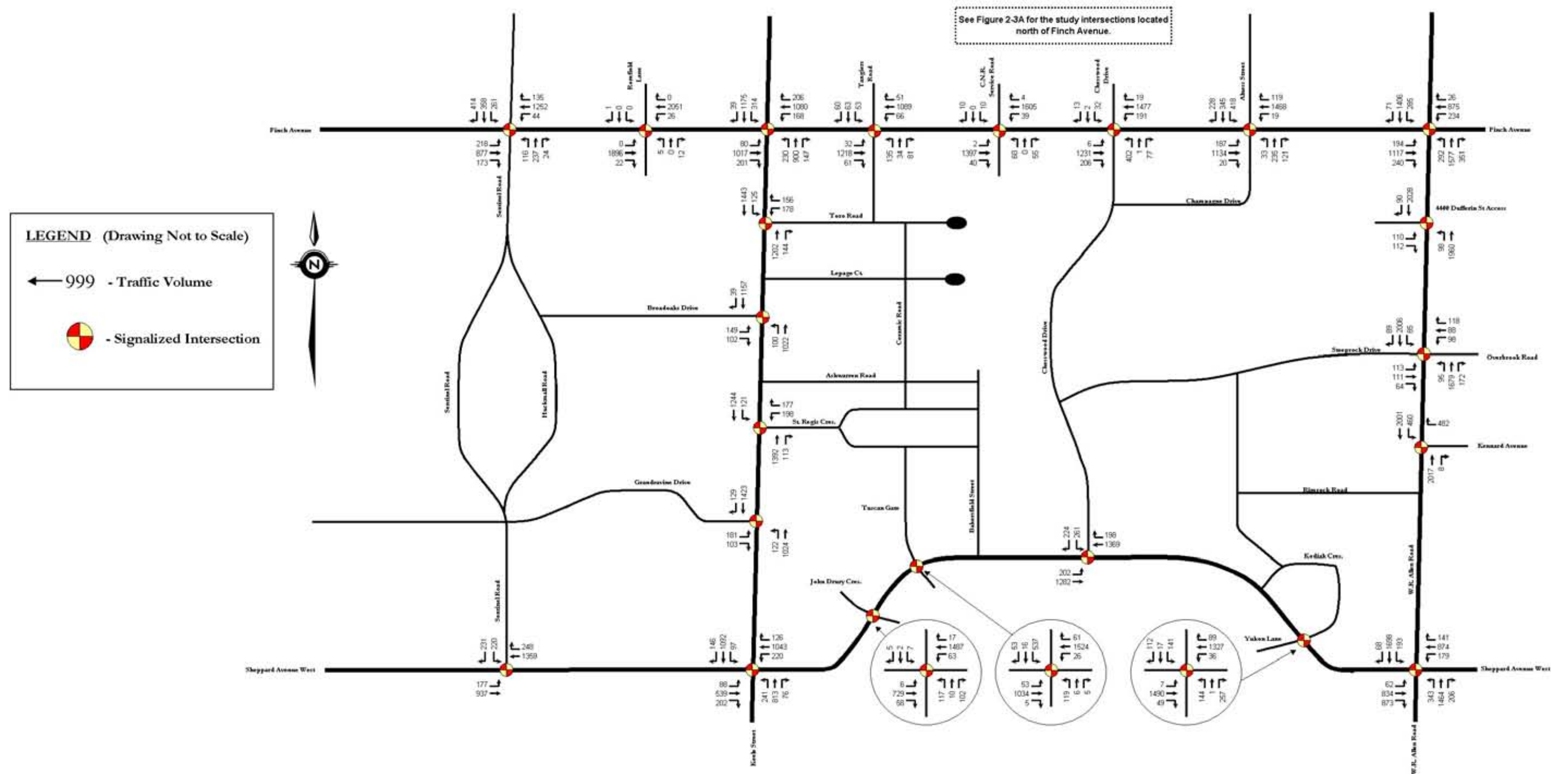


Figure 2-3B – Existing P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes



3.0 PROPOSED STATION CONFIGURATION

The Finch West Station generalized access plan and assumed road configuration are illustrated in Figure 3-1. Figure 3-2 illustrates the layout plan for the Finch West Station. The internal circulation for the Finch West Station was based on a standard bus turning radius of 18.3m (outer turning) as per TTC Standard DM 0412-02 Fig 1.5. Internal bus circulation for the Finch West Station is also shown in Figure 3-2.

Key elements of the improved road network configuration include:

- The northerly extension of Tangiers Road to Murray Ross Parkway;
- The easterly extension of Four Winds Drive to Tangiers Road as a transit only facility; and
- Signalization and turn lane improvements at the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive intersection.

These road and intersection improvements have been identified as a means to provide access to the proposed Finch West Station. As noted for the analysis of existing and future traffic conditions within other sections of this report, there are some intersections and road link sections that are experiencing near or at-capacity conditions. While the City does not currently have planned major road or intersection improvements at any locations in the immediate study area, supplementary improvements have been identified in Section 6.3 as potential mechanisms to improve the existing and future traffic conditions beyond those reported in this study.

Figure 3-1 – Finch West Station

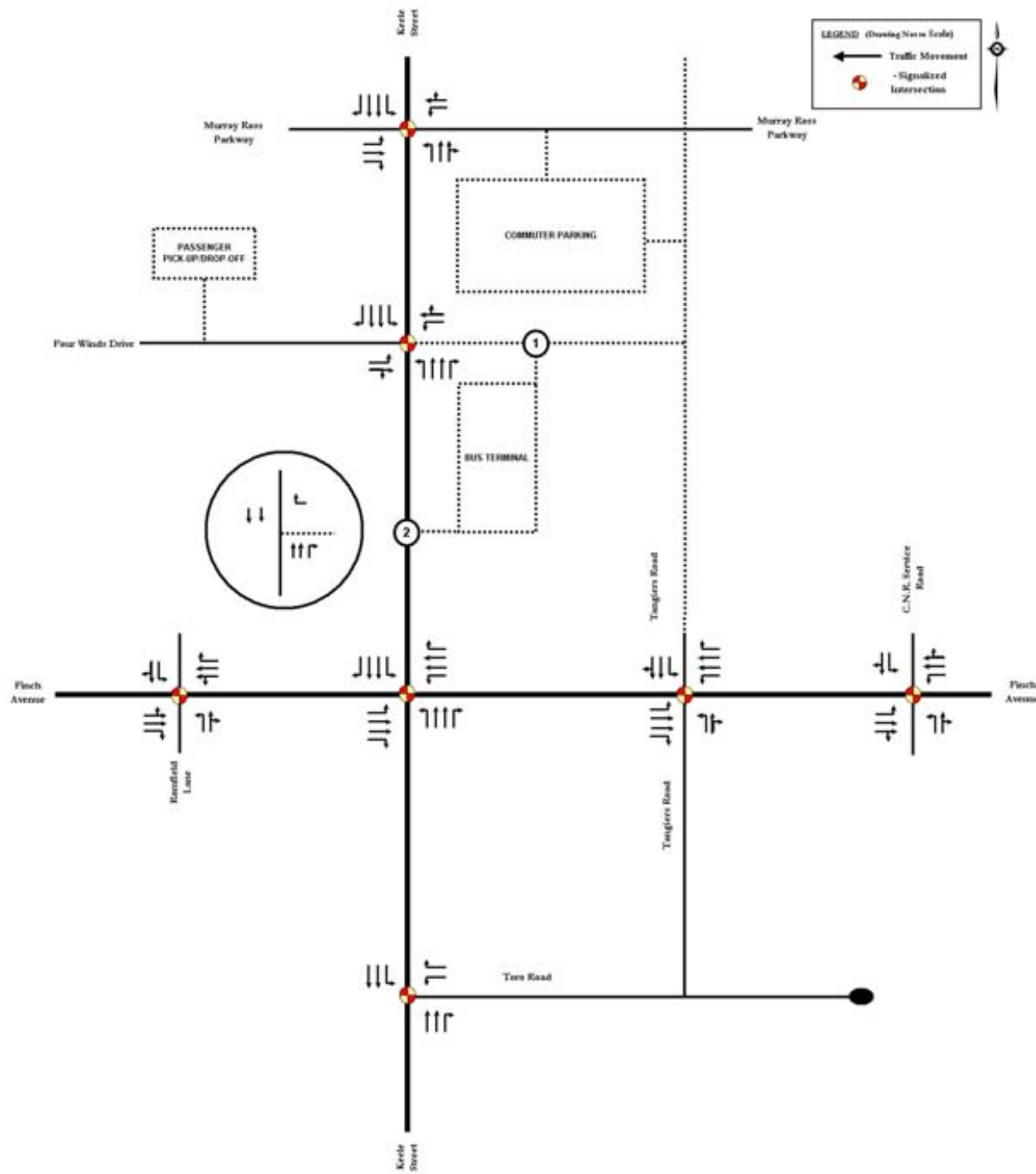
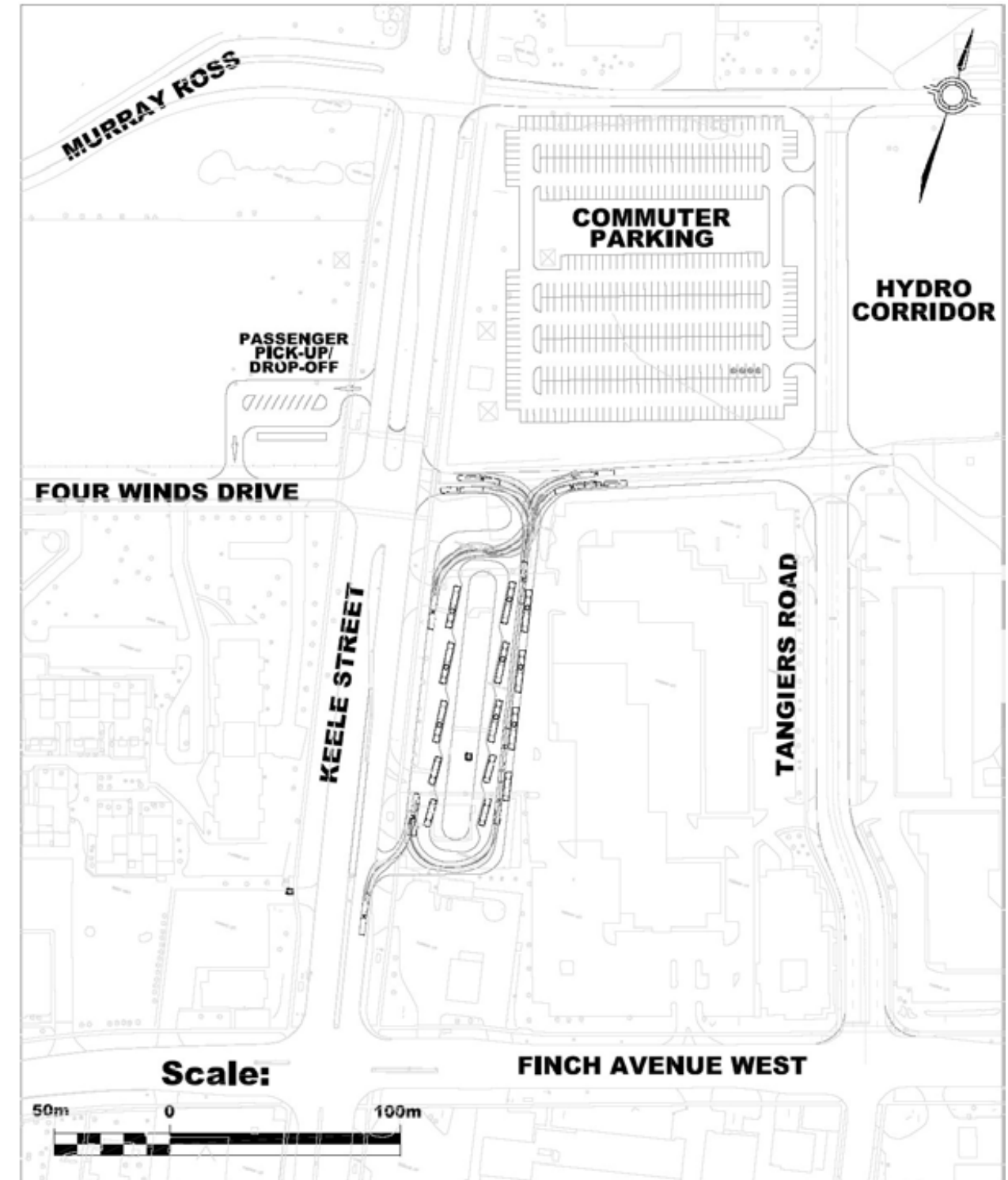


Figure 3-2 – Internal Bus Circulation



4.0 FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

4.1. Future Background Traffic

A 2021 development horizon was utilized to assess future traffic conditions. It is expected that the planning process and construction of the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension could be built and completed within the next ten years. For the purpose of the traffic assessment, a 2021 horizon year was selected to reflect this potential construction as well as several years of operation. It is acknowledged that 2021 is a very long-term horizon period, and is atypical for an analysis of this nature. Notwithstanding, the year 2021 has been selected to reflect conditions several years after subway construction and to be consistent with the comprehensive Transportation Impact Report prepared for the subway alternatives and evaluations phase of the study.

Future background traffic data for the study area was based on growth in through traffic due to developments outside of the study area (inter-regional through trips).

URS reviewed the existing boundary road network, existing traffic volumes and operations at the study intersections. Based on a review of recent turning movements counts at the study intersections, it was determined that inter-regional through flows have remained relatively static.

It is expected that the traffic volumes in the vicinity of the subject lands would not increase substantially since the existing traffic conditions are generally constrained by the relatively high-volume operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours at the study intersections along Keele Street and Finch Avenue. Since, for the most part, no increase in capacity of the boundary road network is anticipated within the study horizon period, it is expected that there will be minimal increase in future background traffic.

For analysis purpose, an annual growth rate of 0.5% was applied to forecast traffic in both directions for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours to reflect inter-regional through traffic growth within the study period along the arterial network within the study area for the 2021 horizon year. It should be noted that the existing traffic volumes were projected to reflect a common base year of 2005 for the calculation of future background traffic volumes.

The resultant weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour 2021 future background traffic volumes for the Finch West Station are illustrated in Figures 4-1 and 4-2.

4.2. Traffic Assessment

The 2021 future background traffic operations at the study intersections were analyzed on the basis of the future lane configurations and the above noted traffic volumes in Figures 4-1 and 4-2.

Table 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), control delay, and volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) for the study area. Detailed outputs for the future background traffic conditions are in *Appendix C*.

The analyses of future background traffic conditions revealed similar conditions to that determined for existing conditions. In general, there has been a minor degradation in traffic operations due to the increased background traffic growth.

Figure 4-1 – Future Background A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)

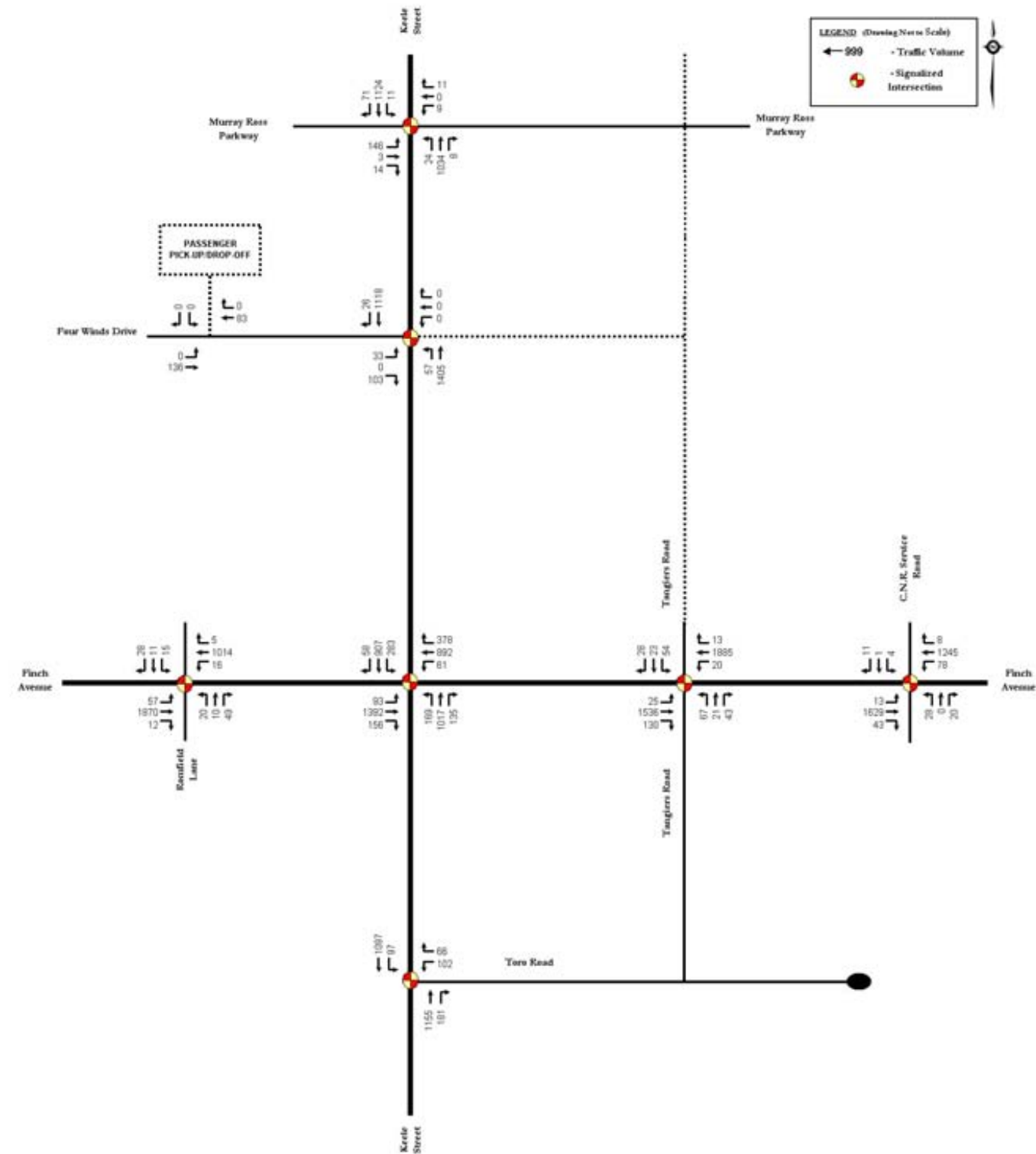
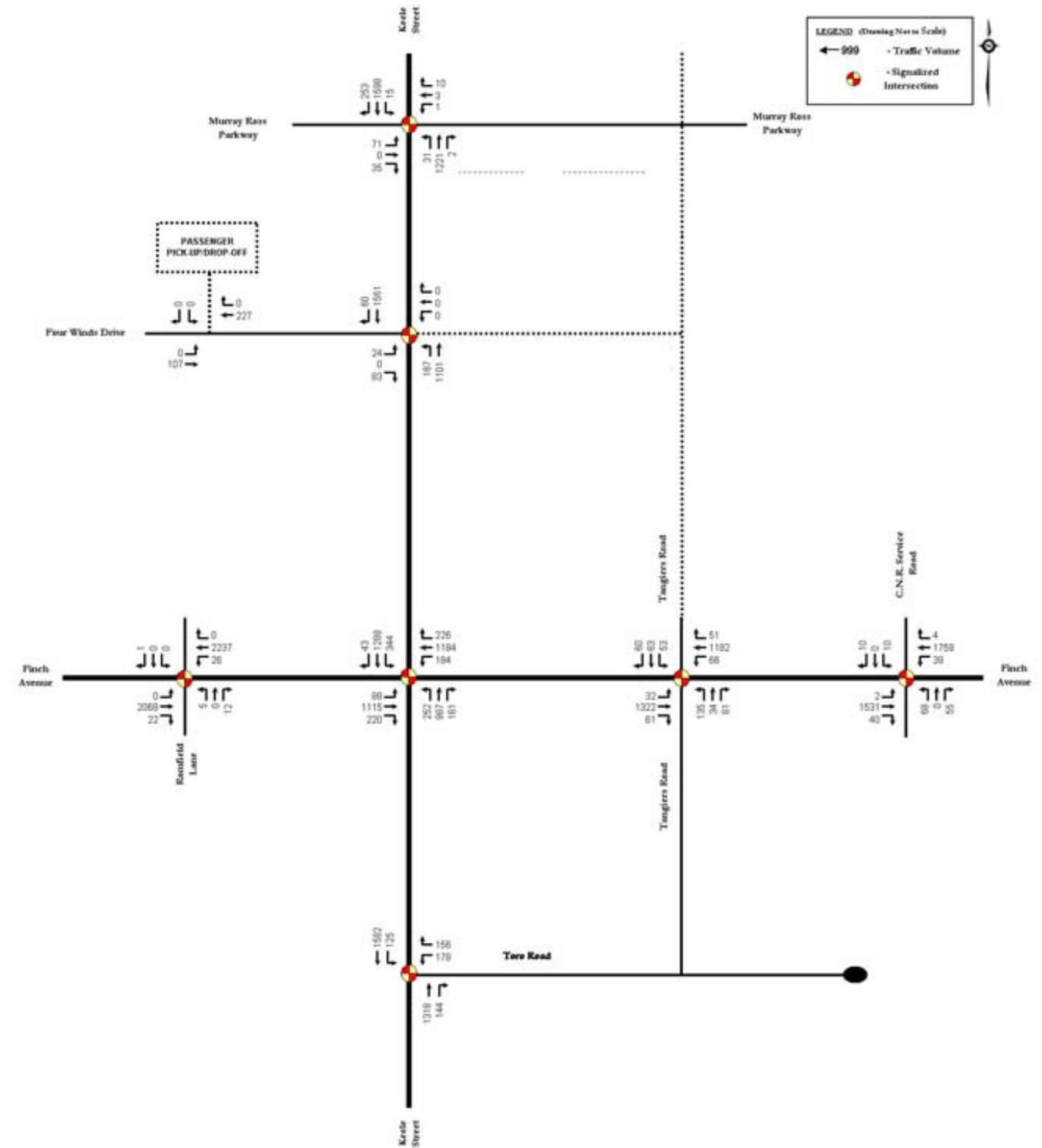


Figure 4-2 – Future Background P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)



5.0 SITE TRAFFIC

5.1. Trip Generation

Trip generation for the Finch West Station was based on the sum of the passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) traffic, commuter parking lot (park'n'ride) traffic and transit traffic.

5.1.1. Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off (PPUDO)

The calculation methodology was provided by TTC in their planning guidelines for passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) facilities, illustrated in Figure 1.3.1 – Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Capacity Requirements. Station usage and ridership information was also provided by TTC. Since the provided information is an a.m. peak hour forecast, the passenger pick-up/drop-off trip generation rate for p.m. peak hour traffic volumes was assumed to be the same as those for a.m. peak hour volumes, however in the opposite direction.

Tables 5-1 and 5-2 show the calculation and resultant traffic volumes associated with passenger pick-up/drop-off facilities for the Finch West Station.

TABLE 5-1. CALCULATION OF VEHICLE TRIPS - FINCH WEST STATION

| Direction of Passengers | No. of Passengers | Passenger PU/DO Ratio | TTC Passengers | On-street PU/DO | Pass:Veh Ratio | No. of Vehicles Arriving |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Pick-up | 425 | 6-9% | 26-38 | 0% | 1.2 | 21-32 |
| Drop-off | 1,200 | 6-9% | 72-108 | 0% | 1.4 | 51-77 |
| | 1,625 | | | | | 73-109 |

It should be noted that the calculation of vehicle trips associated with the passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) facilities were based on PPUDO ratios ranging from 6% to 9% and yielding vehicle trips in the range of 73 to 109 vehicles. For the purpose of this study, the resultant of 105 vehicles arriving and departing was assessed in the traffic analyses.

TABLE 5-2. PASSENGER PICK-UP/DROP-OFF TRIP GENERATION - FINCH WEST STATION

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |

5.1.2. Commuter Parking Lot (Park'n'Ride)

The projected parking demand for the Finch West Station commuter parking lot is 400 stalls. This projection was provided by TTC in their station usage forecast.

It was assumed that 50% of the total park'n'ride commuters arrive and 5% depart during the a.m. peak hour. Since the assumption is an a.m. peak hour projection, the commuter parking trip generation rate for

p.m. peak hour traffic volumes was reversed to reflect the p.m. peak hour traffic volumes associated with the park'n'ride facilities.

Table 5-3 shows the trip generation associated with the commuter parking lot for the Finch West Station.

TABLE 5-3. COMMUTER PARKING ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TRIP RATES -FINCH WEST STATION

| Proposed Parking Stalls | AM Peak Hour | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | 400 | 50% | Arrival at Peak Hour | 5% |
| 200 | | Vehicular Trips | 20 | Vehicular Trips |
| PM Peak Hour | | | | |
| 5% | | Arrival at Peak Hour | 50% | Departure at Peak Hour |
| | 20 | Vehicular Trips | 200 | Vehicular Trips |

TABLE 5-4. COMMUTER PARKING TRIP GENERATION - FINCH WEST STATION

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 200 | 20 | 20 | 200 |

5.1.3. Transit (TTC Buses)

The future projections of the proposed transit routes and headways associated with the Finch West Station were provided by TTC. Since the provided information is an a.m. peak hour forecast, the transit route and frequencies for the p.m. peak hour transit traffic volumes was assumed to be the same as those for the a.m. peak hour.

Tables 5-5 summarizes the future transit routes and frequencies for the Finch West Station. Table 5-6 shows the total transit trip generation associated with the proposed transit facility for the Finch West Station.

TABLE 5-5. TRANSIT ROUTES AND FREQUENCIES

| Finch West Station | Freq. (min) | Buses/Hr/Dir | Buses/Hr |
|---------------------|---|--------------|-----------|
| GO Transit | N/A | - | - |
| York Region Transit | N/A | - | - |
| TTC Transit | 41 Keele | 6 | 10 |
| | 107 Chesswood | 15 | 4 |
| | 36 Finch West (local) ¹ | 5.33 | 11.25 |
| | 36 Finch West (Humberwood) ² | 8 | 7.5 |
| | 36 Finch West C ³ | 16 | 3.75 |
| | 36 Finch West D | 16 | 3.75 |
| | 36 Finch West X ³ | 8 | 7.5 |
| | 36 Finch West E ³ | 8 | 7.5 |
| | Total | | 73 |

¹ Eastbound only

² Westbound only

³ Route terminus

TABLE 5-6. TRANSIT TRIP GENERATION – FINCH WEST STATION

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 |

5.2. Trip Distribution and Assessment

The distribution of site traffic (station-related traffic) was based on a review of the boundary road network, an overview of the surrounding community uses, as well as a review of transit opportunities to identify trip paths and destinations.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic volumes for the Finch West Station are illustrated in Figures 5-1 and 5-2.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour passenger pick-up/drop-off traffic volumes for the Finch West Station are illustrated in Figures A-1 and A-2 of *Appendix D*, respectively.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour commuter parking traffic volumes for the Finch West Station are illustrated in Figures A-3 and A-4 of *Appendix D*, respectively.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour transit traffic volumes for the Finch West Station are illustrated in Figure A-5 of *Appendix D*.

Figure 5-1 – A.M. Peak Hour Site Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)

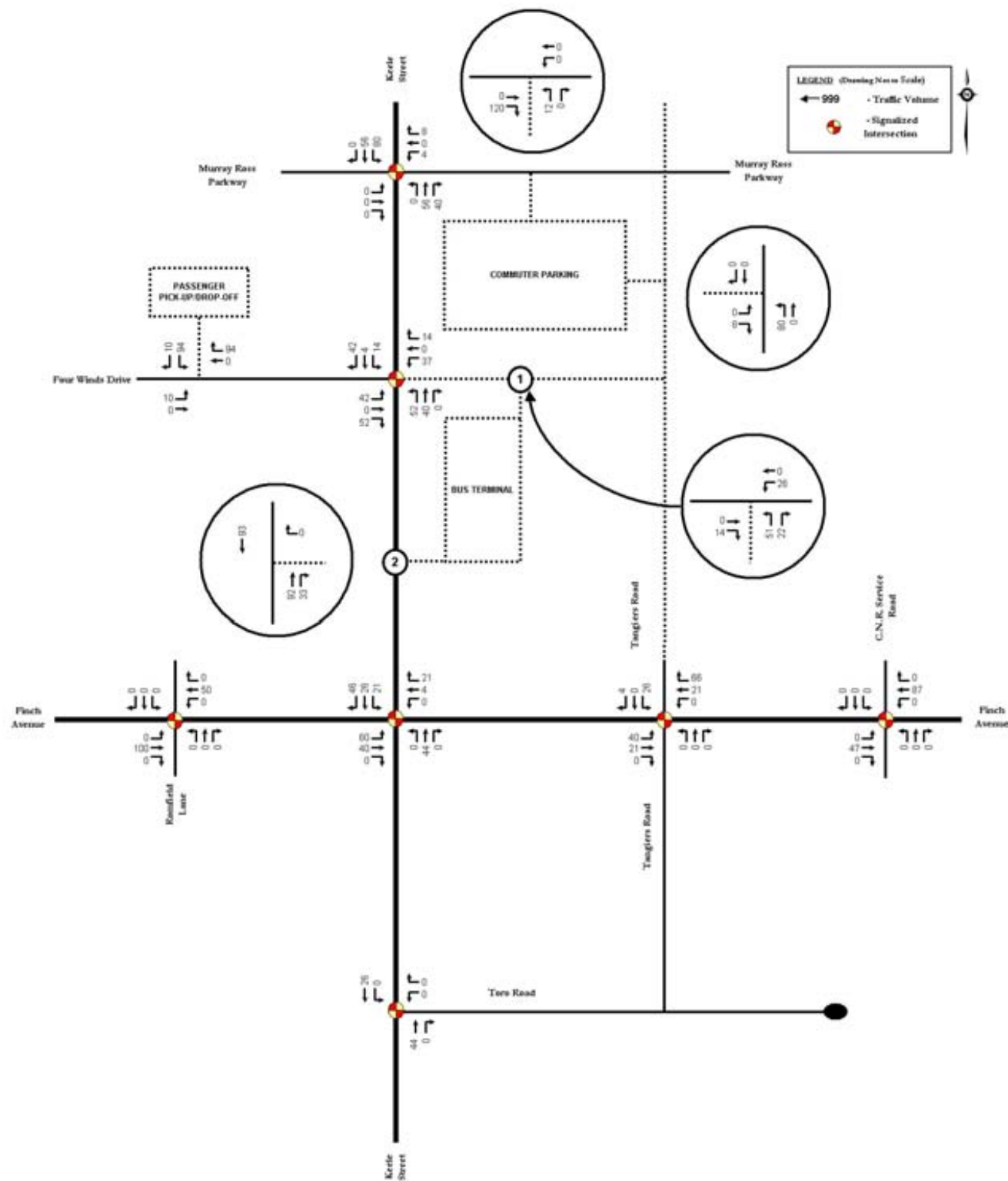
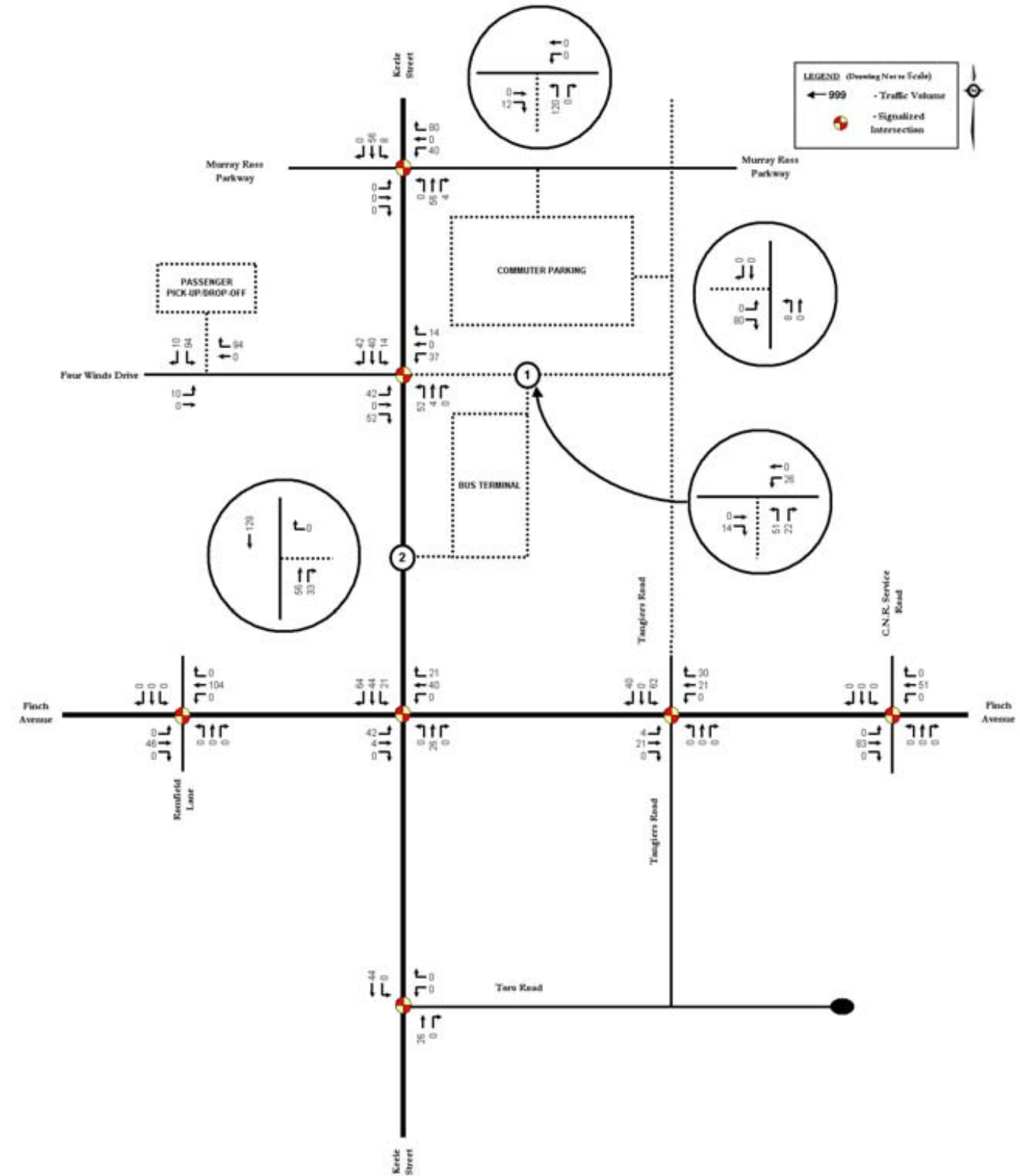


Figure 5-2 – P.M. Peak Hour Site Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)



6.0 FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

6.1 Future Total Traffic

Future total traffic on the boundary road network was based on the sum of the future background traffic and the site traffic for the Finch West Station.

Figures 6-1 and 6-2 illustrate the future total traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours for Finch West Station.

Figure 3-1 illustrates the assumed future lane configurations at the key intersections within the study area for the Finch West Station.

6.2 Traffic Assessment

The future total traffic operations for the proposed station at the study intersections were analyzed on the basis of the assumed future lane configurations and the future total traffic volumes for the peak hours illustrated in Figures 6-1 and 6-2.

Table 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), control delay, and volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) for the study area. Detailed output for the future total traffic conditions for Finch West Station are in Appendix E.

As with existing and future background conditions, the arterials in the study area, notably at the Keele Street / Finch Avenue intersection, continue to operate at/over-capacity with several critical movements. The intersecting collector roads typically operate well, although high through volumes on the arterials (Keele Street and Finch Avenue) result in congested operations at the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive and the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersections. As noted previously, a key element of the future operations is the implementation of several road and intersection improvements that include; the northerly extension of Tangiers Road to Murray Ross Parkway; the easterly extension of Four Winds Drive to Tangiers Road as a transit only facility; and signalization and turn lane improvements at the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive intersection.

TABLE 6-1. FINCH WEST STATION: SUMMARY OF INTERSECTION OPERATIONS – ALL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

| INTERSECTIONS | OVERALL/CRITICAL MOVEMENT | OPERATIONS (LOS, Delay, and V/C Ratio)* | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | EXISTING CONDITIONS | | FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS | | TOTAL FUTURE CONDITIONS | |
| | | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour |
| Keele St @ Murray Ross Pkwy | Intersection | B, 15 s, 0.49 | D, 36 s, 0.83 | B, 16 s, 0.52 | D, 42 s, 0.91 | B, 17 s, 0.68 | D, 52 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | - | SB T: E, 60 s, >1.0 | - | SB T | SB L | WB L SB T |
| Keele St @ Four Winds Dr | Intersection | D, 26 s, 0.45 | F, >120 s, >1.0 | B, 15 s, 0.60 | D, 48 s, >1.0 | B, 18 s, 0.63 | E, 69 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | NB L SB T | - | NB L SB T |
| Keele St @ Finch Ave | Intersection | D, 40 s, 0.96 | E, 69 s, >1.0 | D, 48 s, >1.0 | E, 68 s, >1.0 | E, 60 s, >1.0 | F, 106 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | EB T: D, 39 s, 0.94 WB L: E, 69 s, 0.70 NB T: D, 44 s, 0.92 SB L: E, 74 s, 0.99 | WB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 WB T: D, 48 s, 0.94 NB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 SB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 SB T: E, 76 s, >1.0 | EB T WB L NB T SB L SB T | EB L EB T WB T NB L NB T SB L SB T | EB T WB L NB L NB T SB L | EB T WB L WB T NB L NB T SB L SB T |
| Keele St @ Toro Rd | Intersection | B, 10 s, 0.42 | B, 12 s, 0.60 | B, 15 s, 0.46 | B, 16 s, 0.67 | B, 15 s, 0.48 | B, 16 s, 0.70 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finch Ave @ Romfield Ln | Intersection | C, 22 s, 0.76 | D, 43 s, 0.84 | D, 42 s, 0.83 | F, 87 s, 0.99 | E, 57 s, 0.87 | F, 110 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | EB L: C, 29 s, 0.96 | WB T: E, 68 s, >1.0 | EB T | EB T WB T | EB T | EB T WB T |
| Finch Ave @ Tangiers Rd | Intersection | B, 18 s, 0.66 | B, 14 s, 0.58 | C, 22 s, 0.71 | B, 15 s, 0.62 | C, 23 s, 0.73 | B, 16 s, 0.63 |
| | Critical Movement | WB T: C, 20 s, 0.87 | - | WB T | - | EB L WB T | - |
| Finch Ave @ CNR Service Rd | Intersection | A, 7 s, 0.58 | A, 7 s, 0.60 | B, 17 s, 0.69 | B, 14 s, 0.66 | B, 18 s, 0.74 | B, 15 s, 0.67 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | WB L | - | EB T WB L | - |
| Keele St @ Bus Station Entrance | Intersection | - | - | - | - | A, 10 s | A, 9 s |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | - | - | - |

* At signalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay greater than 55 seconds are defined as critical. At unsignalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay of greater than 35 seconds are defined as critical movements.

** For unsignalized intersection operations, overall intersection level of service is based on the movement with the highest delay and poorest level of service.

6.3 Recommended Improvements

A review of the analyses results indicates that a general deficiency in through movement capacity exists along Keele Street within the study area. This finding is contrary to the City of Toronto's Keele Street Study (2001) which identified that no additional intersection improvements are required at the Keele Street/Finch Avenue intersection to accommodate the future traffic changes associated with the provision of a subway station at this intersection. In accordance with the findings of the EA study, it is recommended that consideration for additional capacity should be given during the design of the Spadina Subway Extension for improvements at this location. A potential remedy to the study roadway network is widening Keele Street from Finch Avenue to Murray Ross Parkway to accommodate three through lanes in each of

the northbound and southbound approaches. It is suggested that the widening begins north of Toro Road at a sufficient design distance south of Finch Avenue to effectively increase northbound through capacity and avoid weaving that may be caused by an immediate southbound lane drop south of the Finch Avenue intersection.

A westbound left turn lane is needed at the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersection to improve the intersection operations. Due to the proximity of the Keele Street intersection and the existence of several driveways along Finch Avenue between the two intersections it is recommended that Finch Avenue be widened from Romfield Lane to Keele Street to accommodate a westbound left turn lane at Romfield Lane that continues as a centre two-way left turn lane to Keele Street. This additional centre lane will facilitate left turns to the school and other uses within this road segment. In addition, it is recommended that the widening of Finch Avenue continue west of Romfield Lane to include an eastbound left turn lane at the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersection which will provide left turn vehicular storage for the school north of Finch Avenue. With the above mentioned recommendations the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersection operations would improve to a Level of Service 'C' during the a.m. and the p.m. peak hours.

It should generally be noted that in reality the Four Winds Drive and the Murray Ross Parkway intersections along Keele Street would operate at better levels than those reflected in this analysis as the signal timing was conservatively assumed to accommodate a side street vehicular call and a pedestrian call every cycle. In reality, it is expected that there will be cycles that do not receive pedestrian or side street vehicular actuation, which would allow for an increase in the available north-south green time, thereby improving the overall intersection operations over the hour.

Detailed output for the supplementary traffic analyses including these geometric improvements for the Finch West Station are included in *Appendix F*.

In summary, the following improvements are recommended to be implemented as part of the Spadina Subway Extension undertaking and the construction of Finch West Station at this location:

- *Extend Tangiers Road northerly to Murray Ross Parkway;*
- *Extend Murray Ross Parkway easterly to Tangiers Road;*
- *Extend Four Winds Drive easterly to Tangiers Road as a transit only facility; and*
- *Signalize the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive intersection and implement turn lane improvements;*

The following additional improvements should be considered during the design of the Spadina Subway Extension and the Finch West Station:

- *The widening of Keele Street to a six-lane cross section from south of Finch Avenue to Murray Ross Parkway;*
- *At the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersection, construct a westbound left turn lane that extends to Keele Street as a continuous left turn lane, in addition to the construction of an eastbound left turn lane;*
- *It is recommended that existing right turn lay-bys / bus-bays at the study intersections along Finch Avenue be upgraded to standard right turn lanes to allow more effective right turn capacity; and*

- *It is recommended that signal timing at the study intersections be monitored in the future to continue to be optimized to accommodate traffic movement in the peak hours. Consideration should also be given to further optimization of traffic signal timing that may be accomplished by harmonizing the cycle lengths and coordinating the traffic signals along Keele Street and Finch Avenue to improve platooning and progression along these corridors.*

Figure 6-1 – Future Total A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)

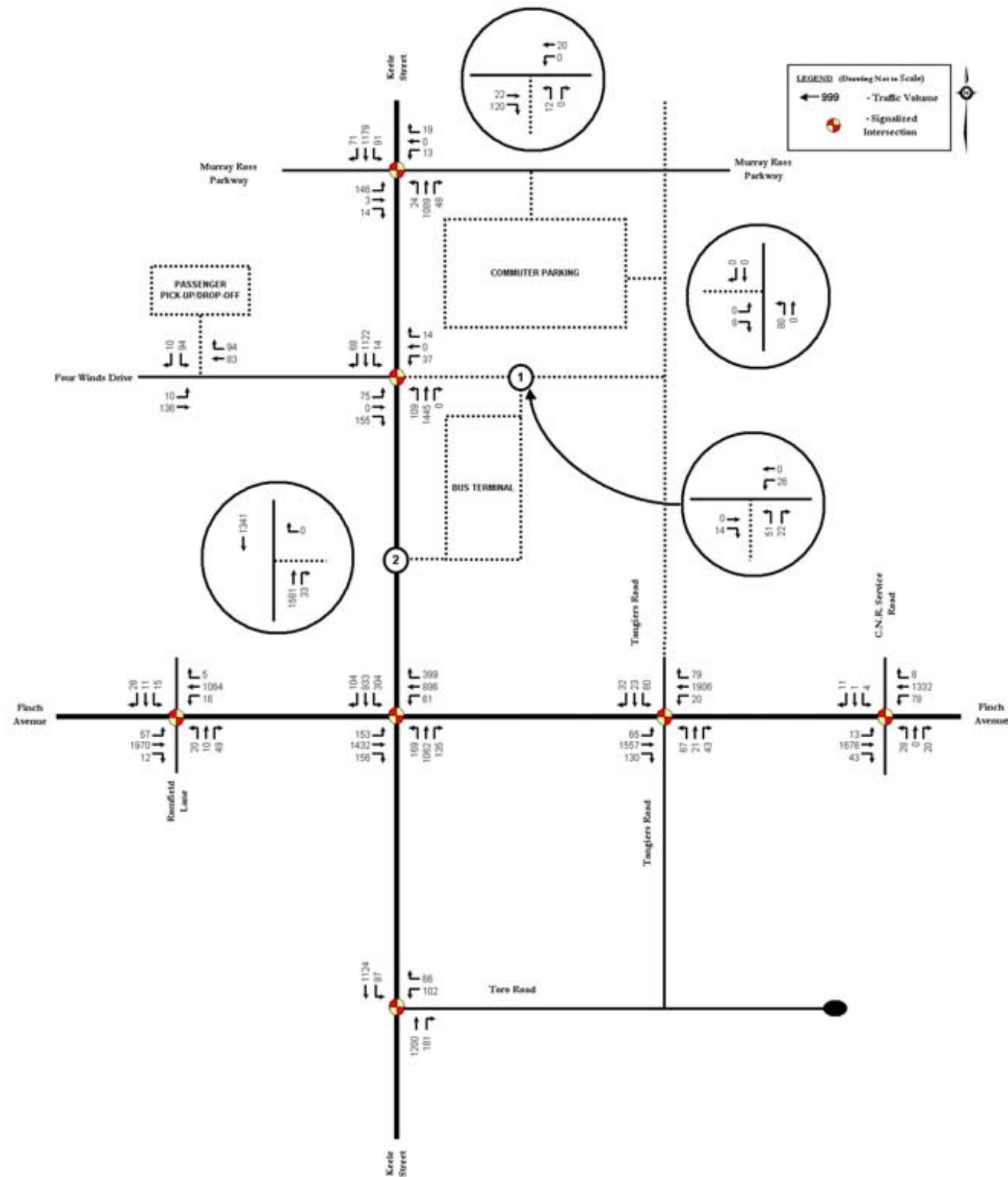
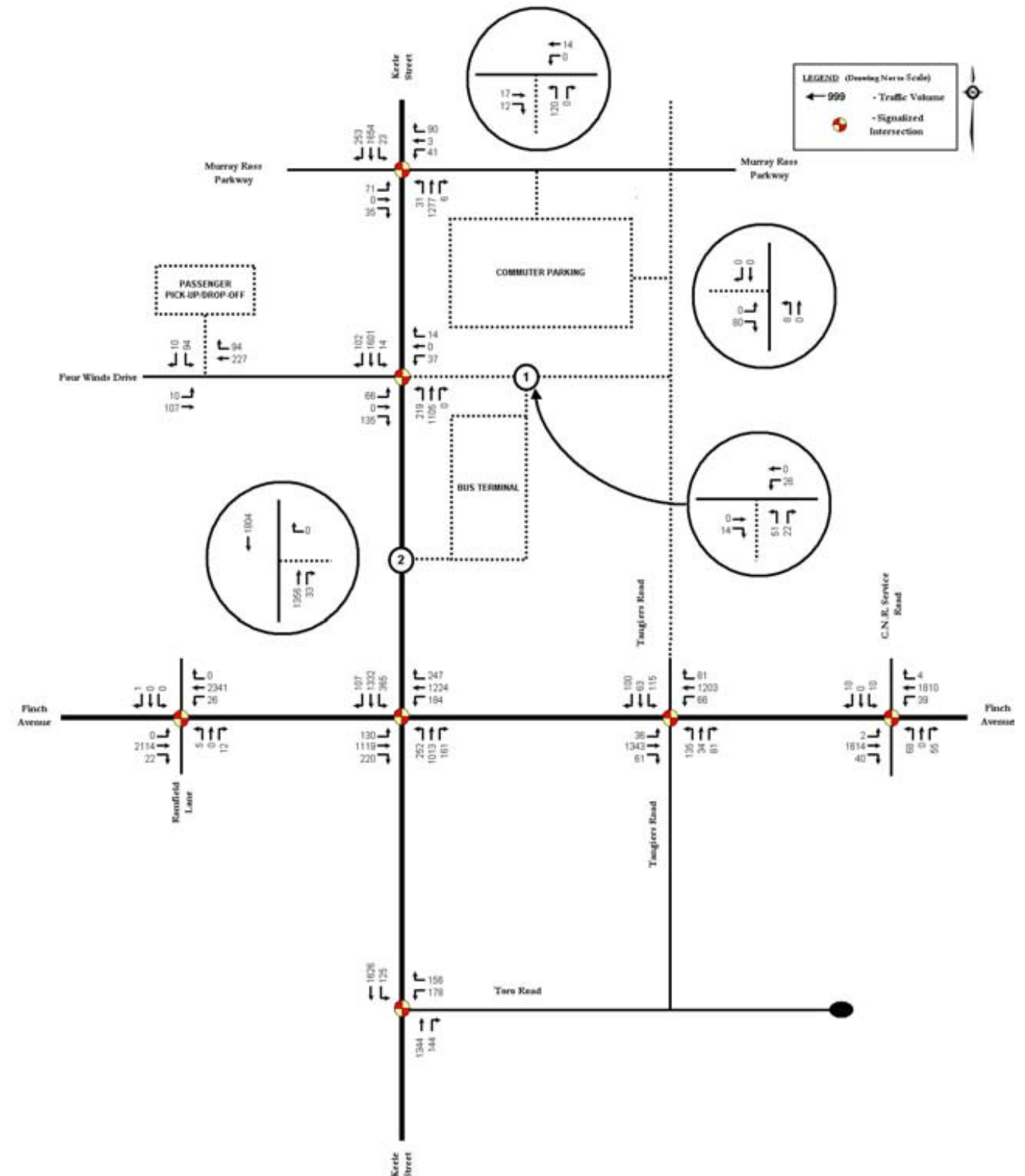


Figure 6-2 – Future Total P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Finch West Station)



7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This Traffic Impact Study has been prepared to document the study methodology, findings and evaluations associated with the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension and the proposed station concept at the Finch West Station.

The analyses of the existing intersection conditions reveal poor overall intersection levels of service at all major arterial-arterial intersections within the Study Area (at-capacity or over-capacity during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours). The analyses of the existing intersection conditions confirm the existing traffic characteristics. Travel patterns by time-of-day show that traffic loading on all of the major arterials is very commuter-oriented. Significant queuing and traffic congestion exists on many of the arterial roads within the Study Area, particularly on Keele Street south of Finch Avenue and Finch Avenue throughout the Study Area.

These congested traffic conditions are significantly contributed to by high inter-regional traffic volumes and are typical conditions on regional arterial systems. The nature of such traffic congestion is mainly associated with the travellers' commuting peak hours during the morning and afternoon peak commuting periods. While congested operations (in terms of delays, queuing, and low reserved capacity) are encountered at the Major Arterial-Major Arterial intersections, acceptable operations at collector-arterial intersections are exhibited, despite relatively high inbound and outbound traffic turning movements at the gateways to significant traffic generators, such as the local industrial employment areas.

The key elements of the improved road network configuration include the northerly extension of Tangiers Road to Murray Ross Parkway, the easterly extension of Murray Ross Parkway to Tangiers Road, the easterly extension of Four Winds Drive to Tangiers Road as a transit only facility, and the signalization and turn lane improvements at the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive intersection. These road and intersection improvements have been identified as a means to provide access to the proposed Finch West Station.

Trip generation for the Finch West Station was based on the sum of the passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) traffic, commuter parking lot (park'n'ride) traffic and transit traffic. The vehicular trip generation associated with the passenger PPUDO facility is expected to result in about 105 inbound and 105 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours. The vehicular trip generation associated with the commuter parking lot is expected to result in about 200 inbound and 200 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. peak hour, and 20 inbound and 200 outbound trips during the p.m. peak hour. The transit trip generation associated with the transit facility is expected to result in about 73 inbound and 73 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours.

Based on a review of the future total analyses results, the arterials in the study area, notably at the Keele Street / Finch Avenue intersection, continue to operate at/over-capacity with several critical movements. The results indicate a general deficiency in through movement capacity exists along Keele Street within the study area. Notwithstanding this finding, the City of Toronto's Keele Street Study (2001) identified that no additional intersection improvements are required at the Keele Street/Finch Avenue intersection to accommodate the future traffic changes associated with the study area for the Keele Street Study, given the provision of a subway station at this intersection with access to all four quadrants and a bus terminal in the northeast quadrant, along with the completion of a north-south collector road on the east side of Keele Street between Finch and Steeles Avenues. However, it is recommended that consideration for additional

capacity should be given during the detailed design stage of the Spadina Subway Extension for improvements at this location.

Since some of the study intersections are projected to continue to operate with critical turning movements, URS undertook some supplementary traffic analyses based on the contemplated road and intersection improvement considerations to identify the impact of these improvements. Based on the result of the supplementary analyses with those additional recommended improvements, if all the recommended improvements were to be implemented, this would result in improved operations in the study area and better findings than those reported in this study.

In summary, the following improvements are recommended to be implemented as part of the Spadina Subway Extension undertaking and the construction of Finch West Station at this location:

- *Extend Tangiers Road northerly to Murray Ross Parkway;*
- *Extend Murray Ross Parkway easterly to Tangiers Road;*
- *Extend Four Winds Drive easterly to Tangiers Road as a transit only facility; and*
- *Signalize the Keele Street / Four Winds Drive intersection and implement turn lane improvements;*

The following additional improvements should be considered during the design of the Spadina Subway Extension and the Finch West Station:

- *The widening of Keele Street to a six-lane cross section from south of Finch Avenue to Murray Ross Parkway;*
- *At the Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane intersection, construct a westbound left turn lane that extends to Keele Street as a continuous left turn lane, in addition to the construction of an eastbound left turn lane;*
- *It is recommended that existing right turn lay-bys / bus-bays at the study intersections along Finch Avenue be upgraded to standard right turn lanes to allow more effective right turn capacity; and*
- *It is recommended that signal timing at the study intersections be monitored in the future to continue to be optimized to accommodate traffic movement in the peak hours. Consideration should also be given to further optimization of traffic signal timing that may be accomplished by harmonizing the cycle lengths and coordinating the traffic signals along Keele Street and Finch Avenue to improve platooning and progression along these corridors.*

APPENDIX A
LEVEL OF SERVICE DEFINITIONS

**LEVEL OF SERVICE
FOR
SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS
(Highway Capacity Manual, 2000)**

The assessment of operations for signalized intersections is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000.

Level of service for signalized intersections is defined in terms of delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort and frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. Specifically, level-of-service (LOS) criteria are stated in terms of the control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period.

LOS A described operations with very low delay, up to 10 seconds per vehicle. This level of service occurs when progression is extremely favourable and most vehicles arrive during the green phase. Most vehicles do not stop at all. Short cycle lengths may also contribute to low delay.

LOS B describes operations with delay greater than 10 and up to 20 seconds per vehicle. This level generally occurs with good progression, short cycle lengths, or both. More vehicles stop than with LOS A, causing higher levels of average delay.

LOS C describes operations with delay greater than 20 and up to 35 seconds per vehicle. These higher delays may result from fair progression, longer cycle lengths, or both. Individual cycle failures may begin to appear at this level. The number of vehicles stopping is significant at this level, though many still pass through the intersection without stopping.

LOS D describes operations with delay greater than 35 and up to 55 seconds per vehicle. At level D, the influence of congestion becomes more noticeable. Longer delays may result from some combination of unfavourable progression, long cycle lengths, or high v/c ratios. Many vehicles stop, and the proportion of vehicles not stopping declines. Individual cycle failures are noticeable.

LOS E describes operations with delay greater than 55 and up to 80 seconds per vehicle. This level is considered by many agencies to be the limit of acceptable delay. These high delay values generally indicate poor progression, long cycle lengths, and high v/c ratios. Individual cycle failures are frequent occurrences.

LOS F describes operations with delay in excess of 80 seconds per vehicle. This level, considered to be unacceptable to most drivers, often occurs with over-saturation, that is, when arrival flow rates exceed the capacity of the intersection. It may also occur at high v/c ratios below 1.0 with many individual cycle failures. Poor progression and long cycle lengths may also be major contributing causes to such delay levels.

| Level of Service | Stopped Delay Per Vehicle (Seconds) |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A | ≤ 10.0 |
| B | > 10.0 and ≤ 20.0 |
| C | > 20.0 and ≤ 35.0 |
| D | > 35.0 and ≤ 55.0 |
| E | > 55.0 and ≤ 80.0 |
| F | > 80.0 |

**LEVEL OF SERVICE
FOR
UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS
(TWO-WAY AND ALL-WAY STOP CONTROL)**

The assessment of operations for unsignalized intersections is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000.

Level of service for two-way stop controlled intersections is defined in terms of delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort and frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. Specifically, level-of-service (LOS) criteria are stated in terms of the average control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period.

| Level of Service | Average Total Delay (Seconds/Vehicle) |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A | ≤ 10 |
| B | > 10 and ≤ 15 |
| C | > 15 and ≤ 25 |
| D | > 25 and ≤ 35 |
| E | > 35 and ≤ 50 |
| F | > 50 |

APPENDIX B
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
EXISTING TRAFFIC

Analyst: NA
 Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
 Date Performed: 5/17/2005
 Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
 Intersection: Keele Street/Four Winds Drive
 City of Toronto
 Units: U. S. Metric
 Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
 Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
 East/West Street: Four Winds Drive
 North/South Street: Keele Street
 Intersection Orientation: NS Study period (hrs): 0.25

| Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------|----|------------|---|------|------|
| Major Street: | Approach | | | Southbound | | | |
| | Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | L | T | R | L | T | R | |
| Volume | 167 | 1019 | | | | 1445 | 60 |
| Peak Hour Factor, PHF | 0.98 | 0.98 | | | | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR | 170 | 1039 | | | | 1474 | 61 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | | -- | | | -- | -- |
| Median Type/Storage | Undivided | | | / | | | |
| RT Channelized? | 1 2 | | | 2 0 | | | |
| Lanes | L T | | | T TR | | | |
| Configuration | Yes | | | Yes | | | |
| Upstream Signal? | Yes | | | Yes | | | |

Analyst: NA
 Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
 Date Performed: 5/17/2005
 Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
 Intersection: Keele Street/Four Winds Drive
 City of Toronto
 Units: U. S. Metric
 Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
 Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
 East/West Street: Four Winds Drive
 North/South Street: Keele Street
 Intersection Orientation: NS Study period (hrs): 0.25

| Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------|----|------------|---|------|------|
| Major Street: | Approach | | | Southbound | | | |
| | Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | L | T | R | L | T | R | |
| Volume | 167 | 1019 | | | | 1445 | 60 |
| Peak Hour Factor, PHF | 0.98 | 0.98 | | | | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR | 170 | 1039 | | | | 1474 | 61 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | | -- | | | -- | -- |
| Median Type/Storage | Undivided | | | / | | | |
| RT Channelized? | 1 2 | | | 2 0 | | | |
| Lanes | L T | | | T TR | | | |
| Configuration | Yes | | | Yes | | | |
| Upstream Signal? | Yes | | | Yes | | | |

Shared In volume, major th vehicles:
 Sat flow rate, major th vehicles:
 Sat flow rate, major rt vehicles:
 Number of major street through lanes:

| Worksheet 4-Critical Gap and Follow-up Time Calculation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---|---|------|---|----|------|----|--|--|--|--|
| Critical Gap Calculation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | | | | |
| | L | L | L | T | R | L | T | R | | | | |
| t(c,base) | 4.1 | | | 7.5 | | | 6.9 | | | | | |
| t(c,hv) | 2.00 | | | 2.00 | | | 2.00 | | | | | |
| P(hv) | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | | | | |
| t(c,g) | 0.20 | | | 0.20 | | | 0.20 | | | | | |
| Grade/100 | 0.00 | | | 0.00 | | | 0.00 | | | | | |
| t(3,lt) | 0.00 | | | 0.70 | | | 0.00 | | | | | |
| t(c,T): 1-stage | 0.00 | | | 0.00 | | | 0.00 | | | | | |
| 2-stage | 0.00 | | | 1.00 | | | 0.00 | | | | | |
| t(c) | 4.1 | | | 6.8 | | | 6.9 | | | | | |
| 2-stage | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Worksheet 7-Computation of the Effect of Two-stage Gap Acceptance | | | |
|---|------|------|------|
| Step 3: TH from Minor St. | 8 | 11 | |
| Part 1 - First Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | |
| Potential Capacity | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | | |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | | |
| Movement Capacity | | | |
| Probability of Queue free St. | | | |
| Part 2 - Second Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | |
| Potential Capacity | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | | |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | | |
| Movement Capacity | | | |
| Part 3 - Single Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | |
| Potential Capacity | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | 0.67 | 0.67 |
| Movement Capacity | | | |
| Result for 2 stage process: | | | |
| a | | | |
| y | | | |
| C t | | | |
| Probability of Queue free St. | 1.00 | 1.00 | |
| Step 4: LT from Minor St. | | | |
| | 7 | 10 | |
| Part 1 - First Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | |
| Potential Capacity | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | | |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | | |
| Movement Capacity | | | |
| Part 2 - Second Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | |
| Potential Capacity | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | | |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | | |
| Movement Capacity | | | |
| Part 3 - Single Stage | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | 2363 |
| Potential Capacity | | | 35 |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | 0.67 | 0.67 |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | 0.74 | 0.74 |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | | 0.67 | 0.67 |
| Movement Capacity | | | 23 |
| Results for Two-stage process: | | | |
| a | | | |
| y | | | |
| C t | | | 23 |

| Worksheet 8-Shared Lane Calculations | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | | | | | | | |
| | L | T | R | L | T | R | | | | | | | |
| Volume (vph) | | | | | | | 24 | 84 | | | | | |
| Movement Capacity (vph) | | | | | | | 23 | 790 | | | | | |
| Shared Lane Capacity (vph) | | | | | | | | 94 | | | | | |

| Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | | | | | | | |
| | L | T | R | L | T | R | | | | | | | |
| C sep | | | | | | | 23 | 790 | | | | | |
| Volume | | | | | | | 24 | 84 | | | | | |
| Delay | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q sep | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q sep +1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| round (Qsep +1) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n max | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C sh | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SUM C sep | | | | | | | | 94 | | | | | |
| n | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C act | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Worksheet 10-Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|---|---|---|---|----|----|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | | | | | |
| | L | | | | | | | LR | | | | | |
| v (vph) | 170 | | | | | | | 108 | | | | | |
| C(m) (vph) | 517 | | | | | | | 94 | | | | | |
| v/c | 0.33 | | | | | | | 1.15 | | | | | |
| 95% queue length | 1.42 | | | | | | | 7.30 | | | | | |
| Control Delay | 15.3 | | | | | | | 221.5 | | | | | |
| LOS | C | | | | | | | F | | | | | |
| Approach Delay | | | | | | | | 221.5 | | | | | |
| Approach LOS | | | | | | | | F | | | | | |

| Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | Movement 2 | Movement 5 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 0.67 | 1.00 | | | | | |
| P(oj) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| v(i1), Volume for stream 2 or 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| v(i2), Volume for stream 3 or 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| s(i1), Saturation flow rate for stream 2 or 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| s(i2), Saturation flow rate for stream 3 or 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P*(oj) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| d(M,LT), Delay for stream 1 or 4 | | | | | | | 15.3 | | | | | |
| N, Number of major street through lanes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| d(rank,1) Delay for stream 2 or 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Step 1: RT from Minor St. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Capacity | 768 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Movement Capacity | 790 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probability of Queue free St. | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Step 2: LT from Major St. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Capacity | 1535 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Movement Capacity | 517 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probability of Queue free St. | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maj L-Shared Prob Q free St. | 0.67 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Step 3: TH from Minor St. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Capacity | 768 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pedestrian Impedance Factor | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt | 0.67 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Movement Capacity | 790 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probability of Queue free St. | 1.00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Step 4: LT from Minor St. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conflicting Flows | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potential Capacity | 2363 | | | | | | | | | | | |

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Finch Avenue / Keele Street
 Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
 Date: 12/9/2004 Jurid: City of Toronto
 Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
 Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
 E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Keele St

| Eastbound | | | | Westbound | | | | Northbound | | | | Southbound | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|----|-----------|------|-----|----|------------|-----|-----|----|------------|------|-----|----|
| L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| 80 | 1017 | 201 | | 168 | 1080 | 206 | | 230 | 900 | 147 | | 314 | 1175 | 39 | |
| 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | |

| | | | |
|-------------------|------|------------|-----------------|
| Duration | 0.25 | Area Type: | All other areas |
| Phase Combination | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| EB Left | P | P | |
| Thru | P | P | |
| Right | P | P | |
| Peds | | | |
| WB Left | P | | SB |
| Thru | P | P | P |
| Right | P | | P |
| Peds | | | |
| NB Right | | | EB |
| SB Right | | | WB |
| Green | 6.0 | 34.0 | |
| Yellow | 3.0 | 4.0 | |
| All Red | 0.0 | 2.0 | |

| Appr/Lane Grp | Lane Group | Capacity | Flow Rate | Adj Sat | Ratio | v/c | g/c | Delay | LOS | Approach | Delay | LOS |
|---------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|----------|-------|-----|
| Eastbound | L | 177 | 1727 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 30.8 | | | C | | | |
| | T | 1474 | 3428 | 0.70 | 0.43 | 26.1 | | | C | | 25.5 | C |
| | R | 658 | 1530 | 0.31 | 0.43 | 20.0 | B | | | | | |

| Eastbound | Westbound | Northbound | Southbound |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| L 177 | L 125 | L 211 | L 203 |
| T 1474 | T 1171 | T 1126 | T 137 |
| R 658 | R 499 | R 508 | R 452 |

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: _____ Fax: _____
 E-Mail: _____
 Analyst: a.liu
 Intersection: URS Canada Inc. / All other areas
 Date Performed: 12/9/2004
 Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
 Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
 Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
 Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
 East/West Street: Finch Avenue
 North/South Street: Keele Street

| Eastbound | | | | Westbound | | | | Northbound | | | | Southbound | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|----|-----------|------|-----|----|------------|-----|-----|----|------------|------|----|----|
| L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL |
| 80 | 1017 | 201 | | 168 | 1080 | 206 | | 230 | 900 | 147 | | 314 | 1175 | 39 | |

| Initial Queue | Flow Rate | No. Lanes | SL | LnCapacity | Flow Ratio | v/c Ratio | Grn Ratio | I Factor | AT or PVT | Pltn Ratio | PF2 | Q1 | kB | Q2 | Q Spacing | Q Storage | Q S Ratio |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|
| Phase Combination | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| EB Left | P | P | | | NB Left | P | P | |
| Thru | P | P | | | Thru | P | P | |
| Right | P | P | | | Right | P | P | |
| Peds | | | | | Peds | | | |

| | | | | |
|---------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Green | 6.0 | 34.0 | 8.0 | 33.0 |
| Yellow | 3.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| All Red | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |

| Volume | Eastbound | | | | Westbound | | | | Northbound | | | | Southbound | | | |
|--------|-----------|------|-----|----|-----------|------|-----|----|------------|-----|-----|----|------------|------|----|----|
| | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL | L | T | R | SL |
| V | 80 | 1017 | 201 | | 168 | 1080 | 206 | | 230 | 900 | 147 | | 314 | 1175 | 39 | |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---|-----------|---|------------|---|------------|---|---|
| Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) | Eastbound | | Westbound | | Northbound | | Southbound | | |
| LG | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |

| Appr/Lane Grp | Lane Group | Capacity | Flow Rate | Adj Sat | Ratio | v/c | g/c | Delay | LOS | Approach | Delay | LOS |
|---------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|----------|-------|-----|
| Eastbound | L | 177 | 1727 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 30.8 | | | C | | | |

| Eastbound | Westbound | Northbound | Southbound |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Prot | Prot | Prot | Prot |
| Perm | Perm | Perm | Perm |
| Left | Left | Left | Left |
| Thru | Thru | Thru | Thru |
| Right | Right | Right | Right |

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 1.60
 Total lost time per cycle, L = 18.00 sec
 Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 1.96

| Appr/Lane Grp | Lane Group | Capacity | Flow Rate | Adj Sat | Ratio | v/c | g/c | Delay | LOS | Approach | Delay | LOS |
|---------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|----------|-------|-----|
| Eastbound | L | 177 | 1727 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 30.8 | | | C | | | |

| Initial Queue | Flow Rate | No. Lanes | SL | LnCapacity | Flow Ratio | v/c Ratio | Grn Ratio | I Factor | AT or PVT | Pltn Ratio | PF2 | Q1 | kB | Q2 | Q Spacing | Q Storage | Q S Ratio |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|
| Phase Combination | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| EB Left | P | P | | | NB Left | P | P | |

| | | | | |
|--------------------|------|---------|------------------|----|
| Intersection Delay | 68.7 | sec/veh | Intersection LOS | E |
| EB | M | WB | NB | SB |
| M | M | M | M | M |

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.108 0.197 0.108 0.108

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multiline approach, see text.
 ** If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
 ** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
 For special case of multiline approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

| Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|
| Input | EB | WB | NB | SB |

Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
 Cycle length, C 100.0 sec
 Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) 43.0
 Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s) 37.0
 Opposing effective green time, go (s) 34.0
 Number of lanes in LT lane group, N 1
 Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLto 0.000
 Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) 1102
 Lost time for LT lane group, tL 6.00
 Computation
 LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600
 Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo 0.952
 Opposing flow, VoLc=Voc/[3600(No)FLUo] (veh/ln/cyc) 16.08
 gF=exp(-a * (LTC ** b)) - tL, gF<=g 0.0
 Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11) 1.00
 Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0] 0.66
 gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8) 31.28
 gu=g-qg if qg>gf, or = g-gf if qg<gf 5.72
 n=Max(qg-gf)/2,0 0.50
 PTHo=1-PLto 1.00
 PL=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)] 1.00
 EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3) 3.85
 EL2=Max(1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0 3.62
 fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g 0.11
 gdiff=max(gg-gf,0) 0.00
 f=gm/[g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00) 0.11
 flt=fm=[gm/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N** 0.11

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multiline approach, see text.
 ** If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
 ** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
 For special case of multiline approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

| Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|
| Permitted Left Turns | EB | WB | NB | SB |

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s) 1.3
 Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h) 171
 Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h) 13.3
 OCCpedg
 Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s) 31.28
 Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gg/gp 0.480
 OCCpedu
 Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) 1102
 OCCr
 Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec 1
 Number of turning lanes, Nturn 2
 ApBT
 Proportion of left turns, PLT 1.00
 Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA 1.00
 Left-turn adjustment, fltpb 0.00
 Permitted Right Turns
 Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s) 1.3
 Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h) 171
 Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h) 57.0
 Vpedg
 OCCpedg
 Effective green, g (s) 5.72
 Vbicg
 OCCbicg
 OCCr
 Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec 1
 Number of turning lanes, Nturn 2
 ApBT
 Proportion right-turns, PRT 1.00
 Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA 1.00
 Right turn adjustment, fltpb 0.00

| Cycle length, C | EBLT | WBLT | NBLT | SBLT |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|
| 100.0 | 82 | 235 | 320 | 314 |

| Initial Dur. | Uniform Delay | Initial Final | Initial Lane |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|

| | | | | |
|--------------------|------|---------|------------------|---|
| Intersection Delay | 68.7 | sec/veh | Intersection LOS | E |
|--------------------|------|---------|------------------|---|

| Eastbound | Westbound | Northbound | Southbound |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|
| Phase Combination | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| EB Left | P | P | | | NB Left | P | P | |

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: a.liu
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Toro Road
Inter.: Keele St / Toro Road
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Year: Existing Conditions
N/S St: Keele St

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes and traffic volumes.

Signal Operations table showing phase combinations and movements for EB, WB, NB, SB directions.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Flow Rate, Delay, and LOS.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet table showing capacity, delay, and LOS for various approaches.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Operational Analysis section header and contact information.

Analyst: a.liu
Intersection: Keele St / Toro Road
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

VOLUME DATA table showing volume data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table showing parameters like initial queue, arrival type, and lost time.

PHASE DATA table showing phase combinations and movements for EB, WB, NB, SB directions.

Green 15.0
Yellow 3.0
All Red 3.0
Cycle Length: 100.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table showing flow rates and saturation factors for different directions.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table showing capacity and LOS for various approaches.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet table showing capacity, delay, and LOS for various approaches.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.37
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.42

Control Delay and LOS Determination table showing control delay and LOS for various approaches.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for exclusive lefts table.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts table.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.266
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.

** If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts table.

Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C = 100.0 sec

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts table.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts table.

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet table.

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet table.

Initial Queue table.

Initial Queue table.

Initial Queue table showing initial queue, arrival type, and lost time for different directions.

No errors to report.

Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Keele St / Toro Road
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension N/S St: Keele St
E/W St: Toro Road

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes (L, T, R) and various traffic metrics like No. Lanes, LGConfig, etc.

Duration 0.25 Area Type: All other areas
Signal Operations table with columns 1-8 for phase combinations and lane configurations.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/c, Delay LOS, etc.

Table showing intersection delay of 11.8 (sec/veh) and LOS = B. Includes signal timing details for Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: a.liu
Intersection: Keele St / Toro Road
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Toro Road
North/South Street: Keele St

VOLUME DATA table showing traffic volumes for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions across various lane types.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and metrics like Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, etc.

PHASE DATA table with columns 1-8 for phase combinations and lane configurations, detailing signal timing and operations.

Green 18.0 70.0
Yellow 3.0 4.0
All Red 3.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 100.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and metrics like Volume Adj, PHF, etc.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and metrics like LG, So, Lanes, etc.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, Delay LOS, etc.

Table showing intersection delay of 11.8 (sec/veh) and LOS = B. Includes signal timing details for Eastbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.53
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)(C)/(C-L) = 0.60

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, Delay LOS, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and metrics like Input, Cycle length, etc.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.194
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table with columns for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table with columns for Effective pedestrian green time, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table with columns for Cycle length, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, etc.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table with columns for Initial Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial Final, etc.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table with columns for Lane Group, Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and metrics like Intersection Delay, etc.

Table showing various traffic metrics like Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, Signal operations, etc. for different directions.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurid: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension N/S St: Tangiers Road
E/W St: Finch Avenue

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, Lanes, Lane Width, and RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns: Phase, Signal, Operations, Delay LOS, etc. Shows signal timing and phase details for all directions.

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane/Grp, Lane Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/c, Delay LOS, Approach.

Table with 6 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, Lane Group, Capacity. Shows detailed lane performance metrics.

Intersection Delay = 17.9 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: a.liu
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Finch Avenue North/South Street: Tangiers Road

VOLUME DATA table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, etc.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., etc.

PHASE DATA table with 8 columns: Phase, Signal, Operations, Delay LOS, etc. Shows phase and signal details.

Green 54.0 24.0 4.0
Yellow 4.0 4.0 4.0
All Red 2.0 2.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, V, fPH, etc.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes, etc.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane/Grp, Lane Capacity, Flow Rate, Adj Sat, etc.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.57
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.66

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with 9 columns: Lane, Del, Adj, Grp, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, Approach. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Intersection Delay = 17.9 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Table with 6 columns: M, WB, NB, M, SB, M. Rows include Input, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, etc.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.074 0.115 0.721 0.713

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, fLT=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Table with 6 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB, M, M. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, fLT=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 6 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB, M, M. Rows include Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 6 columns: EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT, M, M. Rows include Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, etc.

Table with 12 columns: Flow Rate, No. Lanes, LncCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, etc. Rows include Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, etc.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: a.liu Inter: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street North/South Street
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Tangiers Road

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound, showing lane counts, flow rates, and saturation flow rates.

Phase Combination table showing details for various phase configurations including EB Left, Thru, Right, WB Left, Thru, Right, and NB/SB Right.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Flow Rate, Delay, and LOS.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet table showing detailed performance metrics for each approach and lane group.

Intersection Delay = 14.2 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS section providing contact information and analysis details.

VOLUME DATA table showing detailed volume counts for all approach and lane combinations.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table detailing traffic control settings like cycle length, split ratios, and offset.

PHASE DATA table showing phasing and timing for each phase combination.

PHASE DATA table (continued) showing detailed phasing and timing parameters.

Summary table for Green, Yellow, and All Red times for each direction.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table providing saturation flow rates and adjustments.

Saturation Flow Rate table detailing factors like lane width, grade, and intersection geometry.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table showing capacity and LOS for each lane group.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet table (continued) showing detailed capacity and LOS analysis.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.51

Control Delay and LOS Determination table showing delay and LOS for each lane group.

Intersection Delay = 14.2 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for exclusive lefts.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet table (continued) showing detailed parameters.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table (continued) showing detailed parameters.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.201 0.164 0.670 0.676
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts.

Table showing input parameters for the supplemental permitted lefts worksheet.

Supplemental Permitted Left Turns section detailing effective pedestrian green time, conflicting pedestrian volume, and other parameters.

Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet section detailing traffic volume and other effects.

Table showing input parameters for the supplemental uniform delay worksheet.

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet section detailing cycle length and other uniform delay parameters.

Initial Queue, Flow Rate, and No. Lanes section detailing queue and lane information.

Table showing detailed input parameters for the delay/LOS worksheet.

Delay/LOS Worksheet with Initial Queue section detailing delay and LOS for each approach.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table showing detailed queue and delay parameters.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

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Table showing detailed parameters for the back of queue worksheet.

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Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: a.liu
Inter: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: CNR Service Rd
SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY
Eastbound Westbound Northbound Southbound
Phase Combination 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
EB Left P P P NB Left A Thru A Right A Peds A
WB Left P SB Left A Thru A Right A Peds A
Green 6.0 61.0 Yellow 3.0 4.0 All Red 0.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs
Intersection Performance Summary
Appr/ Lane Grp Capacity Flow Rate Adj Sat v/c g/c Delay LOS
Eastbound L 210 1015 0.06 0.78 4.1 A 5.4 A
TR 2536 3261 0.62 0.78 5.4 A 5.4 A
Westbound L 199 293 0.40 0.68 12.4 B 8.4 A
TR 2220 3275 0.53 0.68 8.2 A 8.4 A
Northbound L 122 1370 0.24 0.09 39.2 D 38.9 D
TR 130 1468 0.15 0.09 38.4 D 38.9 D
Southbound L 80 707 0.05 0.09 37.8 D 38.5 D
TR 80 898 0.15 0.09 38.7 D 38.5 D
Intersection Delay = 7.4 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = A

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: a.liu
Inter: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Finch Avenue North/South Street: CNR Service Rd

VOLUME DATA
Eastbound Westbound Northbound Southbound
Volume L T R L T R L T R L T R
% Heavy Veh 77 10 7 3 10 63 4 0 10 100 0 90
PK 15 Vol 4 379 11 20 290 2 0 7 5 1 1 3
Hi Ln Vol 1 0 0 0 0 0
% Grade 1900 1900 1900 1900
Ideal Sat 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
L/C Config 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6
RTOR Vol 13 1560 80 1167 29 20 4 12 0
Adj Flow 13 1560 80 1167 29 20 4 12 0
Prop LTs 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000
Prop RTs 0.028 0.007 0 0 0 0 0.917 0
Peds Bikes 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Buses 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Area Type: All other areas

OPERATING PARAMETERS
Phase Combination 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
EB Left P P P NB Left A Thru A Right A Peds A
WB Left P SB Left A Thru A Right A Peds A
Green 6.0 61.0 Yellow 3.0 4.0 All Red 0.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

Existing Traffic Conditions
Green 6.0 61.0 Yellow 3.0 4.0 All Red 0.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs
VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET
Eastbound Westbound Northbound Southbound
Volume V 13 1486 43 78 1136 8 28 0 20 4 1 11
PHF 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.98
Adj Flow 13 1516 44 80 1159 8 29 0 20 4 1 11
No. Lanes 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
Lane group L TR L TR L TR L TR
Adj flow 13 1560 80 1167 29 20 4 12 0 0 0 0
Prop LTs 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000 1.000 0.000
Prop RTs 0.028 0.007 1.000 0.917

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)
LG L TR L TR L TR L TR
So 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900
Lanes 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
fW 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fHV 0.565 0.910 0.971 0.906 0.962 0.909 0.500 0.548
fg 0.995 0.995 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fP 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fFB 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fA 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fLU 1.000 0.952 1.000 0.952 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fRT 0.996 0.999 0.850 0.863
fLT 0.950 1.000 0.159 1.000 0.750 1.000 0.744 1.000
Sec. 0.186
flpb 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
fRpb 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000
Sec. 1015 3261 293 3275 1370 1468 707 898

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Appr/ Lane Grp Capacity Flow Rate Adj Sat v/c g/c Delay LOS
Eastbound L 210 1015 0.06 0.78 4.1 A 5.4 A
TR 2536 3261 0.62 0.78 5.4 A 5.4 A
Westbound L 199 293 0.40 0.68 12.4 B 8.4 A
TR 2220 3275 0.53 0.68 8.2 A 8.4 A
Northbound L 122 1370 0.24 0.09 39.2 D 38.9 D
TR 130 1468 0.15 0.09 38.4 D 38.9 D
Southbound L 80 707 0.05 0.09 37.8 D 38.5 D
TR 80 898 0.15 0.09 38.7 D 38.5 D
Intersection Delay = 7.4 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = A

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Input
Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) 70.0
Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s) 64.0
Opposing effective green time, go (s) 61.0
Number of lanes in LT lane group, N 1
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No 2
Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h) 13
Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT 1.000
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO 0.000
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) 1167
Lost time for LT lane group, tL 6.00
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLTC/3600 0.33
Opposing lane util. factor, fLU 0.952
Opposing flow, VoLC=VoC/[3600(No)fLU] (veh/ln/cyc) 15.32
gfg=exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1, gfg=0.00
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11) 1.00
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0] 0.32
gq (see Exhibit Cl6-4,5,6,7,8) 14.97
gq-gg if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf 49.03
n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0 7.49
PHo=1-PLTo 1.00
PL*=[1+(N-1)g]/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)] 1.00
EL1 (refer to Exhibit Cl6-3) 4.11
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0) 6.06
fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g 0.06
gdiff=Max(gq-gf,0) 0.00
fmin=[gfg/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00) 0.19
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N** 0.19

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
EB WB NB SB
M M M M
Initial Dur. 7.4
Uniform Delay 7.4
Initial Final 7.4
Queue 0.07
Umet Demand Unadj. Adj. Param. Demand Delay Group
Q veh t hrs. ds dl sec u Q veh d3 sec d sec

DELTA/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE
Eastbound
Westbound
Northbound
Southbound
Intersection Delay 7.4 sec/veh Intersection LOS A
BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET
Eastbound Westbound Northbound Southbound
LaneGroup L T R L T R L T R L T R

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

Existing Traffic Conditions
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.186 0.159 0.750 0.744
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gfg>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET
Permitted Left Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET
Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v 13
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X 0.06
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s) 6.0
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq 14.97
Unopposed green interval, gu 49.03
Red time r=(C-g-gq) 20.0
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])) 0.00
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600 0.282
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600) 0.07
XPerm 0.07
XProt 0.06
Case 1
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa 0.07
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu 0.05
Residual queue, Qr 0.00
Uniform Delay, dl 3.6

DELTA/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE
Initial Dur. 7.4
Uniform Delay 7.4
Initial Final 7.4
Queue 0.07
Umet Demand Unadj. Adj. Param. Demand Delay Group
Q veh t hrs. ds dl sec u Q veh d3 sec d sec

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET
Eastbound Westbound Northbound Southbound
LaneGroup L T R L T R L T R L T R

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
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Opposing green, g (s)
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Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

INITIAL QUEUE
Flow Rate 13 819 80 612 29 20 4 12 1900 1900 1900 1900
No.Lanes 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
SL 269 1712 293 1720 1370 1468 707 898
LnCapacity 210 1331 199 1165 122 130 80 80
Flow Ratio 0.05 0.48 0.27 0.36 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01
v/c Ratio 0.06 0.62 0.40 0.53 0.24 0.15 0.05 0.15
Grn Ratio 0.78 0.78 0.68 0.68 0.09 0.09 0.09 0.09
I Factor 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
AT or PVG 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Pltn Ratio 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
PF2 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
Q1 0.1 8.7 0.9 7.7 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.3
kB 0.4 1.4 0.4 1.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2
Q2 0.0 2.2 0.2 1.4 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0
Q Average 0.1 10.9 1.1 9.0 0.7 0.5 0.1 0.3
Q Spacing 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6
Q Storage 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Q S Ratio 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2
70th Percentile Output: fB8 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.1 0.9 0.6 0.1 0.4
BOQ 0.1 13.2 1.9 13.1 1.2 0.8 0.2 0.5
85th Percentile Output: fB8 1.6 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6
BOQ 1.7 1.4 1.9 13.1 1.2 0.8 0.2 0.5
90th Percentile Output: fB8 1.9 1.6 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8
BOQ 2.1 16.9 2.1 14.3 1.3 0.9 0.2 0.5
95th Percentile Output: fB8 2.6 1.7 2.4 1.8 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1
BOQ 0.3 18.7 2.7 15.9 1.5 1.0 0.2 0.6
OSRatio 2.9 1.9 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7
fB8 3.2 1.9 2.9 1.9 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7
BOQ 0.3 20.4 3.3 17.6 1.9 1.3 0.3 0.8
OSRatio

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
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Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
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Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
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Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

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Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCBicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fRpb

APPENDIX C
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Keele St / Murray Ross Pkwy
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour
Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Murray Ross Pkwy
N/S St: Keele St

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound, showing traffic volume and RTOR values.

Phase Combination table showing signal timing for EB, WB, and NB directions, including phase numbers and durations.

Intersection Performance Summary table showing delay, LOS, and capacity for various lane groups and approaches.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Keele St / Murray Ross Pkwy
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Murray Ross Pkwy
North/South Street: Keele St

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS table showing traffic volume, grade, and ideal saturation for different approaches.

VOLUME DATA table providing detailed traffic volume and RTOR for each approach and lane group.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table detailing cycle length, green times, and other timing parameters for each phase.

PHASE DATA table showing signal timing and phase combinations for all four directions.

Finch West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

SB Right
WB Right
Green 28.0 49.0
Yellow 4.0 4.0
All Red 3.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table showing volume adjustment factors for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

Saturation Flow Rate table detailing flow rates for various lane groups and approaches.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Capacity Analysis table showing capacity and lane group capacity for different approaches.

Table showing control delay and LOS determination for various approaches and lane groups.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.45
Total lost time per cycle, L = 13.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.52

Control Delay and LOS Determination table showing delay factors and LOS for each approach.

Table showing intersection delay and LOS for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

Intersection Delay = 16.0 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table showing supplemental permitted left turn adjustments for exclusive lefts.

Table showing supplemental permitted left turn adjustments for shared lefts.

PL*=PLT+(1-(N-1)/g)*(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdiff=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL(EL1-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL(EL1-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL(EL2-1)), (fmin=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.750 0.756 0.174 0.201

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for shared lefts

Input
Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s)
Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)
Opposing effective green time, go (s)
Opposing flow, Volc=VOC/[3600(NofLU)] (veh/ln/cyc)
Number of lanes in LT lane group, N
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No
Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h)
Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, tL
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600
Opposing lane util. factor, FLUO
Opposing flow, Volc=VOC/[3600(NofLU)] (veh/ln/cyc)
g=GLEXP(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C), 0]
qg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gu=g-gf if gg>gf, or = g-gf if gg<gf
n=Max(gg-gf/2, 0)
PTho=1-PLTo
PL*=PLT+(1-(N-1)/g)*(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdiff=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL(EL1-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL(EL1-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL(EL2-1)), (fmin=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Permitted Left Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
OCcpedg
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
OCcpedu
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
OCcr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApbT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
OCcpedg
Effective green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCcbicy
OCcr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApbT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, flrpb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0]))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
XProt
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qr
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table showing delay and LOS for Eastbound, Westbound, and Northbound approaches.

Southbound

Table showing intersection delay and LOS for Southbound intersection.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Romfield Lane

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and sub-columns for L, T, R lanes.

Signal Operations table showing Phase Combination 1-8 with corresponding lane configurations (Left, Thru, Right, Peds).

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/C, Delay, LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: Finch Avenue Romfield Lane

VOLUME DATA table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and sub-columns for L, T, R lanes.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and sub-columns for L, T, R lanes.

PHASE DATA table showing Phase Combination 1-8 with corresponding lane configurations.

Finch West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

Table showing Green, Yellow, All Red times for SB Right and WB Right.

Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table with columns for Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop RTs, Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with columns for LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fFB, fa, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table with columns for Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity.

Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Flow Rate, Adj Sat, Flow Ratio, Green Ratio, Lane Group Capacity, v/c.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.72
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.83

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Unf Del, Prog Del, Lane Factor, Incremental Del, Res Del, Lane Group Delay, Approach Delay.

Intersection Delay = 41.9 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = D

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB.

PL=PLT*(1+(N-1)/g*(gf+gu/ELI+4.24))
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g
gdiff=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL*(EL2-1)), (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91*(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.740 0.718

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB.

Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) 57.0 57.0
Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s) 57.0 57.0
Opposing effective green time, go (s) 57.0 57.0
Number of lanes in LT lane group, N 2 2
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No 2 2
Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h) 58 16
Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT 0.030 0.015 0.000 0.000
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO 0.02 0.03
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) 1051 1966
Lost time for LT lane group, tL 6.00 6.00
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600 1.45 0.40
Opposing lane util. factor, fLUO 0.952 0.952 1.000 1.000
Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600*(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc) 13.80 25.81
gf=G/exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11) 1.00 1.00
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C), 0] 0.37 0.37
gq (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8) 8.60 38.40
gu=g-q if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gq-gf)/2, 0 0.00 4.16
PTHo=1-PLTo 0.98 0.97
PL=PLT*(1+(N-1)/g*(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)) 0.09 0.04
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3) 4.12 10.24
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0) 1.00 3.97
fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g 0.04 0.04
gdiff=max(gg-gf, 0) 0.00 8.32
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00) 0.82 0.77
flt=fm*(gf/g)+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL*(EL2-1)), (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm+0.91*(N-1)]/N** 0.867 0.839
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.867 0.839

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table with columns for Permitted Left Turns, EB, WB, NB, SB.

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, fltpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Vbicg
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, fltrp

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table with columns for Cycle length, C, EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT.

Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*(max[X,1.0]))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
XProt
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qr
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table with columns for Appr/Unmet, Unmet, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane Demand, Unmet Demand, Queue Demand, Lane Delay, Unmet Delay, Group Delay.

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound and sub-columns for L, T, R lanes.

Table with columns for Intersection Delay, Intersection LOS, D.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table with columns for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, Lncapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, RB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio.

Table with columns for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, Lncapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, RB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio.

ERROR MESSAGES table with columns for Error Message.

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension N/S St: Tangiers Road
E/W St: Finch Avenue

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LG Config, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns: Phase, Combination, Lane, Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/C, Delay, LOS.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Lane, Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/C, Delay, LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Intersection: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004 Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension North/South Street
Finch Avenue Tangiers Road

VOLUME DATA table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, Park/Exist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LG Config, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop Rts, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA

Table with 8 columns: Phase, Combination, Lane, Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/C, Delay, LOS.

Finch West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

SB Right WB Right
Green 54.0 24.0
Yellow 4.0 4.0
All Red 2.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Volume, V, PPH, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane Group, Adj flow, Prop LTs, Prop Rts.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Saturation Flow Rate, LG, Sp, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fFB, fa, fLU, fRT, fLT.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Capacity Analysis, Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Group Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, --Lane Group-- Capacity, v/c, Ratio.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Perm, Prot, Left, Thru, Right, Thru, Right, Perm, Prot, Left, Thru, Right, Perm, Prot, Left, Thru, Right.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.62
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.71

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Group Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, --Lane Group-- Capacity, v/c, Ratio.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

PL=PLT*(1+(N-1)/g)/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)] 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3) 8.86 6.15 1.37 1.40
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts

Input
Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s)
Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)
Opposing effective green time, go (s)
Number of lanes in LT lane group, N
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet

Permitted Left Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
OCcr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, fltpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
OCcpedg
Effective green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCcbicy
OCcr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, frpb

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet

Cycle length, C 90.0 sec
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*(max(X,1.0)))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
XProt
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qt
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Demand, Unmet Demand, Unadj. Adj., Queue, Unmet Queue, Demand Queue, Delay, d3, d sec.

Southbound
Intersection Delay 21.7 sec/veh Intersection LOS C

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Lane Group, L, T, R, L, T, R, L, T, R, L, T, R, L, T, R, L, T, R.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Tangiers Road

Table containing intersection summary data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions, including volume, delay, and LOS metrics.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Road

VOLUME DATA table showing traffic volumes for various approaches and lane groups.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table detailing traffic control parameters like cycle length and phasing.

Finch West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

Table with traffic signal timing for SB Right and WB Right, showing Green, Yellow, and All Red phases.

Cycle Length: 100.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table detailing lane group flows and adjustments.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table showing capacity analysis and LOS for each approach.

Table showing flow ratios for critical lane groups and total lost time per cycle.

Control Delay and LOS Determination table providing detailed delay calculations for each lane group.

Intersection Delay = 14.7 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts, detailing permitted left-turn parameters.

Table with parameters for permitted left turns, including PTHo and PLT values.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with input parameters for permitted left turns, including EB, WB, NB, and SB values.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with input parameters for pedestrian and bicycle effects, including EB, WB, NB, and SB values.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with input parameters for uniform delay calculations, including EB, WB, NB, and SB values.

Table with parameters for delay/LOS calculations, including initial and final queue parameters.

Table with intersection delay and LOS B for Southbound, Eastbound, Westbound, and Northbound directions.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour
Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: CNR Service Rd

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY
Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes and traffic volumes.

Signal Operations
Table showing phase combinations and signal operations for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

Intersection Performance Summary
Table with columns for Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay, and LOS.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet
Table showing capacity analysis for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: CNR Service Rd
East/West Street: Finch Avenue

VOLUME DATA
Table showing volume data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

OPERATING PARAMETERS
Table showing operating parameters for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

PHASE DATA
Table showing phase data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

PHASE DATA
Table showing phase data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

PHASE DATA
Table showing phase data for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Finch West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

Table showing traffic conditions for SB Right and WB Right lanes.

Cycle Length: 100.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET
Table showing volume adjustment and saturation flow for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)
Table showing saturation flow rates for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Table showing capacity and LOS for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity
Table showing capacity analysis for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.58
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.66

Control Delay and LOS Determination
Table showing control delay and LOS determination for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Intersection Delay = 14.1 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table showing supplemental permitted left turn conditions for exclusive lefts.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table showing supplemental permitted left turn conditions for shared lefts.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table showing supplemental permitted left turn conditions for shared lefts.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET
Table showing supplemental pedestrian and bicycle effects for permitted left turns.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET
Table showing supplemental uniform delay for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

Table showing traffic conditions for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

Figure A-1 – A.M. Peak Hour Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Traffic Volumes

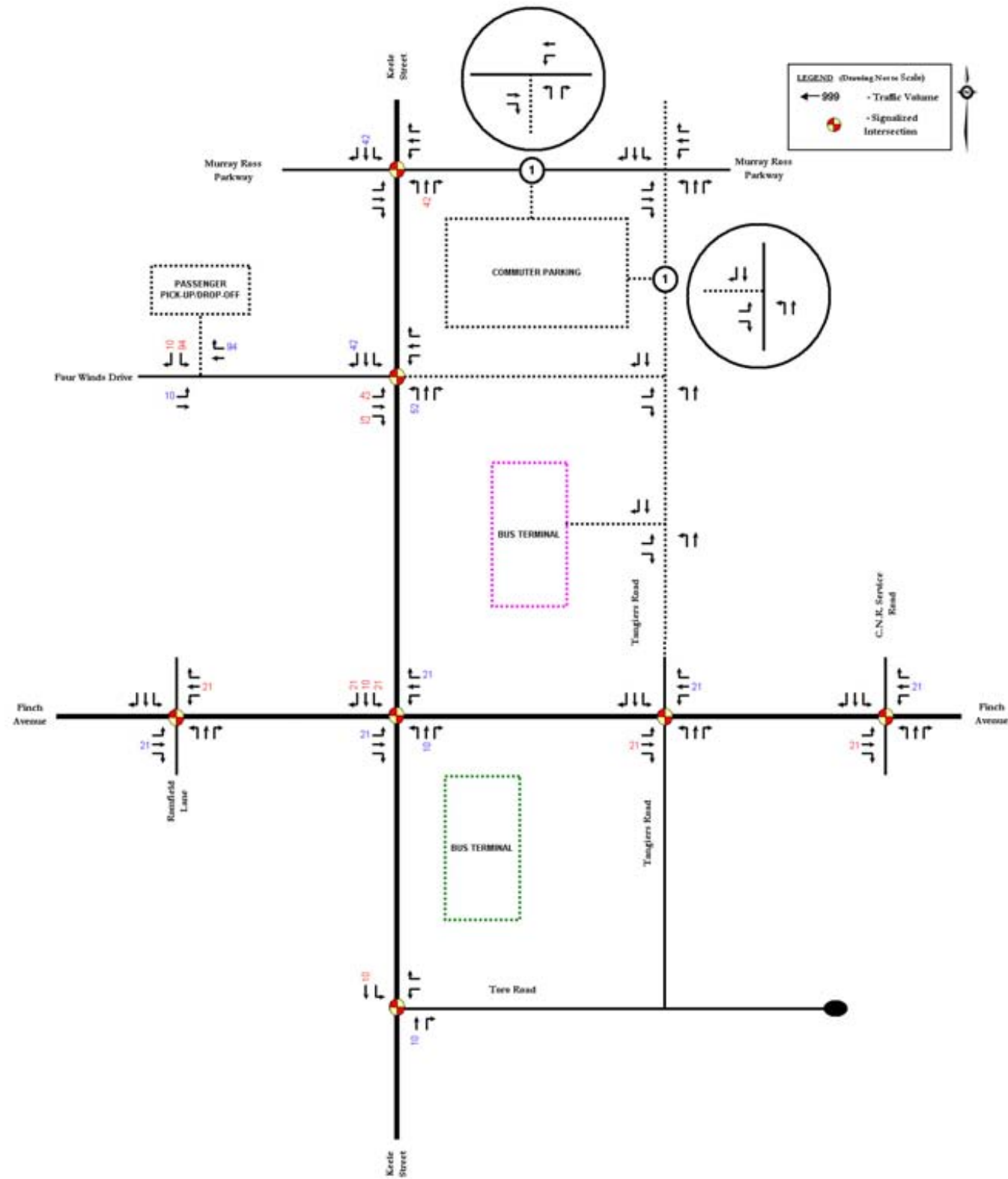


Figure A-2 – P.M. Peak Hour Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Traffic Volumes

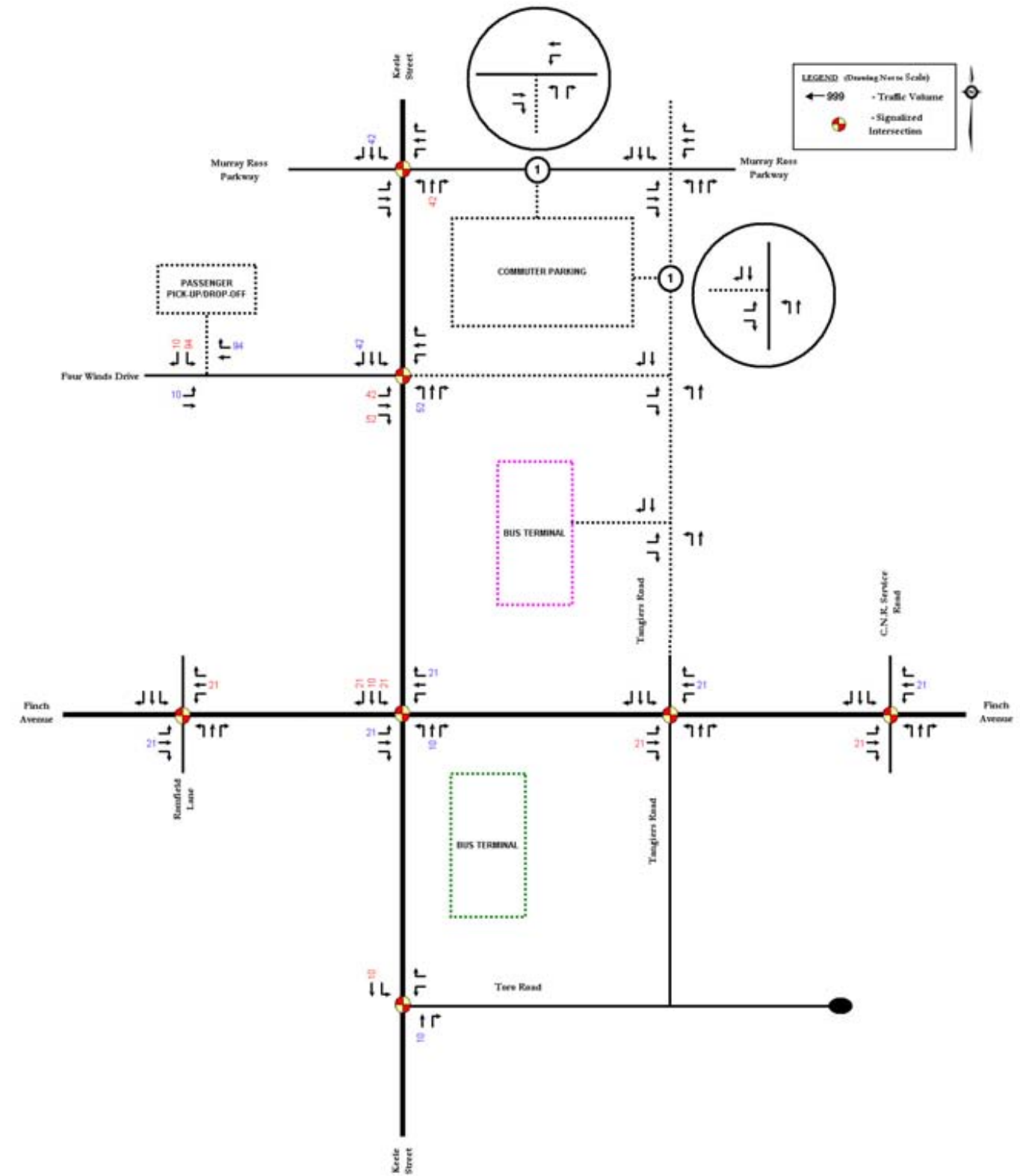


Figure A-3 – A.M. Peak Hour Commuter Parking Traffic Volumes

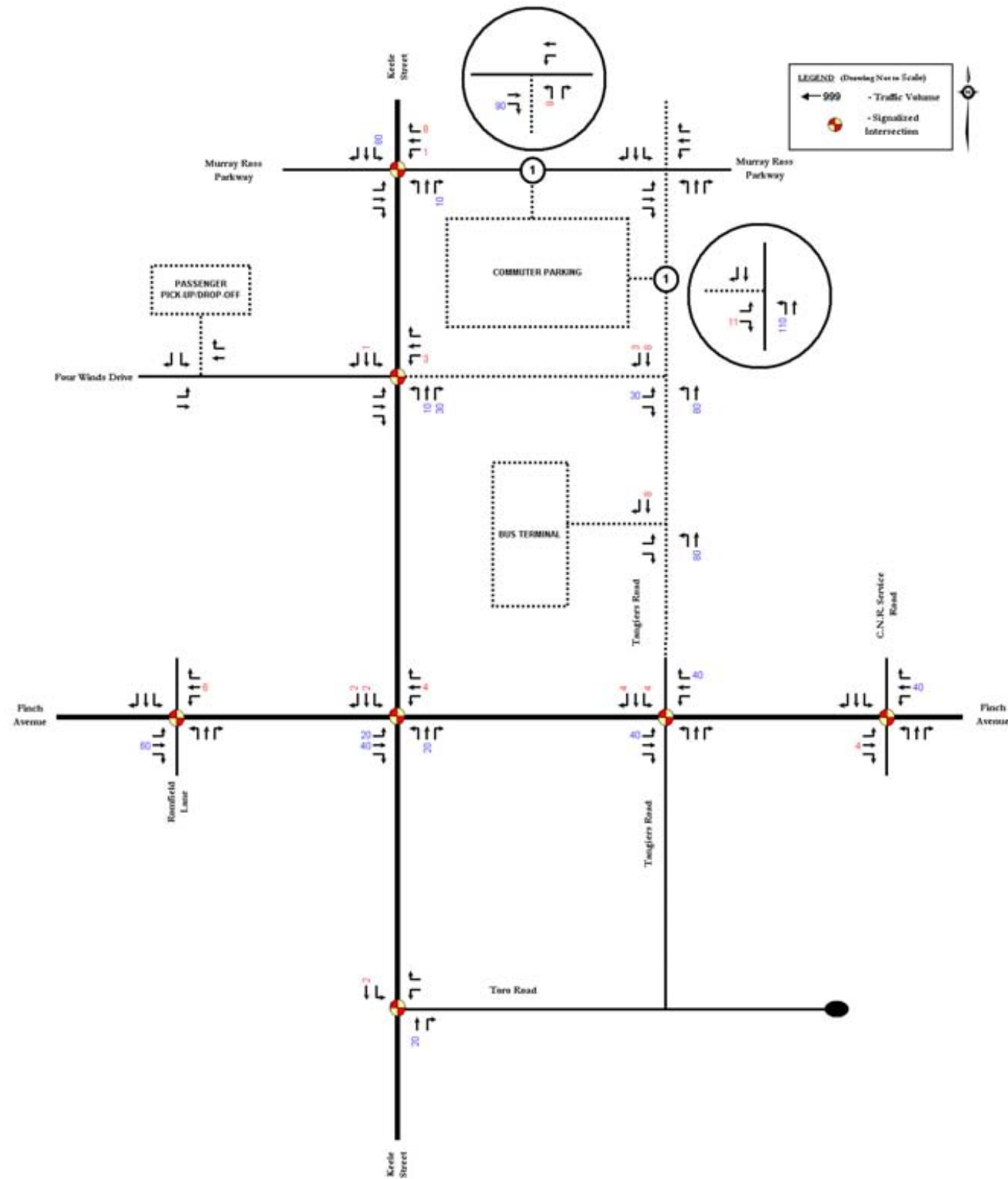


Figure A-4 – P.M. Peak Hour Commuter Parking Traffic Volumes

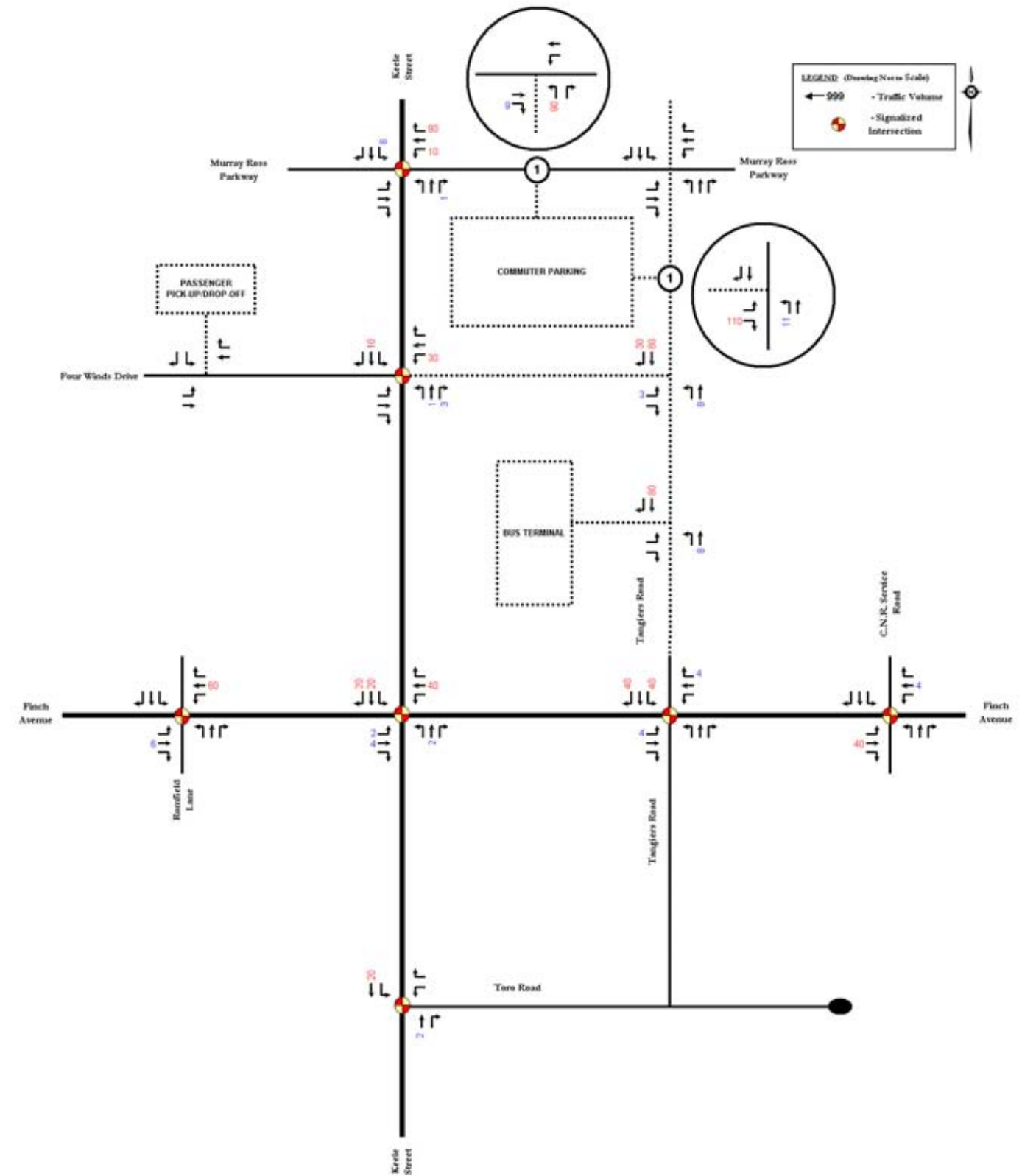
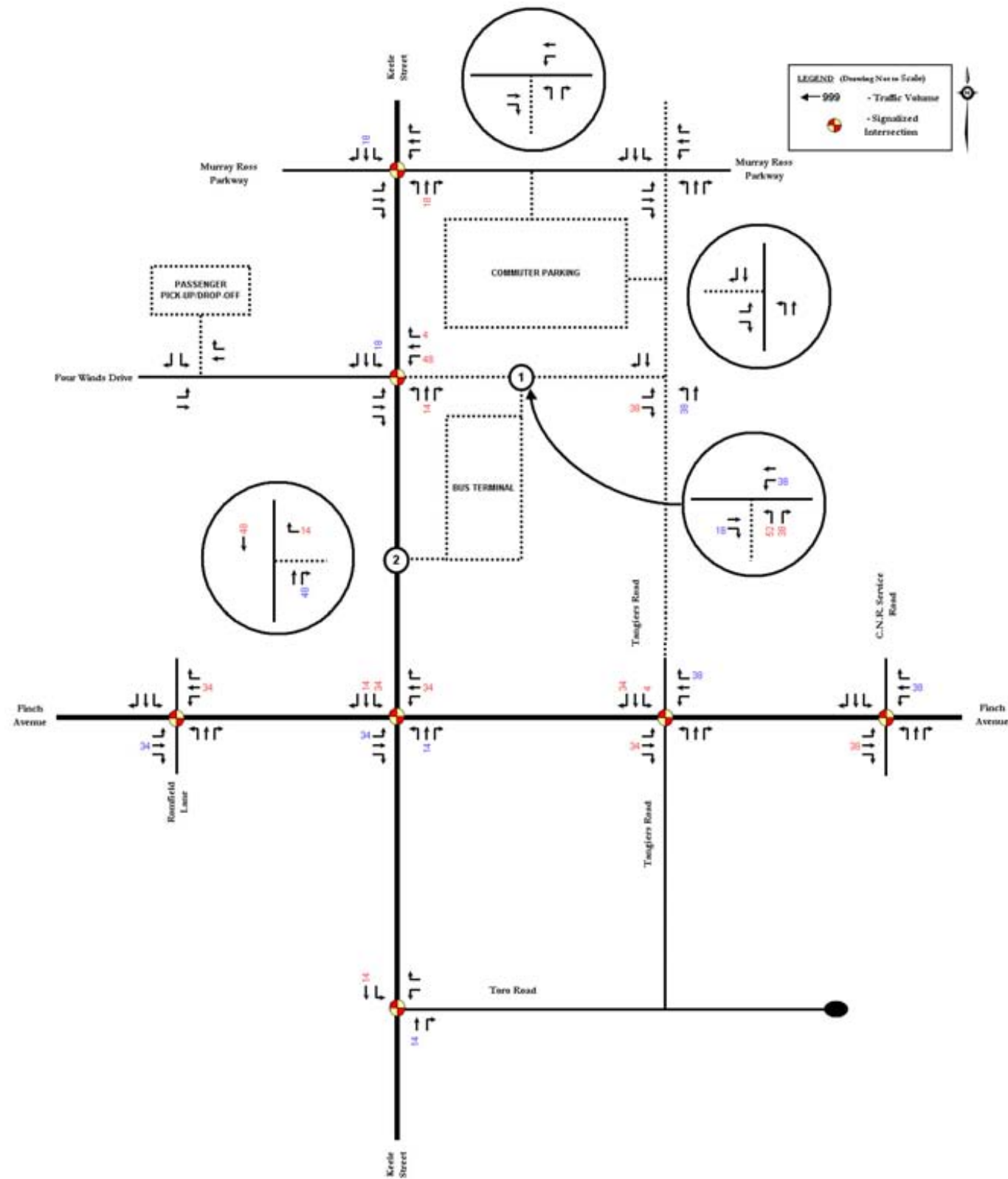


Figure A-5 – A.M. and P.M. Peak Hour Transit Traffic Volumes



APPENDIX D
PPUDO, PARK'N'RIDE AND TRANSIT TRAFFIC VOLUMES
FOR FINCH WEST STATION

APPENDIX E
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: AM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Toro Road
N/S St: Keele St
Inter: Keele St / Toro Road
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Year: Total Future Conditions

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various traffic metrics.

Phase Combination table showing signal timing for various lane configurations (EB Left, Thru, Right, etc.).

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Lane Group, Approach, Delay, LOS.

Intersection Delay = 15.0 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Phone:
E-Mail:

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Keele St / Toro Road
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

VOLUME DATA table showing traffic volume for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table with columns for Lane, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, etc.

PHASE DATA table showing phase timing for various lane configurations.

Table for SB Right and WB Right lanes showing Green, Yellow, All Red times.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table with columns for Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, etc.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7) table with columns for LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, FG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table with columns for Appr/ Lane, Flow Rate, Capacity, Delay, LOS.

Table for Eastbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes showing Prot, Perm, Left, Right, Thru, etc.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.42
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.48

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with columns for Appr/ Lane, Ratios, Unf Del, Prog Del, Lane Del, Incremental Del, Res Del, Lane Group, Approach.

Table for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes showing various traffic metrics.

Intersection Delay = 15.0 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for exclusive lefts with columns for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, etc.

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions
PL* = PLT[1+(N-1)g]/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2 = Max[(1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0]
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdiff=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.211

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table for Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table for Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, etc.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table for Appr/ Unmet, Unmet, Uniform Delay, Queue, Unmet, Queue, Group, Lane Demand, Demand, Unadj. Adj. Param. Demand, Delay, Group Q, veh, t, hrs, ds, dl, sec, u, Q, veh, d3, sec, d, sec.

Table for Intersection Delay 15.0 sec/veh, Intersection LOS B, BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table with columns for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, etc.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

Analyst: NA Inter: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Romfield Lane

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LG/Config, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Duration, Area Type, and Phase Combination.

Table with 5 columns: Lane Group, Capacity, Adj Sat, v/c, Delay, LOS. Rows for Eastbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail:

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: Romfield Lane

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LG/Config, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop RTs, Peds, Bikes, %InProtPhase, Duration.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g.

Table with 8 columns (1-8) for Phase Data. Rows include Phase Combination, Left, Thru, Right, Peds, and Right.

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions

Table with 2 columns: SB Right, WB Right. Rows include Green, Yellow, All Red.

Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes 0, fW, fHV, FG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec., fLPb, fRPb, S.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Flow Rate, Adj Sat, Flow Ratio, Green Ratio, --Lane Group-- Capacity, V/c Ratio. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Flow Rate, Adj Sat, Flow Ratio, Green Ratio, --Lane Group-- Capacity, V/c Ratio. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.75
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C)-(C-L) = 0.87

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table with 8 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Ratios, Unif Del, Prog Del, Lane Grp Factor, Incremental Factor, Res Del, Lane Group Delay, LOS, Approach Delay, LOS.

Intersection Delay = 56.7 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = E

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc), Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0], gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gq=gg if gq<gf, or = g-gf if gq>gf, n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo

PL=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max([1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0]
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdfff=max(gq-gf,0)
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdfff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.731 0.718

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for shared lefts

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc), Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUO, Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc), gf=G/exp(- a * (LTC ** b))]-tL, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0], gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=gg if gq<gf, or = g-gf if gq>gf, n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo, PL=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max([1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0], fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdfff=max(gq-gf,0), fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fm*[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdfff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, fLPb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbic, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, fRPb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT. Rows include Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=s(gq+gu)/(gu*3600), XPerm, XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 8 columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Unmet Demand, Unmet Demand Unadj., Adj. Demand, Queue, Unmet Demand, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Lane Group. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Intersection Delay, Intersection LOS, E.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AF or PVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: fBt, BOQ, 85th Percentile Output: fBt, BOQ, 90th Percentile Output: fBt, BOQ, 95th Percentile Output: fBt, BOQ, 98th Percentile Output: fBt, BOQ, QSRatio

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA Inter.: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: CNR Service Rd

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY
Table with columns: Eastbound (L, T, R), Westbound (L, T, R), Northbound (L, T, R), Southbound (L, T, R). Rows: No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Phase Combination 1 2 3 4 | 5 6 7 8
Table with columns: Phase, Signal, Operations. Rows: EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds; WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds; NB Right, SB Right.

Intersection Performance Summary
Table with columns: Lane Group, Approach, Delay, LOS. Rows: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: CNR Service Rd
East/West Street: Finch Avenue

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / CNR Service Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: CNR Service Rd
East/West Street: Finch Avenue

VOLUME DATA
Table with columns: Eastbound (L, T, R), Westbound (L, T, R), Northbound (L, T, R), Southbound (L, T, R). Rows: Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop LTs, Prop RTs, Peds, Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS
Table with columns: Eastbound (L, T, R), Westbound (L, T, R), Northbound (L, T, R), Southbound (L, T, R). Rows: Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext. of g, Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA
Table with columns: Phase, Signal, Operations. Rows: EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds; WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds; NB Right.

SB Right | WB Right
Green 57.0 | 21.0
Yellow 4.0 | 3.0
All Red 2.0 | 3.0
Cycle Length: 90.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET
Table with columns: Volume Adjustment, Saturation Flow Rate (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound). Rows: LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, FG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, S.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Table with columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Flow Rate, Adj Sat, Flow Ratio, Green Ratio, --Lane Group-- Capacity, V/c Ratio. Rows: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Control Delay and LOS Determination
Table with columns: Appr/Lane Group, Unif Del, Prog Del, Lane Factor, Incremental Factor, Res Del, Lane Group, Approach. Rows: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows: Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing flow, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Adjusted LT flow rate, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, Opposing platooning ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gq if gq<gq, n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows: Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing flow, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Adjusted LT flow rate, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, Opposing platooning ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gq if gq<gq, n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo.

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions
PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)] 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00
EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3) 5.03 7.45 1.33 1.34
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdifff=max(gg-gf, 0) 0.07 0.07 0.19 0.19
fm=(gf/g)+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
flt=fm*[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdifff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<1.00)
or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.143 0.070 0.750 0.744

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows: Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, Opposing platooning ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gq if gq<gq, n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo, EL1, EL2, fmin, gdifff, fm, flt, flt=fm*[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdifff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**, Left-turn adjustment, fLT.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows: Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Pedestrian flow rate, OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Number of turning lanes, ApBT, Proportion of left turns, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, fLpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic, OCCpedg, Vbicg, OCCbic, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Number of turning lanes, ApBT, Proportion right-turns, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, fRpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET
Table with columns: EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT. Rows: Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=s(gq+gu)/(gu*3600), XPerm, XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE
Table with columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Unmet Demand, Unmet Demand, Unmet Demand, Unmet Demand, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane, Lane Demand, Lane Demand, Lane Demand, Lane Demand, Delay, Delay, Delay, Delay.

Southbound
Intersection Delay 17.7 sec/veh
Intersection LOS B

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET
Table with columns: Lane Group, L, T, R. Rows: LaneQueue, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AF or FVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Intersection: Keele Street/Bus Terminal
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Bus Terminal Access
North/South Street: Keele Street
Intersection Orientation: NS Study period (hrs): 0.25

Table with columns for Major Street, Approach, Movement, Lanes, Volume, Peak Hour Factor, PHF, Hourly Flow Rate, HFR, Percent Heavy Vehicles, Median Type/Storage, RT Channelized?, Lanes, Configuration, Upstream Signal?

Table with columns for Minor Street, Approach, Movement, Lanes, Volume, Peak Hour Factor, PHF, Hourly Flow Rate, HFR, Percent Heavy Vehicles, Percent Grade (%), Flared Approach: Exists?/Storage, Lanes, Configuration

Table with columns for Approach, Movement, Lane Config, Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service, v (vph), C(m) (vph), v/c, 95% queue length, Control Delay, LOS, Approach Delay, Approach LOS

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail:

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL(TWSC) ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Intersection: Keele Street/Bus Terminal
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Bus Terminal Access
North/South Street: Keele Street
Intersection Orientation: NS Study period (hrs): 0.25

Table with columns for Major Street Movements, Lanes, Volume, Peak Hour Factor, PHF, Peak-15 Minute Volume, Hourly Flow Rate, HFR, Percent Heavy Vehicles, Median Type/Storage, RT Channelized?, Lanes, Configuration, Upstream Signal?

Table with columns for Minor Street Movements, Lanes, Volume, Peak Hour Factor, PHF, Peak-15 Minute Volume, Hourly Flow Rate, HFR, Percent Heavy Vehicles, Percent Grade (%), Flared Approach: Exists?/Storage, RT Channelized?, Lanes, Configuration

Table with columns for Pedestrian Movements, Volume, Flow (ped/hr), Lane Width (m), Walking Speed (m/sec), Percent Blockage

Table with columns for Upstream Signal Data, Prog. Flow vph, Sat Flow vph, Arrival Type, Green Time sec, Cycle Length sec, Prog. Speed kph, Distance to Signal meters

Worksheet 3-Data for Computing Effect of Delay to Major Street Vehicles

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions

Shared ln volume, major th vehicles:
Shared ln volume, major rt vehicles:
Sat flow rate, major th vehicles:
Sat flow rate, major rt vehicles:
Number of major street through lanes:

Worksheet 4-Critical Gap and Follow-up Time Calculation

Table with columns for Critical Gap Calculation, Movement, Lanes, t(c,base), t(c,hv), P(hv), t(c,g), Grade/100, t(3,lt), t(c,T): 1-stage, 2-stage, t(c): 1-stage, 2-stage

Table with columns for Follow-Up Time Calculations, Movement, Lanes, t(f,base), t(f,HV), P(HV), t(f)

Worksheet 5-Effect of Upstream Signals

Computation 1-Queue Clearance Time at Upstream Signal

Table with columns for V prog, Total Saturation Flow Rate, s (vph), Arrival Type, Effective Green, g (sec), Cycle Length, C (sec), Rp (from Exhibit 16-11), Proportion vehicles arriving on green P, g(q1), g(q2), g(q)

Computation 2-Proportion of TWSC Intersection Time blocked

Table with columns for alpha, beta, Travel time, t(a) (sec), Smoothing Factor, F, Proportion of conflicting flow, f, Max platooned flow, V(c,max), Min platooned flow, V(c,min), Duration of blocked period, t(p), Proportion time blocked, p

Computation 3-Platoon Event Periods

Table with columns for p(2), p(5), p(dom), p(subo), Constrained or unconstrained? U

Proportion unblocked for minor movements, p(x)

Table with columns for p(1), p(4), p(7), p(8), p(9), p(10), p(11), p(12)

Computation 4 and 5 Single-Stage Process

Table with columns for Movement, Lanes, V c,x, s, Px, V c,u,x, C r,x, C plat,x

Two-Stage Process

Table with columns for V(c,x), s, P(x), V(c,u,x), C(r,x), C(plat,x)

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations

Table with columns for Step 1: RT from Minor St., Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Movement Capacity, Probability of Queue free St.

Step 2: LT from Major St.

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Movement Capacity, Probability of Queue free St., Maj L-Shared Prob Q free St.

Step 3: TH from Minor St.

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity

Table with columns for Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity, Probability of Queue free St., Step 4: LT from Minor St.

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Maj. L, Min T Impedance factor, Maj. L, Min T Adj. Imp Factor., Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Worksheet 7-Computation of the Effect of Two-stage Gap Acceptance

Step 3: TH from Minor St.

Table with columns for Part 1 - First Stage, Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity, Probability of Queue free St.

Part 2 - Second Stage

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Part 3 - Single Stage

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Result for 2 stage process:

Table with columns for a, y, C t, Probability of Queue free St.

Step 4: LT from Minor St.

Part 1 - First Stage

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Part 2 - Second Stage

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Part 3 - Single Stage

Table with columns for Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, Pedestrian Impedance Factor, Maj. L, Min T Impedance factor, Maj. L, Min T Adj. Imp Factor., Cap. Adj. factor due to Impeding mvmnt, Movement Capacity

Results for Two-stage process:

Table with columns for a, y, C t

Worksheet 8-Shared Lane Calculations

Table with columns for Movement, Lanes, Volume (vph), Movement Capacity (vph), Shared Lane Capacity (vph)

Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches

Table with columns for Movement, Lane Config, v (vph), C(m) (vph), v/c, 95% queue length, Control Delay, LOS, Approach Delay, Approach LOS, n max, C sh, SUM C sep, n, C act

Worksheet 10-Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

Table with columns for Movement, Lane Config, v (vph), C(m) (vph), v/c, 95% queue length, Control Delay, LOS, Approach Delay, Approach LOS

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay

Table with columns for Movement 2, Movement 5, P(oj), v(i1), Volume for stream 2 or 5, v(i2), Volume for stream 3 or 6, s(i1), Saturation flow rate for stream 2 or 5, s(i2), Saturation flow rate for stream 3 or 6, P*(oj), d(M,LT), Delay for stream 1 or 4, N, Number of major street through lanes, d(rank,1) Delay for stream 2 or 5

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Murray Ross Pkwy
Inter.: Keele St / Murray Ross Pkwy
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Year: Total Future Conditions
N/S St: Keele St
Signalized Intersection Summary Table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 6 rows (No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Duration).

Operational Analysis
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Keele St / Murray Ross Pkwy
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
Murray Ross Pkwy North/South Street
Keele St

Volume Data Table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 13 rows (Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop LTs, Prop RTs, Peds, Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase, Duration).

Operating Parameters Table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 5 rows (Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext. of g, Ped Min g).

Phase Data Table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 6 rows (Phase Combination 1, EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right).

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions

Signalized Intersection Summary for SB Right and WB Right approaches. Green: 24.0, Yellow: 4.0, All Red: 3.0. Cycle Length: 120.0 secs.

Volume Adjustment and Saturation Flow Worksheet. Volume Adjustment table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 4 rows (Volume, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop LTs, Prop RTs).

Capacity and LOS Worksheet. Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity table with 4 columns (Appr/Lane, Lane Group, Flow Rate, Capacity) and 4 rows (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)).

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Cycle length, C = 120.0 sec. Table with 4 columns (EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT) and 4 rows (Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for exclusive lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)).

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Table with 4 columns (EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT) and 4 rows (Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for exclusive lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)).

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Table with 4 columns (EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT) and 4 rows (Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for shared lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)).

Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet. Permitted Left Turns table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Effective pedestrian green time, g (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s), Effic. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, g (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbic, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, frpb).

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Table with 4 columns (EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT) and 4 rows (Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=s(gg+gu)/(gu*3600), XPerm, XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for exclusive lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLU, Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/h/cyc), Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/h/cyc), gf=G[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-tl, gf<q, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gg+gq if gg>qf, or = g-gf if gg<qf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo).

Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Table with 4 columns (EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT) and 4 rows (Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=s(gg+gu)/(gu*3600), XPerm, XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1).

Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet for exclusive lefts. Input table with 4 columns (EB, WB, NB, SB) and 4 rows (Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLU, Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/h/cyc), Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/h/cyc), gf=G[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-tl, gf<q, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gg+gq if gg>qf, or = g-gf if gg<qf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTo).

Southbound Intersection Delay 52.4 sec/veh. Table with 4 columns (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 13 rows (LaneGroup, Init queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AF or PVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio).

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Four Winds Drive

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes (L, T, R).

Phase Combination table showing signal timing for various lane configurations (EB Left, Thru, Right, etc.).

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Lane Group, Flow Rate, Capacity, Delay, and LOS.

Capacity and LOS Worksheet table showing detailed lane capacity and performance metrics for each lane group.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax: E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Keele St / Four Winds Dr
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: Four Winds Drive, Keele St

VOLUME DATA table showing traffic volume for various lane configurations under different conditions.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table listing initial and arrival times, unit extension, and other operational settings.

PHASE DATA table detailing the sequence and timing of signal phases for the intersection.

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions

SB Right and WB Right traffic volume data for the intersection.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table for the intersection.

SATURATION FLOW RATE table providing saturation flow rates for different lane types and conditions.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table showing capacity and level of service for each lane group.

PERMITTED LEFT TURNS WORKSHEET table detailing left-turn lane performance and adjustments.

SUMMARY table with key performance indicators like Yc, Xc, and total lost time.

CONTROL DELAY AND LOS DETERMINATION table showing delay calculations for each lane group.

Intersection Delay = 68.6 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = E

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for shared left-turn lanes.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table detailing pedestrian and bicycle impacts.

PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0)
fm=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdif=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+(gu/g)/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*(gf/g)+(gu/g)/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.748 0.642 0.101 0.217

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for shared lefts.

Input
Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C 120.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s)
Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s)
Opposing effective green time, go (s)
Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fluo] (veh/ln/cyc)
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No
Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h)
Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, tL
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600
Opposing lane util. factor, fltu 1.000 1.000 0.952 0.952
Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)fluo] (veh/ln/cyc)
gf=G*exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C), 0]
qg (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gu=gq if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gq-gf)/2, 0
PTHO=1-PLTO
PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/ELI+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max((1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0)
fm=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdif=max(gg-gf, 0)
fm=(gf/g)+(gu/g)/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm*(gf/g)+(gu/g)/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table.

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBt
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
OCCpedg
Effective green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCCbicg
OCCr
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBt
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, flrb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table.

Cycle length, C 120.0 sec
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X, 1.0]))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
XProt
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qr
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table.

Table with columns for Appr/ Lane, Unmet Demand, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane, and Delay Group.

Table with columns for Intersection Delay (68.6 sec/veh) and Intersection LOS (E).

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table.

Table showing queue lengths and delays for various lane groups (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound).

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter.: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue N/S St: Tangiers Road

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include L, T, R lanes and various traffic volume and RTOR data.

Table with 5 columns: Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, Delay LOS. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lane groups.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Tangiers Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop LTs, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase, Duration.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include VOLUME DATA and PHASE DATA.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include PHASE DATA and various traffic signal parameters.

Finch West Station - Future Total Conditions

Table with 4 columns: SB Right, WB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red. Values include 64.0, 4.0, 2.0 and 24.0, 4.0, 2.0.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop LTs, Prop RTs.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Saturation Flow Rate, LG, Lanes, fhV, FG, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec, flpb, frpb, S.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity, Appr/ Lane, Vmvt, Group, Flow Rate, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, --Lane Group-- Capacity, V/c, Ratio.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Control Delay and LOS Determination, Appr/ Lane, Unif, Prog, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, Approach, Del, Del, Factor, Del, Del, Delay LOS, Delay LOS.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts, Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts, Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Pedestrian flow rate, OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, Effic. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic, OCCpedg, OCCpedu, OCCbic, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApbT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, frpb.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE, Appr/ Unmet, Unmet, Demand, Unadj, Adj, Queue, Unmet, Queue, Group, Lane, Demand, Demand, Unadj, Adj, Param, Demand, Delay, Delay, Group, Q, v/h, t, hrs, ds, d1, sec, u, Q, v/h, d3, sec, d, sec.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Intersection Delay, BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET, LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AF or PVG, Pltn Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, FBQ, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Intersection: Keele Street/Bus Terminal
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Bus Terminal Access
North/South Street: Keele Street
Intersection Orientation: NS
Study period (hrs): 0.25

Table with 6 columns: Approach Movement, Northbound, Southbound, and various performance metrics like Volume, PHF, HFR, etc.

Table with 6 columns: Approach Movement, Westbound, Eastbound, and various performance metrics like Volume, PHF, HFR, etc.

Table with 5 columns: Movement, Lane Config, and delay/queue length metrics.

Phone:
E-Mail:
Fax:

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL(TWSC) ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Intersection: Keele Street/Bus Terminal
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Bus Terminal Access
North/South Street: Keele Street
Intersection Orientation: NS
Study period (hrs): 0.25

Table with 6 columns: Major Street Movements, and various performance metrics like Volume, PHF, HFR, etc.

Table with 6 columns: Minor Street Movements, and various performance metrics like Volume, PHF, HFR, etc.

Table with 5 columns: Pedestrian Movements, and metrics like Flow, Lane Width, Walking Speed, etc.

Table with 7 columns: Upstream Signal Data, Prog. Flow, Sat Flow, Arrival Type, Green Time, Cycle Length, Prog. Speed, Distance to Signal

Worksheet 3-Data for Computing Effect of Delay to Major Street Vehicles

Shared in volume, major th vehicles:
Shared in volume, major rt vehicles:
Sat flow rate, major th vehicles:
Sat flow rate, major rt vehicles:
Number of major street through lanes:

Worksheet 4-Critical Gap and Follow-up Time Calculation

Table for Critical Gap Calculation with columns for Movement and gap types (L, T, R).

Table for Follow-Up Time Calculations with columns for Movement and gap types (L, T, R).

Worksheet 5-Effect of Upstream Signals

Computation 1-Queue Clearance Time at Upstream Signal

Table for Queue Clearance Time with columns for Movement and metrics like V prog, Saturation Flow Rate, etc.

Computation 2-Proportion of TWSC Intersection Time blocked

Table for TWSC Intersection Time blocked with columns for Movement and metrics like alpha, beta, Travel time, etc.

Computation 3-Platoon Event Periods

Table for Platoon Event Periods with columns for Movement and metrics like p(2), p(5), etc.

Proportion unblocked for minor movements, p(x)

Table for Proportion unblocked with columns for Movement and metrics like p(1), p(4), etc.

Computation 4 and 5 Single-Stage Process

Table for Single-Stage Process with columns for Movement and metrics like V c,x, s, P, etc.

Two-Stage Process

Table for Two-Stage Process with columns for Movement and metrics like V(c,x), s, P(x), etc.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations

Table for Impedance and Capacity Equations with columns for Step and metrics like Potential Capacity, etc.

Step 2: LT from Major St.

Table for Step 2: LT from Major St. with metrics like Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, etc.

Step 3: TH from Minor St.

Table for Step 3: TH from Minor St. with metrics like Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, etc.

Table for Pedestrian Impedance Factor with columns for Metric and Value.

Worksheet 7-Computation of the Effect of Two-stage Gap Acceptance

Table for Two-stage Gap Acceptance with columns for Step and metrics like Potential Capacity, etc.

Part 2 - Second Stage

Part 3 - Single Stage

Table for Part 3 - Single Stage with metrics like Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, etc.

Part 2 - Second Stage

Table for Part 2 - Second Stage with metrics like Conflicting Flows, Potential Capacity, etc.

Results for Two-stage process:

Table for Results for Two-stage process.

Worksheet 8-Shared Lane Calculations

Table for Shared Lane Calculations with columns for Movement and metrics like Volume, Capacity, etc.

Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches

Table for Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches with columns for Movement and metrics like C sep, Volume Delay, etc.

Worksheet 10-Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

Table for Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service with columns for Movement and metrics like Lane Config, v, C(m), etc.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay

Table for Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay with columns for Movement and metrics like P(oj), v(i1), etc.

APPENDIX F
SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSES

Finch West Station – Supplementary Analyses

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: AM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Finch Avenue
Inter: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Year: Total Future Conditions
N/S St: Romfield Lane

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY
Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes (L, T, R) showing traffic volume, saturation flow rate, and phase combinations.

Intersection Performance Summary
Table showing performance metrics such as Cycle Length (90.0 secs), Delay (20.6 sec/veh), and LOS (C) for the intersection.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Finch Avenue
North/South Street: Romfield Lane

VOLUME DATA
Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes (L, T, R) showing traffic volume, saturation flow rate, and phase combinations.

OPERATING PARAMETERS
Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes (L, T, R) showing parameters like initial unmet demand, arrival type, and lost time.

PHASE DATA
Table with columns for Phase Combination (1-8) showing details for Left, Thru, Right, and Pedestrian movements.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET
Table for volume adjustment and saturation flow rate determination for each lane group.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)
Table showing saturation flow rates for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Table showing capacity and LOS calculations for each lane group, including flow rate, delay, and LOS.

Control Delay and LOS Determination
Table showing control delay and LOS determination for each lane group, including critical flow rate and capacity ratio.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table for supplemental permitted left-turn lane analysis, showing delay and LOS for shared left-turn lanes.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table for supplemental permitted left-turn lane analysis, showing delay and LOS for shared left-turn lanes.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET
Table for supplemental permitted left-turn lane analysis, showing delay and LOS for shared left-turn lanes.

Opposing effective green time, go (s)
Number of lanes in LT lane group, N
Number of lanes in opposing approach, No
Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h)
Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, tL
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600
Opposing lane util. factor, ELTo
Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/(3600(No)ELTo) (veh/ln/cyc)
gfg=exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gfc=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0]
sg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gus=gq if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gg-gf)/2.0
PTho=1-PLTo
PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)]
EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max(1-Ptho**n)/Pto, 1.0
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdiff=Max(gg-gf,0)
fmg=[g/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fmg[g/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin=fm;max=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, flt

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gfg>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET
Permitted Left Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
OCCPedg
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)
Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp
OCCPedu
Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
OCCR
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion of left turns, PLT
Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA
Left-turn adjustment, flpb
Permitted Right Turns
Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h)
Vpedg
OCCPedg
Effective green, g (s)
Vbicg
OCCBicg
OCCR
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec
Number of turning lanes, Nturn
ApBT
Proportion right-turns, PRT
Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA
Right turn adjustment, frpb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET
Cycle length, C
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing phase effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max(X,1.0)))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sps=3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Sps=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qr
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE
Table with columns for Appr/ Lane Group, Unmet Demand, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane Group, and Delay.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET
Table with columns for Lane Group, L, T, R, and various metrics like Queue Length, Flow Rate, and Delay.

QSRatio
90th Percentile Output: 2.0 1.6 2.0 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8
FB 1.9 1.5 2.0
BOQ 1.4 51.3 0.2 0.4 14.3 0.1 0.7 2.3 0.6 1.5
QSRatio
95th Percentile Output: 2.6 1.8 2.6 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1
FB 2.5 1.6 2.6
BOQ 1.8 54.8 0.3 0.5 16.0 0.1 0.9 2.6 0.6 1.7
QSRatio
98th Percentile Output: 3.1 1.9 3.2 2.7 2.6 2.7 2.6
FB 3.0 1.7 3.2
BOQ 2.2 58.2 0.4 0.7 17.6 0.2 1.1 3.3 0.8 2.2

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

Finch West Station – Supplementary Analyses

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e. Agency: URS Canada Inc. Inter: Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane. Date: 12/9/2004. Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension. N/S St: Romfield Lane. Signalized Intersection Summary table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various traffic parameters like Volume, LG Config, RTOR Vol, etc.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various traffic parameters like LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, etc.

Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Flow Rate, Delay, LOS, etc. Includes sections for Permitted Left Turns and Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet.

Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet and Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet. Includes sections for Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, and various delay and LOS calculations.

***TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY
TTC SPADINA SUBWAY EXTENSION
STEELES WEST STATION
CITY OF TORONTO***

Prepared By:

URS Canada Inc.
75 Commerce Valley Drive East
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February 14, 2006
33015347

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Traffic Impact Study has been prepared to document the study methodology, findings and evaluations associated with the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension and the proposed station concept at the Steeles West Station. This is outlined herein.

The purpose of this memorandum was to:

- Review existing transportation conditions, opportunities, and constraints;
- Forecast and assess future traffic conditions associated with the proposed Steeles West Station; and
- Identify operational concerns and proposed mitigation measures.

2.0 EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

2.1. Boundary Road Network

Generally, in the vicinity of the Study Area, the lands are primarily for commercial and employment uses.

Figure 2-1 illustrates the existing arterial road system in the Study Area. In summary, they are:

- *Dufferin Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h. It has 4-lanes from Glen Shields Avenue (north) to Finch Avenue. There are reserved High Occupancy Vehicle (H.O.V.) lanes on Dufferin Street between Finch Avenue and Sheppard Avenue. During the weekday morning and afternoon peak periods only buses, taxis and multi-person autos (three or more) are permitted to use these lanes. Dufferin Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Jane Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a 4-lane cross-section. Jane Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Keele Street* is a north-south Major Arterial road with a 4-lane cross-section. Keele Street is under the jurisdiction of York Region and the City of Toronto north and south of Steeles Avenue, respectively.
- *Steeles Avenue* is an east-west 6-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.
- *Finch Avenue* is an east-west 4-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.
- *Sheppard Avenue West* is an east-west 4-lane Major Arterial road, under the jurisdiction of the City of Toronto, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h.

2.2. Existing Traffic

The existing traffic assessment for this study was based on a review of available turning movement data for the study area. Most recent available turning movement count data for the key intersections within the study area was obtained from the City of Toronto. This data was collected for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. All observed turning movement counts were reviewed for consistency.

Signal timing information for the a.m. peak, p.m. peak and off peak hours was also obtained from the City of Toronto for key intersections within the study area. These signal timings along with most recent available traffic turning movement counts were incorporated in the analysis of existing traffic conditions.

Table 2-1 summarizes traffic data locations, survey dates and their sources.

TABLE 2-1. SUMMARY OF TRAFFIC DATA

| INTERSECTION | DATE | SOURCE |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Steeles Avenue / Jane Street | Tuesday, October 8, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Murray Ross Parkway | Wednesday, October 29, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Founders Road | Monday, January 22, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Keele Street | Monday, December 15, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Petrolia Road / Tandem Road | Wednesday, January 9, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Shale Gate / Capstan Gate | Wednesday, December 5, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Alness Street | Monday, October 27, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Futurity Gate | Wednesday, December 6, 1995 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Dufferin Street | Thursday, October 24, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Sentinel Road | Thursday, January 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Romfield Lane | Monday, December 8, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Keele Street | Tuesday, November 5, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Tangiers Road | Tuesday, September 14, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / CNR Service Road | Tuesday, December 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Chesswood Drive | Wednesday, September 29, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Alness Street / Champagne Drive | Wednesday, January 16, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Finch Avenue / Dufferin Street | Monday, June 23, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Sentinel Road | Thursday, November 27, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Keele Street | Monday, December 16, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / John Drury Crescent | Wednesday, June 27, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Tuscan Gate | Monday, November 24, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Chesswood Drive | Wednesday, June 27, 2001 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / Kodiak Crescent / Yukon Lane | Tuesday, March 23, 2004 | City of Toronto |
| Sheppard Avenue / W.R. Allen Road | Monday, May 12, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Canarctic Drive | Thursday, April 4, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / The Pond Road | Thursday, April 4, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Murray Ross Parkway | Tuesday, December 17, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Toro Road | Wednesday, February 20, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Broadoaks Drive | Thursday, March 14, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / St. Regis Crescent | Tuesday, August 27, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Keele Street / Grandravine Drive | Thursday, April 25, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / 4400 Dufferin Street | Monday, December 8, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Dolomite Drive | Thursday, December 4, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Supertest Road | Wednesday, December 10, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Dufferin Street / Martin Ross Avenue | Wednesday, December 3, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| W.R. Allen Road / Steeprock Drive / Overbrook Road | Thursday, March 13, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| W.R. Allen Road / Kennard Avenue | Tuesday, March 5, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Alness Street / Supertest Road | Thursday, December 19, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Alness Street / Martin Ross Avenue | Thursday, December 19, 2002 | City of Toronto |
| Sentinel Road / Murray Ross Parkway | Thursday, June 19, 2003 | City of Toronto |
| Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate | Tuesday, May 10, 2005 | URS Canada Inc. |
| Keele Street / Four Winds Drive | Tuesday, May 3, 2005 | URS Canada Inc. |

The existing weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic volumes are illustrated in Figures 2-2 and 2-3, respectively.

2.3. Traffic Assessment

The traffic volumes in Figures 2-2 and 2-3 are for the broader area impacted by the Spadina Subway Extension. For the purpose of the evaluation of the impacts associated with the identified Steeles West Station concept plan, a study area was identified within the immediate proximity of the proposed station.

Assessment of the existing traffic at the study intersections was based on the existing traffic volumes for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. This analysis reflects the existing lane configurations illustrated in Figure 2-1.

The assessment for signalized intersection operations is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS-2000), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000. The Highway Capacity Manual is produced by the Transportation Research Board.

Tables 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), volume-to-capacity ratio (V/C), and average control delay for each of the key intersections during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours within the study area for the Steeles West Station.

Level of Service definitions related to intersection operations are contained in *Appendix A*. It is a qualifying measure of traffic operations at an intersection, relating the control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period. The volume-to-capacity ratio is a measure of the proportion of the calculated intersection capacity that is utilized by the modelled traffic volumes. At signalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay greater than 55 seconds (Level of Service 'E') are defined as critical. At unsignalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay of greater than 35 seconds (Level of Service 'E') are defined as critical movements. Detailed output for the existing traffic conditions are in *Appendix B*.

The analyses of the existing intersection conditions reveal poor overall intersection levels of service at all major arterial-arterial intersections within the Study Area (at-capacity or over-capacity during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours). The intersections experience notably high delays and high volume-to-capacity ratios, with numerous critical movements.

These congested traffic conditions are significantly contributed to by high inter-regional traffic volumes and are typical conditions on regional arterial systems. The nature of such traffic congestion is mainly associated with the travellers' commuting peak hours during the morning and afternoon peak commuting periods (e.g. from 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m., and from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.). While congested operations (in terms of delays, queuing, and low reserved capacity) are encountered at the Major Arterial-Major Arterial intersections, acceptable operations at collector-arterial intersections are exhibited, despite relatively high inbound and outbound traffic turning movements at the gateways to significant traffic generators, such as York University.

Figure 2-1A – Existing Lane Configurations

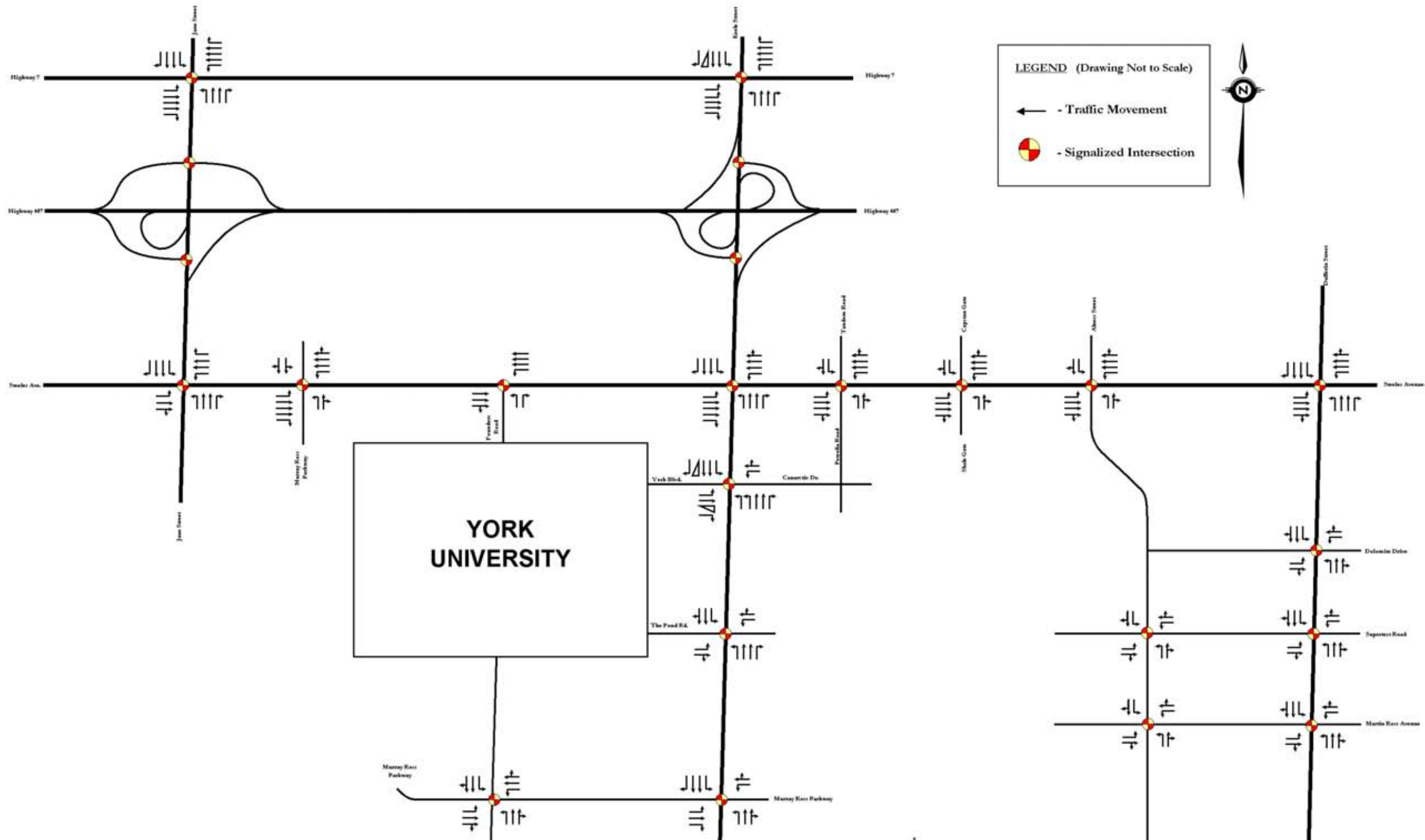


Figure 2-1B – Existing Lane Configurations

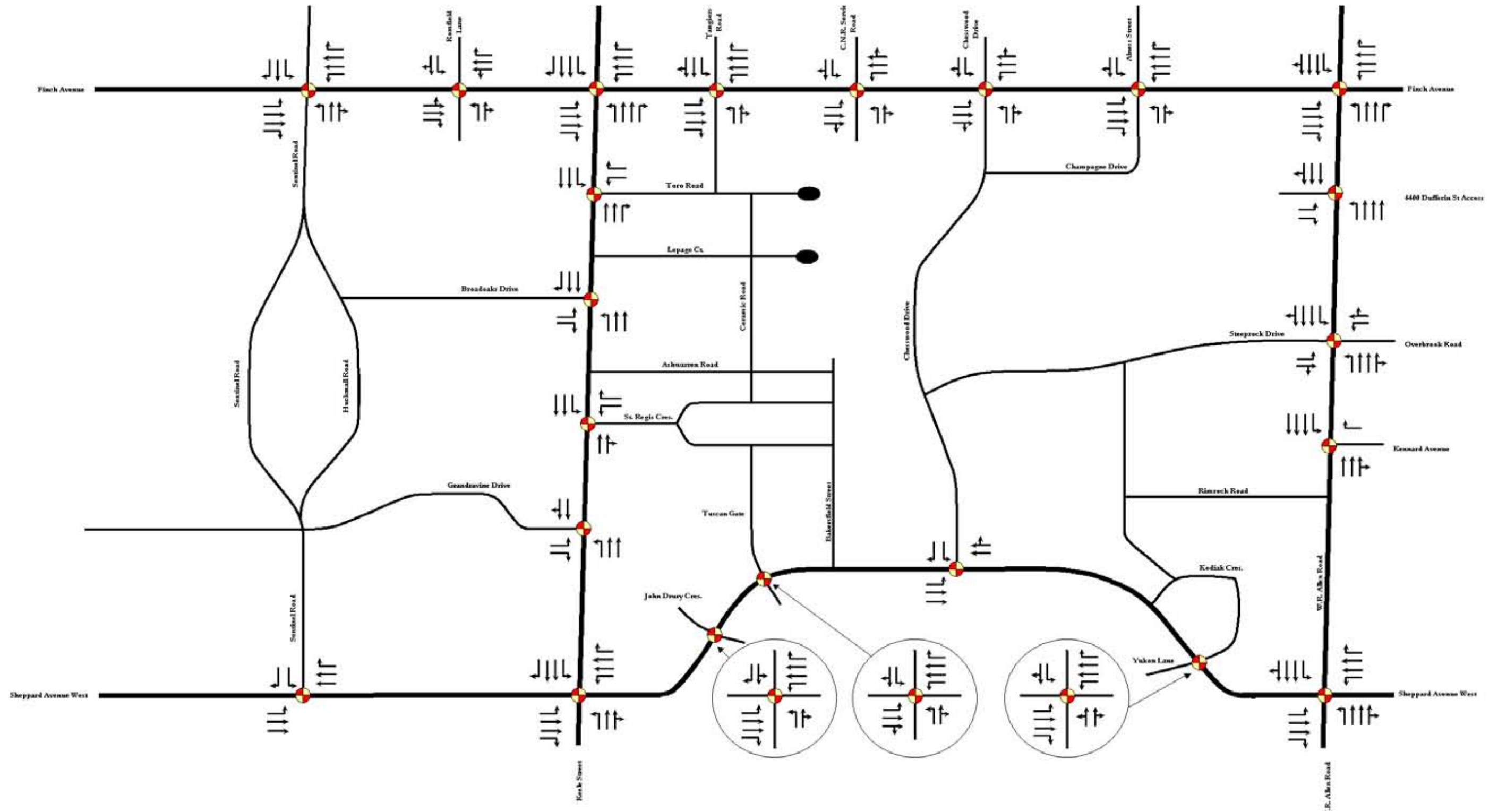


Figure 2-2A – Existing A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

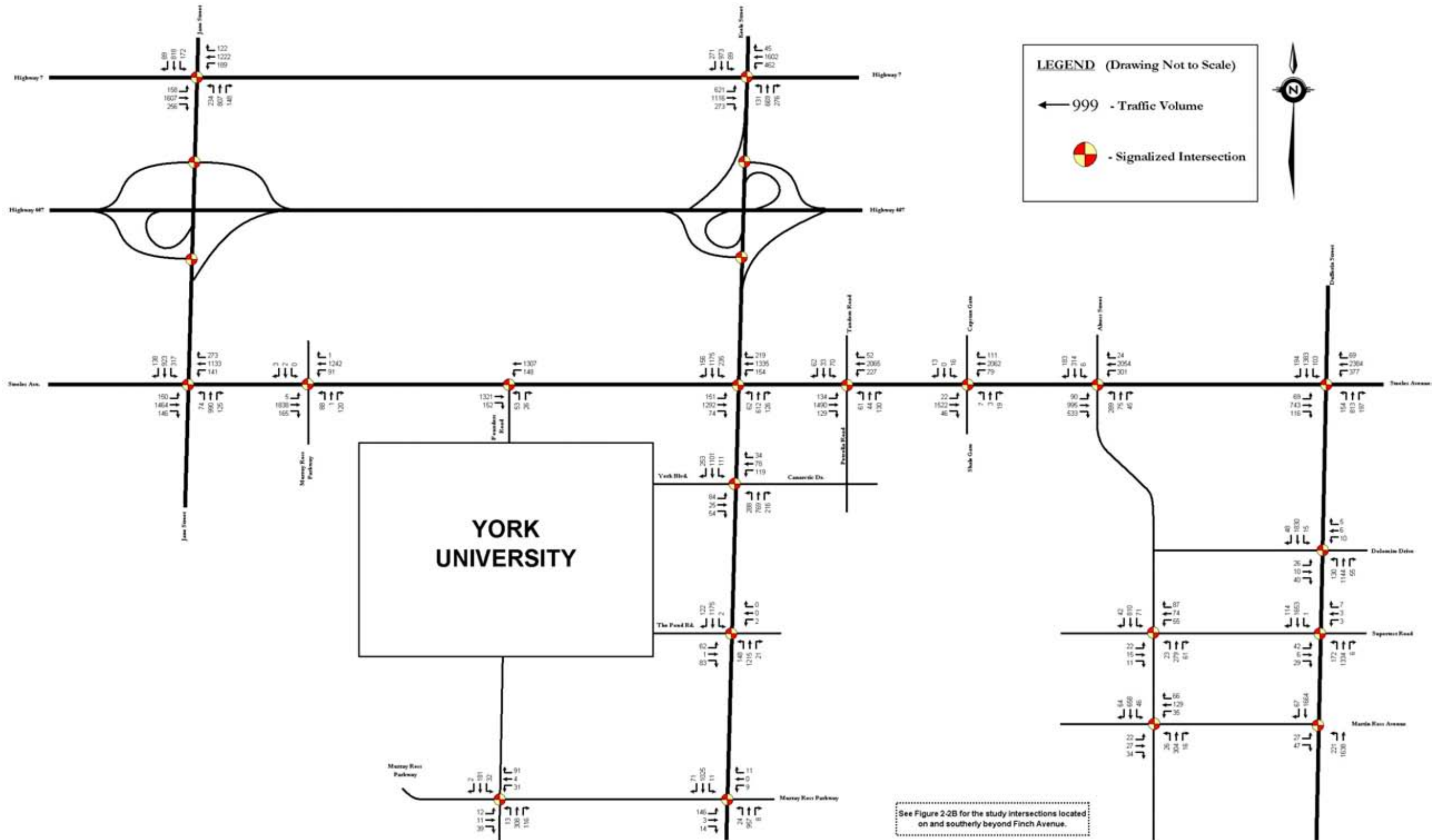


Figure 2-2B – Existing A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

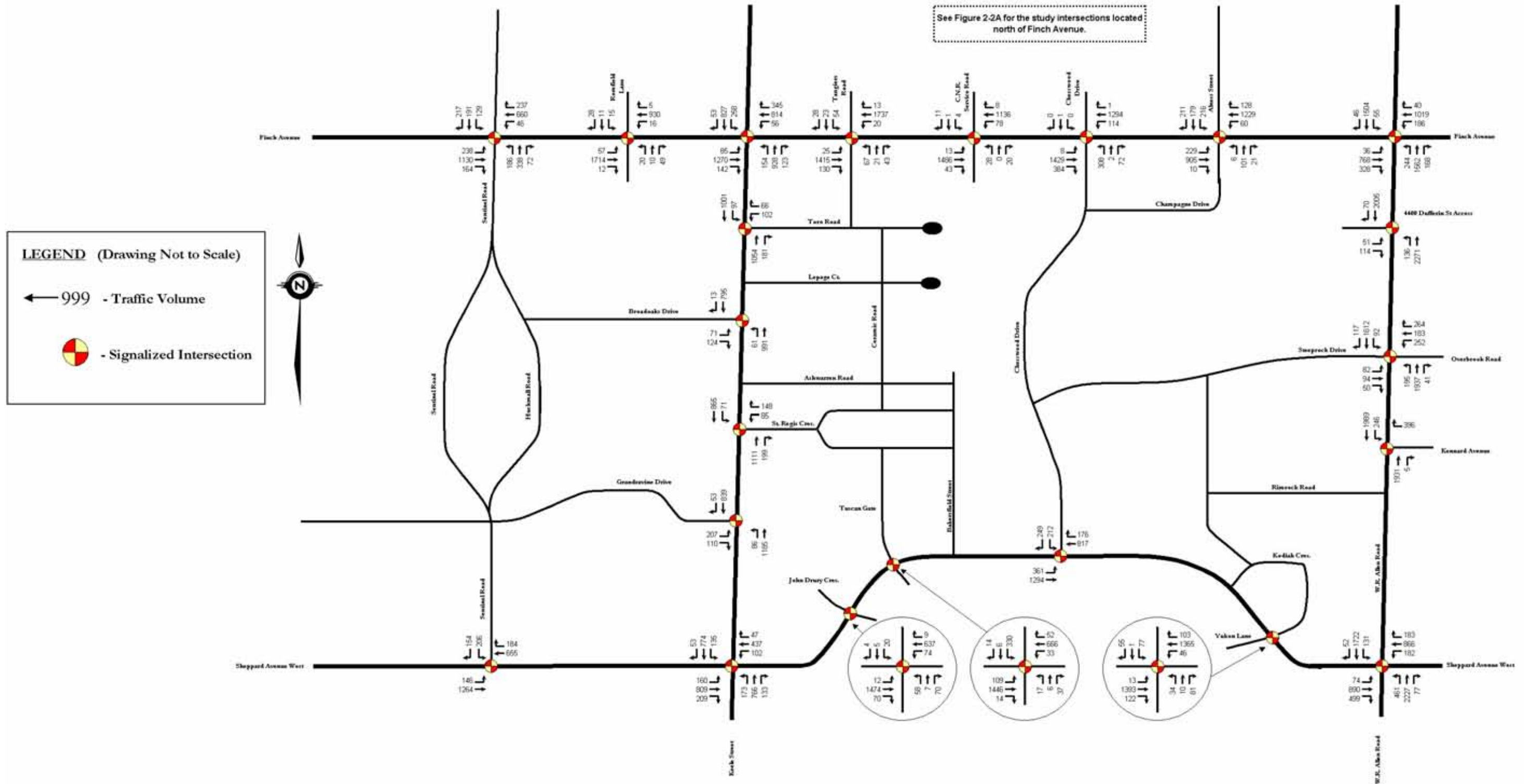


Figure 2-3A – Existing P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

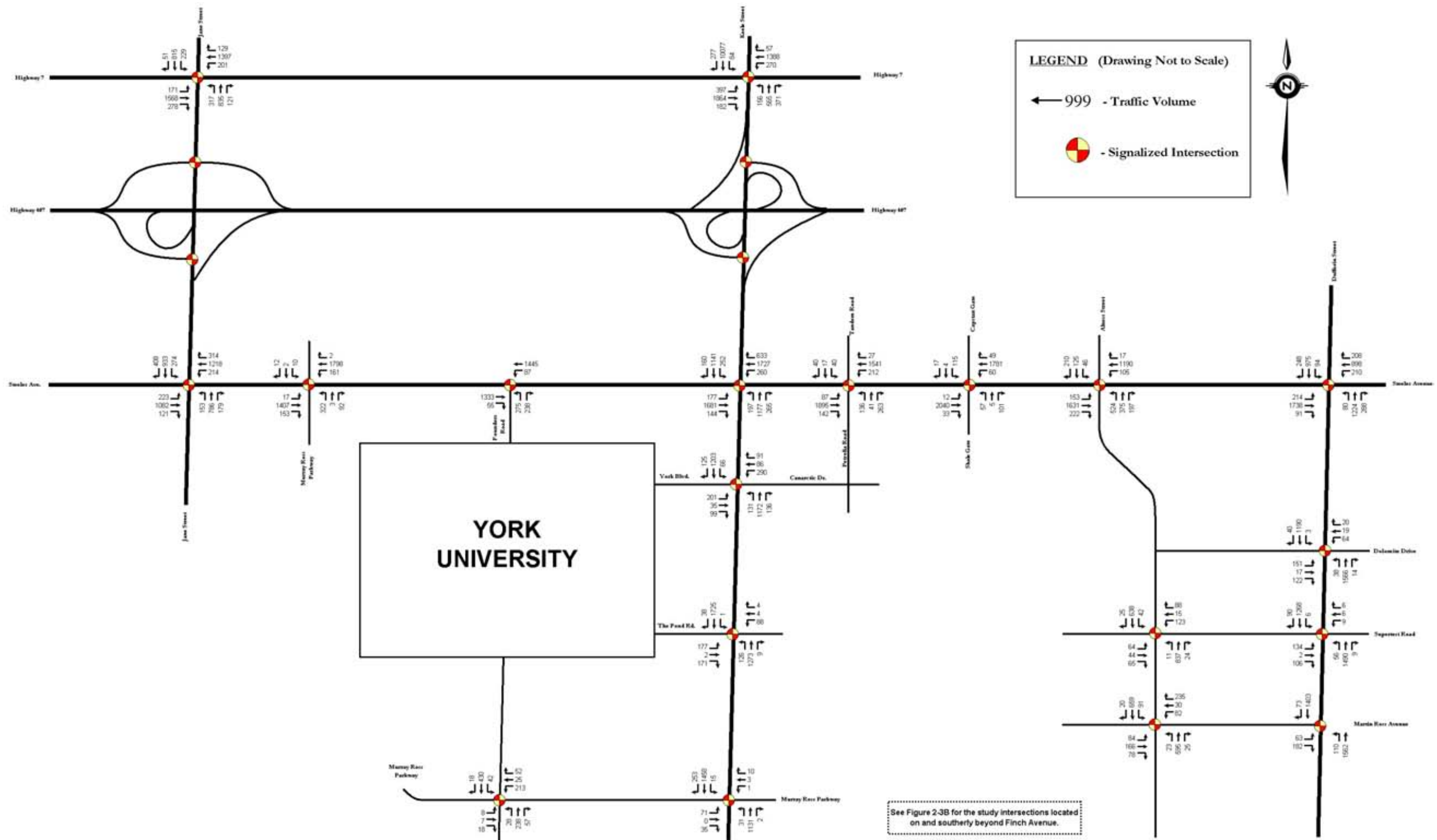
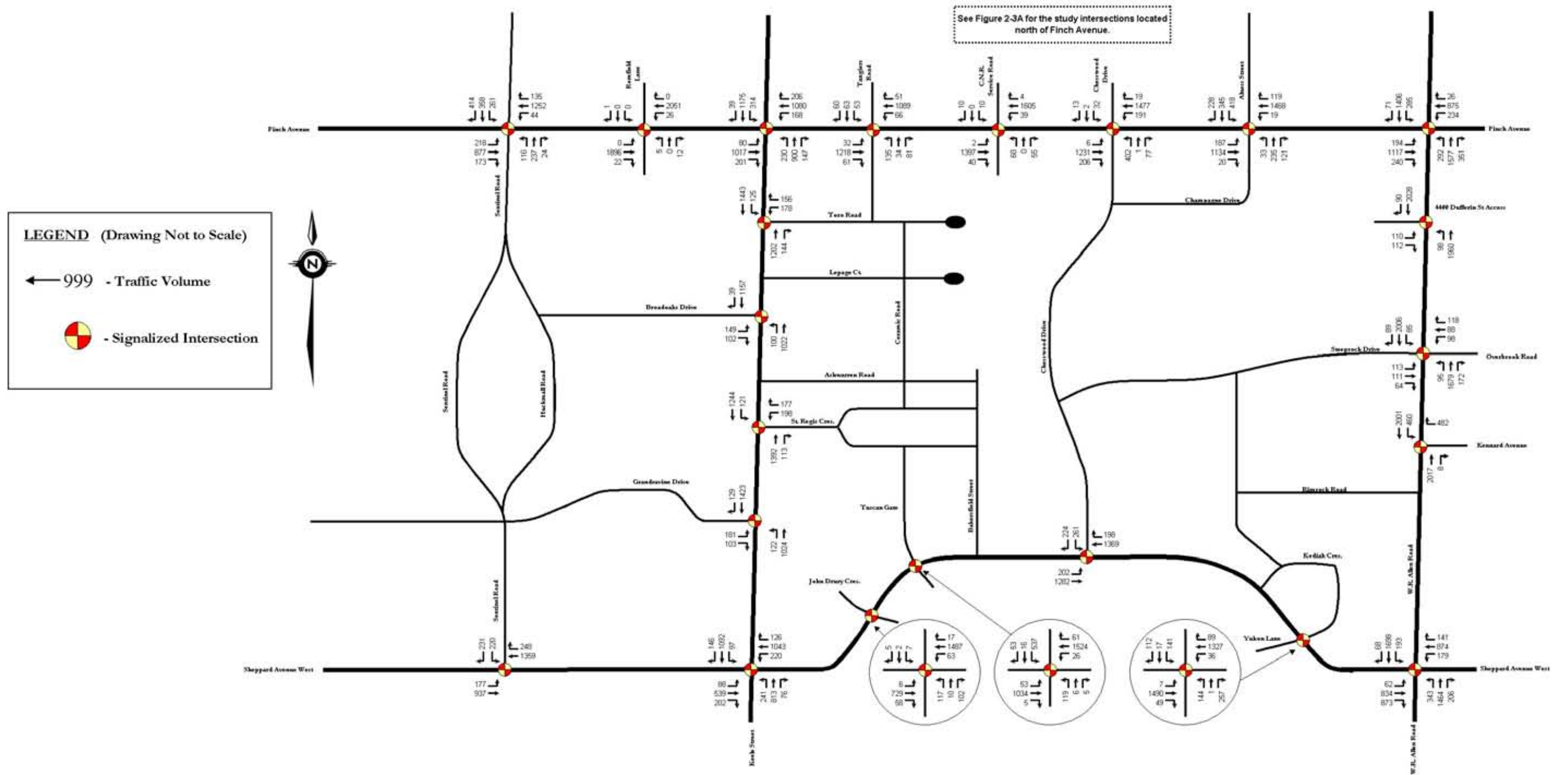


Figure 2-3B – Existing P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes



3.0 PROPOSED STATION CONFIGURATION

The Steeles West Station generalized access plan and assumed road configuration are illustrated in Figure 3-1. Figure 3-2 illustrates the layout plan for the Steeles West Station. The internal circulation for the Steeles West Station was based on a standard bus turning radius of 18.3m (outer turning) as per TTC Standard DM 0412-02 Fig 1.5. Internal bus circulation for the Steeles West Station is also shown in Figure 3-2.

Key elements of the improved road network configuration include:

- Easterly extension of a new east-west road (Future Street A) beyond Jane Street through to the Steeles West Station.
- Northerly extension of Northwest Gate (Future Street C) to the new east-west road.
- A new north-south road as a transit only facility (Future Street B) located just west of the northerly Steeles West Station.
- Signal and turn lane improvements at the proposed Jane Street / East-West Road and the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersections.

These road and intersection improvements have been identified as a means to provide access to the proposed Steeles West Station. As noted for the analysis of existing and future traffic conditions within other sections of this report, there are some intersections and road link sections that are experiencing near or at-capacity conditions. While the City does not currently have planned major road or intersection improvements at any locations in the immediate study area, supplementary improvements have been identified in Section 6.3 as potential mechanisms to improve the existing and future traffic conditions beyond those reported in this study.

Figure 3-1 – Steeles West Station

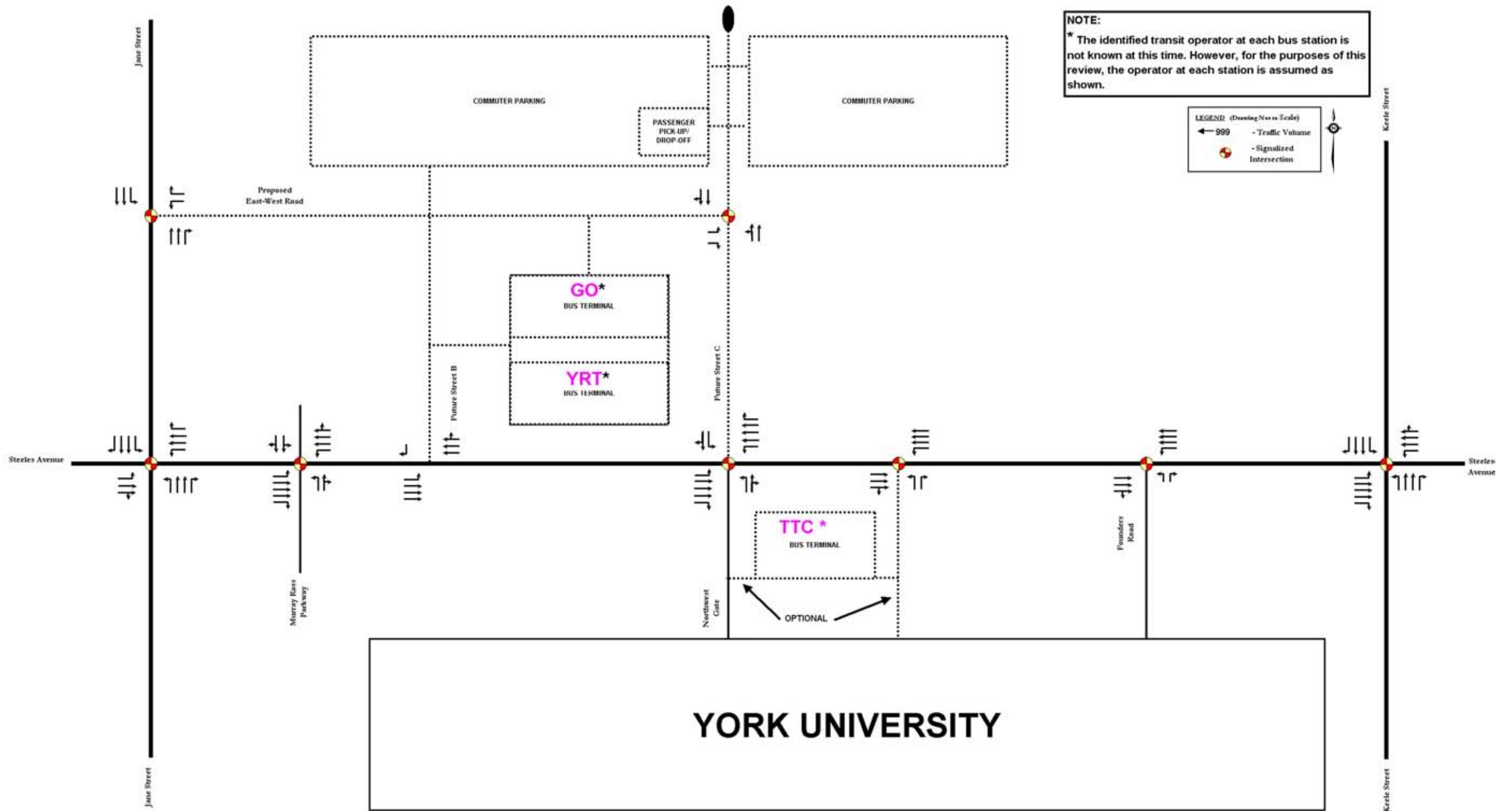
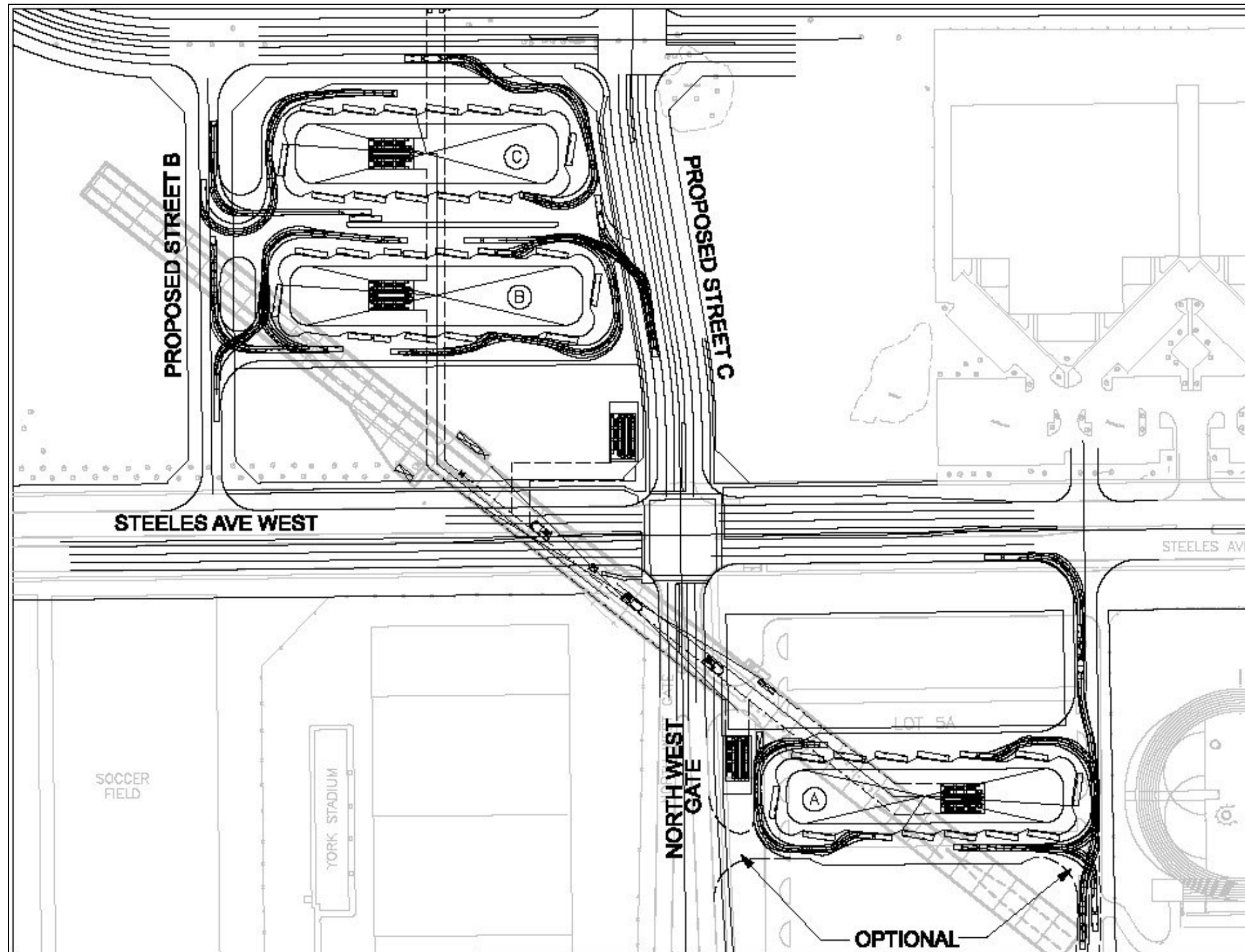


Figure 3-2 – Internal Bus Circulation



4.0 FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

4.1. Future Background Traffic

A 2021 development horizon was utilized to assess future traffic conditions. It is expected that the planning process and construction of the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension could be built and completed within the next ten years. For the purpose of the traffic assessment, a 2021 horizon year was selected to reflect this potential construction as well as several years of operation. It is acknowledged that 2021 is a very long term horizon period, and is atypical for an analysis of this nature. Notwithstanding, the year 2021 has been selected to reflect conditions several years after subway construction and to be consistent with the comprehensive Transportation Impact Report prepared for the subway alternatives and evaluations phase of the study.

Future background traffic data for the study area was based on growth in through traffic due to developments outside of the study area (inter-regional through trips).

URS reviewed the existing boundary road network, existing traffic volumes and operations at the study intersections. Based on a review of recent turning movements counts at the study intersections, it was determined that inter-regional through flows have remained relatively static.

It is expected that the traffic volumes in the vicinity of the subject lands would not increase substantially since the existing traffic conditions are generally constrained by the relatively high-volume operations during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours at the study intersections along Steeles Avenue. Since, for the most part, no increase in capacity of the boundary road network is anticipated within the study horizon period, it is expected that there will be minimal increase in future background traffic.

For analysis purpose, an annual growth rate of 0.5% was applied to forecast traffic in both directions for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours to reflect inter-regional through traffic growth within the study period along the arterial network within the study area for the 2021 horizon year. It should be noted that the existing traffic volumes were projected to reflect a common base year of 2005 for the calculation of future background traffic volumes.

The resultant weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour 2021 future background traffic volumes for the Steeles West Station are illustrated in Figures 4-1 and 4-2.

4.2. Traffic Assessment

The 2021 future background traffic operations at the study intersections were analyzed on the basis of the future lane configurations and the above noted traffic volumes in Figures 4-1 and 4-2.

Table 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), control delay, and volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) for the study area. Detailed outputs for the future background traffic conditions are in *Appendix C*.

The analyses of future background traffic conditions revealed similar conditions to that determined for existing conditions. In general, there has been a minor degradation in traffic operations due to the increased background traffic growth.

Figure 4-1 – Future Background A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)

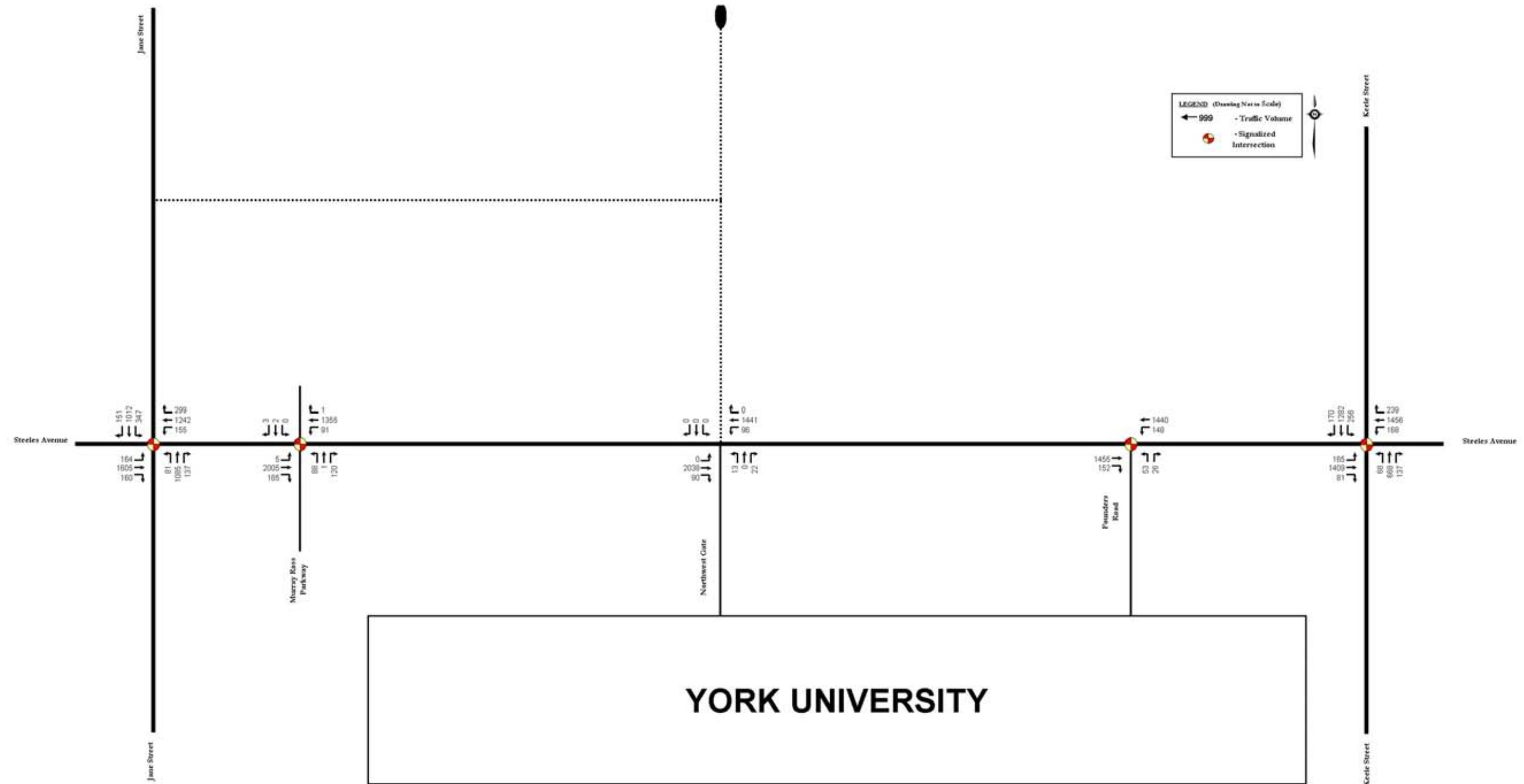
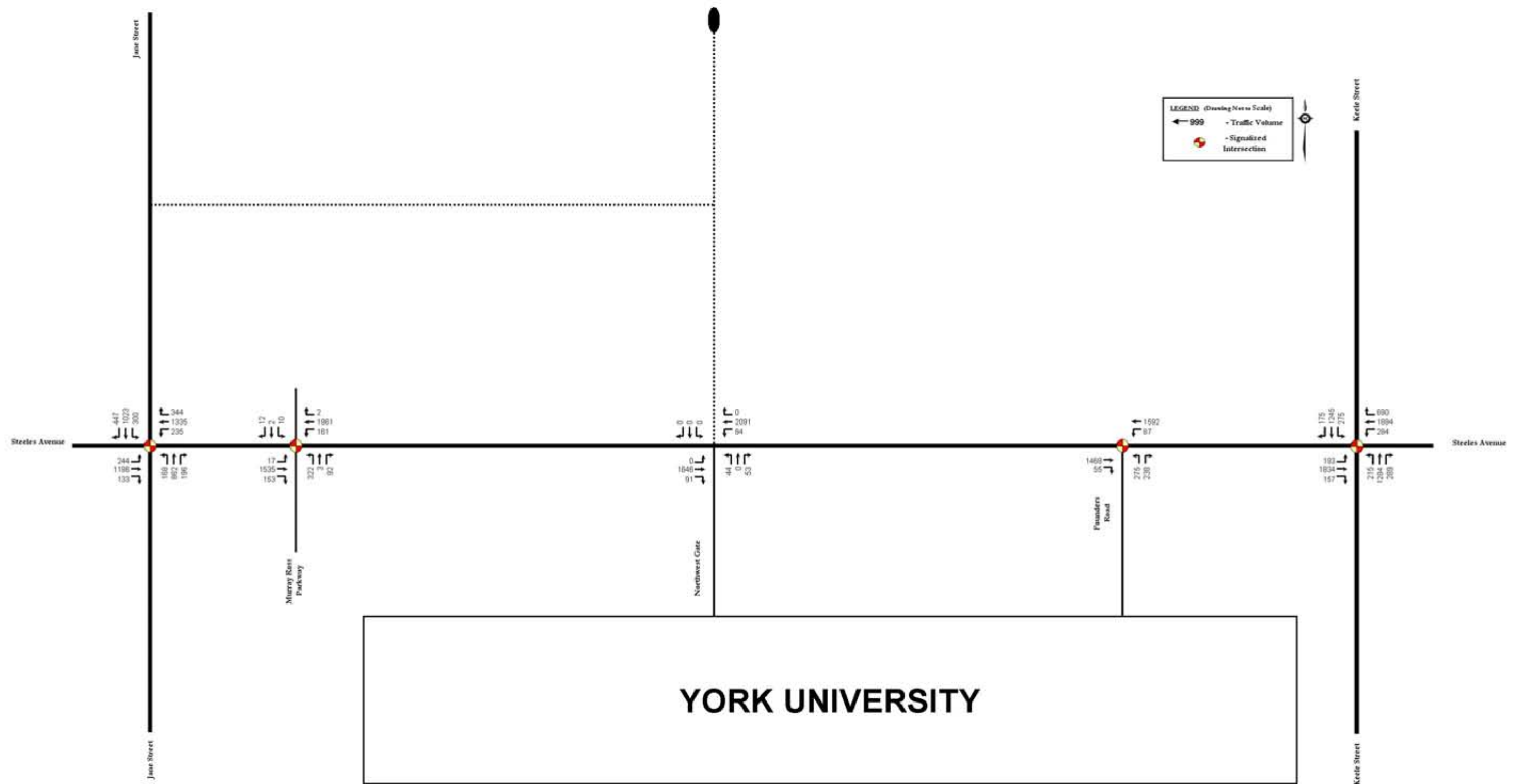


Figure 4-2 – Future Background P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)



5.0 SITE TRAFFIC

5.1. Trip Generation

Trip generation for the Steeles West Station was based on the sum of the passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) traffic, commuter parking lot (park'n'ride) traffic and transit traffic.

5.1.1. Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off (PPUDO)

The calculation methodology was provided by TTC in their planning guidelines for passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) facilities, illustrated in Figure 1.3.1 – Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Capacity Requirements. Station usage and ridership information was also provided by TTC. Since the provided information is an a.m. peak hour forecast, the passenger pick-up/drop-off trip generation rate for p.m. peak hour traffic volumes was assumed to be the same as those for a.m. peak hour volumes, however in the opposite direction.

Tables 5-1 and 5-2 show the calculation and resultant traffic volumes associated with passenger pick-up/drop-off facilities for the Steeles West Station.

Given the significant emphasis on the bus transfers and feeder bus lines at this station, it is unrealistic to assume a high percentage of passenger PU/DO ratio. In comparison, the transit 'transfer' passenger volume destined to the station is 79% of the total number of passengers at the Steeles West Station, while it is only 46% at the Finch West Station. Thus, for the purpose of this study, the calculation of PPUDO vehicle trips based on a lower ratio range from 5% to 9% is an appropriate estimation. A resultant projection of 459 inbound and 459 outbound vehicles during the a.m. and p.m. peak hour was assessed in the traffic analyses.

TABLE 5-1. CALCULATION OF VEHICLE TRIPS - STEELES WEST STATION

| Direction of Passengers | No. of Passengers | Passenger PU/DO Ratio | TTC Passengers | On-street PU/DO | Pass:Veh Ratio | No. of Vehicles Arriving |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Pick-up | 4125 | 5-9% | 248-371 | 0% | 1.2 | 172-309 |
| Drop-off | 6575 | 5-9% | 395-592 | 0% | 1.4 | 235-423 |
| | 10,700 | | | | | 407-732 |

TABLE 5-2. PASSENGER PICK-UP/DROP-OFF TRIP GENERATION - STEELES WEST STATION

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 459 | 459 | 459 | 459 |

5.1.2. Commuter Parking Lot (Park'n'Ride)

The projected parking demand for the Steeles West Station commuter parking lot is 1,459 vehicles. This projection was provided by TTC in their station usage forecast extracted from the EMME/2 transportation model.

It was assumed that 50% of the total park'n'ride commuters arrive and 5% depart during the a.m. peak hour. Since the assumption is an a.m. peak hour projection, the commuter parking trip generation rate for p.m. peak hour traffic volumes was reversed to reflect the p.m. peak hour traffic volumes associated with the park'n'ride facilities.

Table 5-3 shows the trip generation associated with the commuter parking lot for the Steeles West Station.

TABLE 5-3. COMMUTER PARKING ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TRIP RATES - STEELES WEST STATION

| Proposed Parking Demand | AM Peak Hour | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | 1459 | 50% | Arrival at Peak Hour | 5% |
| 730 | | Vehicular Trips | 73 | Vehicular Trips |
| PM Peak Hour | | | | |
| 5% | | Arrival at Peak Hour | 50% | Departure at Peak Hour |
| | 73 | Vehicular Trips | 730 | Vehicular Trips |

TABLE 5-4. COMMUTER PARKING TRIP GENERATION - STEELES WEST STATION

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 730 | 73 | 73 | 730 |

The ultimate potential projected parking supply for the Steeles West Station commuter parking lot is 2,500 stalls. In the event where the ultimate provision of 2,500 parking stalls are fully occupied, the arrival and departure characteristics of the parking lot would be somewhat different to that of a 1,459-capacity parking lot.

Based on the report Origin-Destination Survey of Existing TTC Commuter Parking Lots, prepared by iTRANS for TTC, it was determined that the greater the capacity of the parking lot, the peak period of vehicle arrival and departures occurs over a longer duration. This is evident in the vehicle accumulations survey results for the Finch Subway Station and the Wilson Subway Station, of which the total lot capacity for these two stations are 3,214 and 2,185 stalls, respectively. It was concluded that for a parking lot with greater capacity, the time at which commuters arrive to the parking lot spreads out longer than the typical one-hour peak period. The travellers tend to be destination-oriented instead of parking lot-oriented since they recognize the availability of surplus parking stalls and no significant circulation (searching for parking spaces) is anticipated.

Thus, based on this conclusion and given that not all 50% of the park'n'ride commuters would arrive within the a.m. peak hour for a parking lot with large capacity, the projected 730 vehicular trips, which is approximately 30% of the ultimate 2,500 proposed parking stalls, is an appropriate estimation of the number of total park'n'ride commuters arriving during the a.m. peak hour.

5.1.3. Transit (TTC, YRT and GO Buses)

The future projections of the proposed transit routes and headways associated with the Steeles West Station were provided by TTC and other transit operators. Since the provided information is an a.m. peak

hour forecast, the transit route and frequencies for the p.m. peak hour transit traffic volumes was assumed to be the same as those for the a.m. peak hour.

Tables 5-5 summarizes the future transit routes and frequencies for the Steeles West Station.

Table 5-6 shows the total transit trip generation associated with the proposed transit facility for the Steeles West Station.

| AM Peak Hour | | PM Peak Hour | |
|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| IN | OUT | IN | OUT |
| 254 | 254 | 254 | 254 |

TABLE 5-5. TRANSIT ROUTES AND FREQUENCIES

| Steeles West Station | | Freq. (min) | Buses/Hr/Dir | Buses/Hr |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|------------|
| GO Transit | Route 33 - Guelph | 20 | 3 | 6 |
| | Route 35 - Brampton | 10 | 6 | 12 |
| | Route 36 - Brampton | 10 | 6 | 12 |
| | Route 42 - Bolton | 30 | 2 | 4 |
| | Route 66 - Newmarket | 20 | 3 | 6 |
| | Route 68 - Bradford | 20 | 3 | 6 |
| | Route 44 - Mount Joy* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | Route 46 - Oakville* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | Route 47 - Hamilton* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | Route 48 - Meadowvale* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | Route 49 - Pickering* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | Route 49 - Scarborough* | 7.5 | 8 | 8 |
| | Route 52 - Oshawa* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | Route 53 - Streetsville* | 7.5 | 8 | 8 |
| | Route 55 - Bramalea* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | Route 65 - Barrie* | 20 | 3 | 3 |
| | | | Subtotal | 99 |
| York Region Transit (YRT) | Route 3* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | Route 20* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | proposed Route 360* | 20 | 3 | 3 |
| | proposed 35D Jane* | 5 | 12 | 12 |
| | proposed 107 Keele N* | 5 | 12 | 12 |
| | YRTP | 3 | 20 | 40 |
| | | | Subtotal | 77 |
| TTC Transit | 35 Jane* | 3.67 | 16 | 16 |
| | 35E Jane* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | 41 Keele* | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| | 107 Chesswood* | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| | 108 Driftwood* | 7.25 | 8 | 8 |
| | 106 Sentinel* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | 60B,D,E Steeles West | 12 | 5 | 10 |
| | 60C,F Steeles West* | 6.33 | 9 | 9 |
| | 60X Steeles West* | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| | 84D Sheppard West* | 21 | 3 | 3 |
| | | | Subtotal | 78 |
| | | | Grand Total | 254 |

*Route Terminus

5.2. Trip Distribution and Assignment

The distribution of site traffic (station-related traffic) was based on a review of the boundary road network, an overview of the surrounding community uses, as well as a review of transit opportunities to identify trip paths and destinations.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic volumes for the Steeles West Station are illustrated in Figures 5-1 and 5-2.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour passenger pick-up/drop-off traffic volumes for the Steeles West Station are illustrated in Figures A-1 and A-2 of *Appendix D*, respectively.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hour commuter parking traffic volumes for the Steeles West Station are illustrated in Figures A-3 to A-4 of *Appendix D*.

The assignment of site traffic for the weekday peak hour transit traffic volumes for the Steeles West Station are illustrated in Figure A-5 of *Appendix D*.

TABLE 5-6. TRANSIT TRIP GENERATION - STEELES WEST STATION

Figure 5-1 – A.M. Peak Hour Site Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)

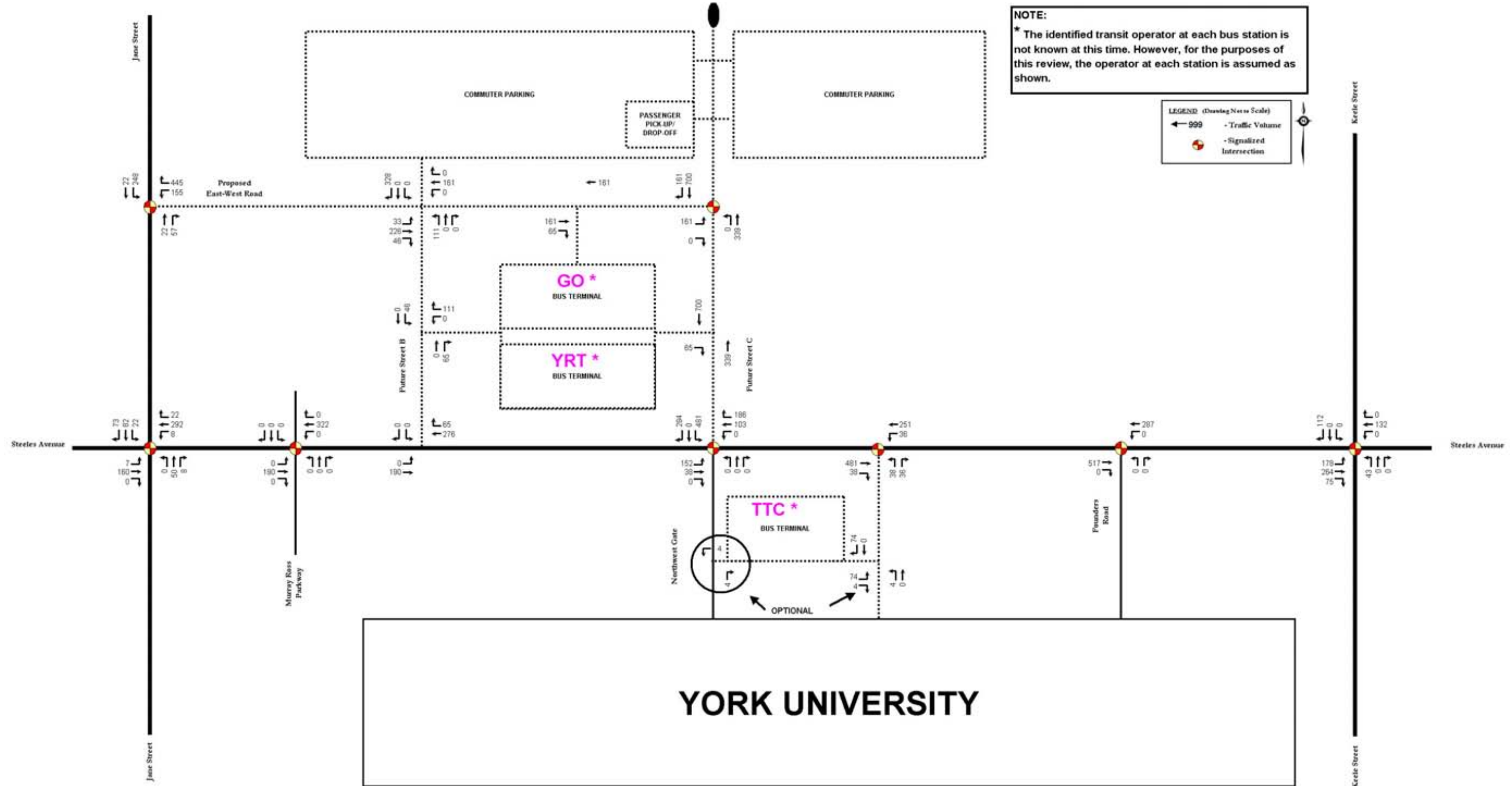
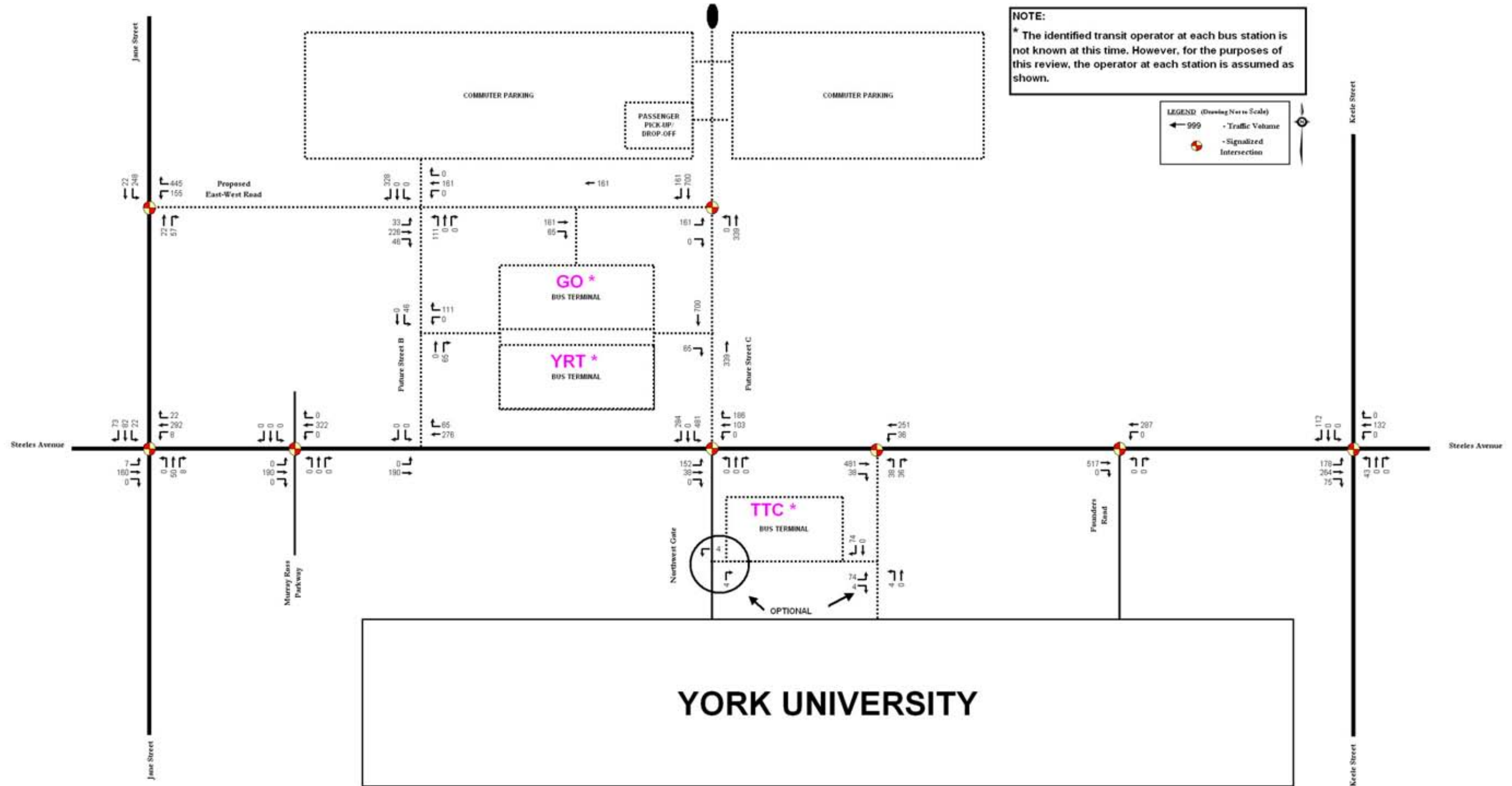


Figure 5-2 – P.M. Peak Hour Site Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)



6.0 FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

6.1. Future Total Traffic

Future total traffic on the boundary road network was based on the sum of the future background traffic and the site traffic for the Steeles West Station.

Figures 6-1 and 6-2 illustrate the future total traffic for the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours for Steeles West Station.

Figure 3-1 illustrates the assumed future lane configurations at the key intersections within the study area for the Steeles West Station.

6.2. Traffic Assessment

The future total traffic operations for the proposed station at the study intersections were analyzed on the basis of the assumed future lane configurations and the future total traffic volumes for the peak hours illustrated in Figures 6-1 and 6-2.

Table 6-1 summarizes the overall Level of Service (LOS), control delay, and volume-to-capacity ratio (v/c) for the study area. Detailed output for the future total traffic conditions for the Steeles West Station are in Appendix E – Intersection Analyses, Future Total Traffic (Steeles West Station).

As with existing and future background conditions, the arterials in the study area notably at the Steeles Avenue / Jane Street and the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersections continue to operate at/over capacity with several critical movements. The intersecting collector roads typically operate well, although high through volumes on the arterials (Steeles Avenue) result in congested operations at the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersection. As noted previously, a key element of the future operations is the implementation of several road and intersection improvements that include; the easterly extension of a new east-west road (Future Street A) beyond Jane Street through to the Steeles West Station; the northerly extension of Northwest Gate (Future Street C) to the new East-West Road; the new north-south road (Future Street B) located just west of the northerly Steeles West Station as a transit only facility; and signal and turn lane improvements at the proposed Jane Street / Future Street A and the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersections.

TABLE 6-1. STEELES WEST STATION: SUMMARY OF INTERSECTION OPERATIONS – ALL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

| INTERSECTIO NS | OVERALL/ CRITICAL MOVEMENT | OPERATIONS (LOS, Delay, and V/C Ratio)* | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| | | EXISTING CONDITIONS | | FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS | | TOTAL FUTURE CONDITIONS | |
| | | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour | A.M. Peak Hour | P.M. Peak Hour |
| Steeles Ave @ Jane St | Intersection | F, >120 s, >1.0 | E, 72 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 | F, 96 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | EB T: F, >120 s, >1.0 WB T: E, 69 s, >1.0 NB T: F, >120 s, >1.0 SB L: F, 114 s, >1.0 SB T: F, 119 s, >1.0 | EB L: F, >120 s, 1.12 WB L: F, 103 s, >1.0 WB T: D, 50 s, 0.95 NB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 NB T: D, 51 s, 0.85 SB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 | EB L EB T WB L WB T NB T SB L SB T | EB L EB T WB L WB T NB T NB T SB L SB T | EB L EB T WB L WB T NB T SB L SB T | EB L EB T WB L WB T NB L NB T NB R SB L SB T SB R |
| Steeles Ave @ Murray Ross Pkwy | Intersection | B, 11 s, 0.70 | B, 16 s, 0.84 | B, 19 s, 0.66 | C, 27 s, 0.79 | B, 18 s, 0.73 | C, 27 s, 0.81 |
| | Critical Movement | | NB T: E, 61 s, 0.84 | - | - | - | - |
| Steeles Ave @ Northwest Gate | Intersection | | | F, >120 s | F, >120 s | C, 30 s, 0.81 | D, 51, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | | | - | - | - | EB L WB L WB T SBL |
| Steeles Ave @ Founders Road | Intersection | B, 12 s, 0.53 | C, 21 s, 0.71 | B, 17 s, 0.57 | B, 20 s, 0.68 | B, 18 s, 0.63 | B, 18 s, 0.81 |
| | Critical Movement | | NB R: E, 63 s, 0.87 | - | - | - | - |
| Steeles Ave @ Keele St | Intersection | E, 58 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 | E, 61 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 | F, 103 s, >1.0 | F, >120 s, >1.0 |
| | Critical Movement | EB T: D, 43 s, 0.87 WB T: E, 80 s, >1.0 SB L: E, 73 s, 0.92 SB T: E, 73 s, >1.0 | EB L: F, 93 s, 0.98 EB T: E, 66 s, 1.02 WB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 WB T: F, >120 s, >1.0 NB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 NB T: D, 53 s, 0.95 SB L: F, >120 s, >1.0 SB T: D, 49 s, 0.92 | EB L EB T WB L WB T SB T | EB L EB T WB L WB T NB L NB T SB L SB T | EB L EB T WB TR NB L NB L NB T SB L SB T | |
| Jane St @ Street A | Intersection | - | - | - | - | D, 47 s, 0.89 | C, 25 s, 0.81 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | - | NB T SB L | NB T SB L |
| Street A @ Future Street C | Intersection | - | - | - | - | B, 14 s, 0.34 | B, 16 s, 0.40 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Steeles Ave @ TTC Bus Terminal | Intersection | - | - | - | - | B, 14 s, 0.70 | B, 11 s, 0.67 |
| | Critical Movement | - | - | - | - | - | - |

* At signalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay greater than 55 seconds are defined as critical. At unsignalized intersections, movements with a v/c ratio greater than 0.85 or an average vehicle delay of greater than 35 seconds are defined as critical movements.

** For unsignalized intersections, the overall intersection operations are stated for the approach or movement with the worst level of service and highest delay.

6.2.1. Proposed East-West Road (Future Street A)

The need for extending the Proposed East-West Road (Future Street A) easterly beyond Future Street C to Keele Street was reviewed. (Notwithstanding that congested conditions are maintained in the future at the

major arterial-arterial intersections, the gateway intersections for the Steeles West Station (i.e. Jane Street/Proposed East-West Road and Steeles Avenue/Northwest Gate provide for route selection flexibility. In addition, the use of this segment of the contemplated East-West Road from Keele Street to reach the Steeles West Station through this route is roughly equal to the distance to the next station further south; Finch West Station along Keele Street. It is therefore anticipated that motorists would generally continue south along Keele Street to reach the Finch West Station, which seems to be more easily accessible for southbound Keele Street motorists. Also, it is noted that the primary orientation of commuter parking and PPUDO traffic from the north is via Jane Street. Finally, it is noted that the primary route for transit vehicles from the north is also via Jane Street. Thus, it is unlikely that a significant traffic associated with the Steeles West Station would divert to this link if it were to be constructed. As such, it is not a vital link for the network and not necessary to be constructed in step with the Steeles West Station.

6.2.2. Recommended Improvements

A review of the analyses results indicates that a general deficiency in through movement capacity exists along Keele Street and Jane Street, both at Steeles Avenue within the study area. The main required improvement to the study roadway network therefore is widening Jane Street and Keele Street through Steeles Avenue to improve traffic operations at the heavily travelled Steeles Avenue / Jane Street and Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersections. It is suggested that the widening extends to a sufficient design distance south of Steeles Avenue to effectively increase northbound through capacity and avoid merging friction that may be caused by an immediate southbound lane drop south of the Steeles Avenue / Jane Street and Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersections. The widening of Keele Street and Jane Street north of Steeles Avenue in the future is consistent with the Region of York road widening plans to widen both streets to six-lane cross sections. Although the extension of Future Street A is not required nor recommended to be constructed at the current time, nevertheless, future operational improvements would be realized if Street A were extended from Steeles West Station easterly to Keele Street providing for additional network flexibility.

In addition to the proposed road widening on Jane Street, it is recommended to extend the 6-lane cross-section on Steeles Avenue through Jane Street to improve the overall intersection operation. The provision of auxiliary right turn lanes on all approaches where property limits and other constraints allow should also be considered.

At the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersection along with the proposed Keele Street road widening, it is suggested that auxiliary right turn lanes be provided on all approaches where property limits and other constraints allow. This would decrease delays, and improve the intersection operations. Further intersection improvements to include dual-left turn lanes on all approaches could be considered in the long term to further improve operations, however the feasibility and cost of this type of improvement potentially preclude it is a viable solution in an urban environment.

The Jane Street / Street A intersection experiences delays due to high southbound left turn volumes. With the above mentioned road widening of Jane Street to six lanes, the overall Level of Service would improve to 'C' during both peak hours with no further improvements required. However, dual southbound left turn lanes in the future are required since there is a significant southbound left-turn volume at this location. The dual southbound left turn lanes, with the inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and the outside for transit vehicles only, are recommended to improve the overall intersection operations at this location and to reduce the southbound left-turn queue arising from the high subject volume, and to reduce delay for transit vehicles undertaking this manoeuvre. The resultant overall intersection LOS with the dual left turn lane is 'C' for both a.m. and p.m. peak hours.

During the p.m. peak hour the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersection experiences delays on the southbound approach mainly due to high southbound left turn volumes. Although southbound dual left turn lanes do not significantly improve the overall intersection operations at this location, nonetheless, dual southbound left turn lanes should be considered to reduce the high southbound left turn queue arising from the significant subject volume. The resultant overall intersection LOS with the improvements are 'C' and 'D' during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours, respectively. The southbound left turn queue was determined to be 17 vehicles with the provision of dual left turn lanes in comparing with a queue length of 60 vehicles without the provision of the dual left turn lanes. As a further consideration, should high southbound left turn queues arise in the future, it is recommended that the dual southbound left turn lanes be configured with the inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and the outside for transit vehicles only to reduce delay for transit vehicles undertaking this manoeuvre.

It is recommended that signal timing at the study intersections be optimized to accommodate traffic movement in the peak hours. Consideration should also be given to further optimization of traffic signal timing that may be accomplished by harmonizing the cycle lengths and coordinating the traffic signals along Steeles Avenue to improve platooning and progression along the corridor.

Detailed output for the supplementary traffic analyses including these geometric improvements for the Steeles West Station are included in *Appendix F*.

In summary, there are additional road improvements that are currently being planned by other agencies. They are:

- *Construct a new east-west road (Future Street A) easterly beyond Jane Street through to the Steeles West Station. This is a previously proposed improvement noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;*
- *Extend Northwest Gate (Future Street C) northerly to the new east-west road (Future Street A) as noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;*
- *Construct a new north-south road as a transit only facility (Future Street B) located just west of the northerly Steeles West Station, as noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;*
- *As part of the Region of York's Transportation and Works 10-Year Construction Program, it is proposed to widen Keele Street to a six-lane cross-section from Highway 407 to Steeles Avenue in 2008. It is recommended that additional consideration to extend the widening of Keele Street to just south of Steeles Avenue; and*
- *As part of the Region of York's Transportation and Works 10-Year Construction Program, it is proposed to widen Jane Street to a six-lane cross-section from Highway 7 to south of Steeles Avenue in 2012. It is recommended that additional consideration to extend the widening of Jane Street to just south of Steeles Avenue.*

Further to the above improvements, the following improvements are recommended to be implemented as part of the Spadina Subway Extension undertaking and the construction of Steeles West Station at this location:

- *Signalize the proposed Jane Street / East-West Road and the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersections and implement turn lane improvements;*
- *At the Jane Street / East-West Road (Street A) intersection, construct dual southbound left turn lanes with the provision of an inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and an outside left turn lane for transit vehicles only;*
- *At the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate / Street C intersection, construct dual southbound left turn lanes. In the future, should high southbound left turn queues arise, configure the dual southbound left turn lanes with an inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and an outside left turn lane for transit vehicles only;*

The following additional improvements should be considered during the design of the Spadina Subway Extension and the Steeles West Station:

- *At the Steeles Avenue / Jane Street intersection, extend the 6-lane cross-section on Steeles Avenue westerly through Jane Street and consider auxiliary right turn lanes where feasible;*
- *At the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersection, consider auxiliary right turn lanes where feasible;*
- *It is recommended that existing right turn lay-bys / bus-bays at the study intersections be upgraded to standard right turn lanes to allow more effective right turn capacity; and*
- *It is recommended that signal timing at the study intersections be monitored in the future to continue to be optimized to accommodate traffic movement in the peak hours. Consideration should also be given to further optimization of traffic signal timing that may be accomplished by harmonizing the cycle lengths and coordinating the traffic signals along Jane Street, Keele Street and Steeles Avenue to improve platooning and progression along these corridors.*

Figure 6-1 – Future Total A.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)

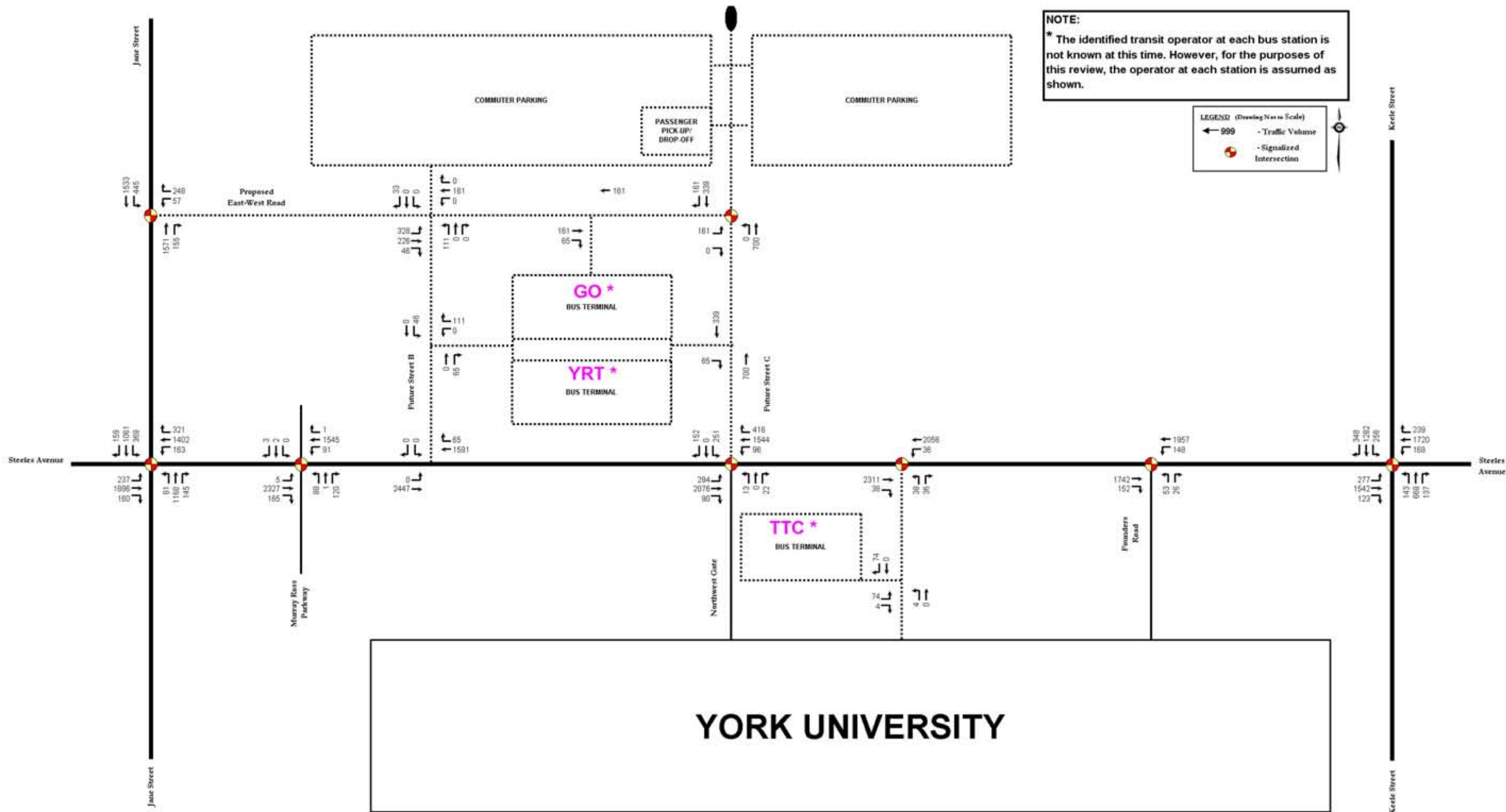
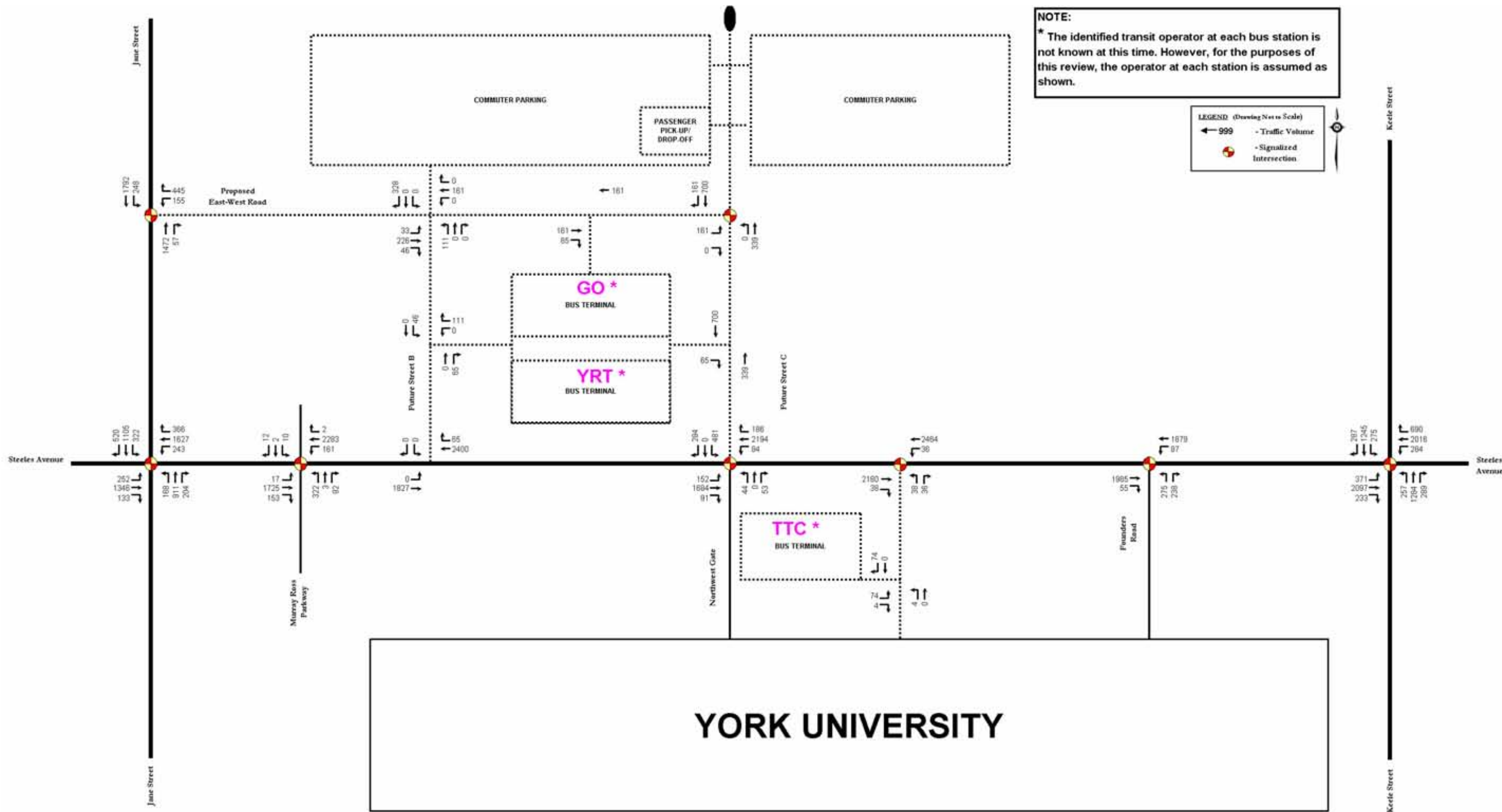


Figure 6-2 – Future Total P.M. Peak Hour Traffic Volumes (Steeles West Station)



7.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This Traffic Impact Study has been prepared to document the study methodology, findings and evaluations associated with the proposed TTC Spadina Subway Extension and the proposed station concept at the Steeles West Station.

The analyses of the existing intersection conditions reveal poor overall intersection levels of service at all major arterial-arterial intersections within the Study Area (at-capacity or over-capacity during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours). The analyses of the existing intersection conditions confirm the existing traffic characteristics. Travel patterns by time-of-day show that traffic loading on all of the major arterials is very commuter-oriented. Significant queuing and traffic congestion exists on many of the arterial roads within the Study Area, particularly on Keele Street north of Steeles Avenue.

These congested traffic conditions are significantly contributed to by high inter-regional traffic volumes and are typical conditions on regional arterial systems. The nature of such traffic congestion is mainly associated with the travellers' commuting peak hours during the morning and afternoon peak commuting periods. While congested operations (in terms of delays, queuing, and low reserved capacity) are encountered at the Major Arterial-Major Arterial intersections, acceptable operations at collector-arterial intersections are exhibited, despite relatively high inbound and outbound traffic turning movements at the gateways to significant traffic generators, such as at York University.

The key elements of the improved road network configuration include an easterly extension of a new east-west road (Future Street A) beyond Jane Street through to the Steeles West Station, a northerly extension of Northwest Gate (Future Street C) to the new East-West Road, a new north-south road as a transit only facility (Future Street B) located just west of the northerly Steeles West Station, as well as a signal and turn lane improvements at the proposed Jane Street / East-West Road and the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersections. These road and intersection improvements have been identified as a means to provide access to the proposed Steeles West Station.

Trip generation for the Steeles West Station was based on the sum of the passenger pick-up/drop-off (PPUDO) traffic, commuter parking lot (park'n'ride) traffic and transit traffic. The vehicular trip generation associated with the passenger pick-up/drop-off facility is expected to result in about 459 inbound and 459 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours. The vehicular trip generation associated with the commuter parking lot is expected to result in about 730 inbound and 730 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. peak hour, and 73 inbound and 730 outbound trips during the p.m. peak hour. The transit trip generation associated with the transit facility is expected to result in about 254 inbound and 254 outbound trips on the boundary road network during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours.

Based on a review of the future total analyses results, the arterials in the study area, notably at the Steeles Avenue / Jane Street and the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersections continue to operate at/over-capacity with several critical movements.

URS also undertook some supplementary traffic analyses based on the contemplated road and intersection improvement considerations to identify the impact of these improvements. Based on the result of the supplementary analyses with those additional recommended improvements, if all the recommended improvements were to be implemented, this would result in improved operations in the study area and

better findings than those reported in this study. The results generally revealed improvement of overall intersection delays at the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street and Steeles Avenue / Jane Street intersections.

In summary, there are additional road improvements that are currently being planned by other agencies. They are:

- Construct a new east-west road (Future Street A) easterly beyond Jane Street through to the Steeles West Station. This is a previously proposed improvement noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;
- Extend Northwest Gate (Future Street C) northerly to the new east-west road (Future Street A) as noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;
- Construct a new north-south road as a transit only facility (Future Street B) located just west of the northerly Steeles West Station, as noted within the Highway 7 Corridor and Vaughan North-South Link Public Transit Improvements EA study by the Region of York;
- As part of the Region of York's Transportation and Works 10-Year Construction Program, it is proposed to widen Keele Street to a six-lane cross-section from Highway 407 to Steeles Avenue in 2008. It is recommended that additional consideration to extend the widening of Keele Street to just south of Steeles Avenue; and
- As part of the Region of York's Transportation and Works 10-Year Construction Program, it is proposed to widen Jane Street to a six-lane cross-section from Highway 7 to south of Steeles Avenue in 2012. It is recommended that additional consideration to extend the widening of Jane Street to just south of Steeles Avenue.

Further to the above improvements, the following improvements are recommended to be implemented as part of the Spadina Subway Extension undertaking and the construction of Steeles West Station at this location:

- Signalize the proposed Jane Street / East-West Road and the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate intersections and implement turn lane improvements;
- At the Jane Street / East-West Road (Street A) intersection, construct dual southbound left turn lanes with the provision of an inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and an outside left turn lane for transit vehicles only; and
- At the Steeles Avenue / Northwest Gate / Street C intersection, construct dual southbound left turn lanes. In the future, should high southbound left turn queues arise, configure the dual southbound left turn lanes with an inside left turn lane for general purpose traffic and an outside left turn lane for transit vehicles only;

The following additional improvements should be considered during the design of the Spadina Subway Extension and the Steeles West Station:

- *At the Steeles Avenue / Jane Street intersection, extend the 6-lane cross-section on Steeles Avenue westerly through Jane Street and consider auxiliary right turn lanes where feasible;*
- *At the Steeles Avenue / Keele Street intersection, consider auxiliary right turn lanes where feasible;*
- *It is recommended that existing right turn lay-bys / bus-bays at the study intersections be upgraded to standard right turn lanes to allow more effective right turn capacity; and*
- *It is recommended that signal timing at the study intersections be monitored in the future to continue to be optimized to accommodate traffic movement in the peak hours. Consideration should also be given to further optimization of traffic signal timing that may be accomplished by harmonizing the cycle lengths and coordinating the traffic signals along Jane Street, Keele Street and Steeles Avenue to improve platooning and progression along these corridors.*

APPENDIX A
LEVEL OF SERVICE DEFINITIONS

**LEVEL OF SERVICE
FOR
SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS
(Highway Capacity Manual, 2000)**

The assessment of operations for signalized intersections is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000.

Level of service for signalized intersections is defined in terms of delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort and frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. Specifically, level-of-service (LOS) criteria are stated in terms of the control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period.

LOS A described operations with very low delay, up to 10 seconds per vehicle. This level of service occurs when progression is extremely favourable and most vehicles arrive during the green phase. Most vehicles do not stop at all. Short cycle lengths may also contribute to low delay.

LOS B describes operations with delay greater than 10 and up to 20 seconds per vehicle. This level generally occurs with good progression, short cycle lengths, or both. More vehicles stop than with LOS A, causing higher levels of average delay.

LOS C describes operations with delay greater than 20 and up to 35 seconds per vehicle. These higher delays may result from fair progression, longer cycle lengths, or both. Individual cycle failures may begin to appear at this level. The number of vehicles stopping is significant at this level, though many still pass through the intersection without stopping.

LOS D describes operations with delay greater than 35 and up to 55 seconds per vehicle. At level D, the influence of congestion becomes more noticeable. Longer delays may result from some combination of unfavourable progression, long cycle lengths, or high v/c ratios. Many vehicles stop, and the proportion of vehicles not stopping declines. Individual cycle failures are noticeable.

LOS E describes operations with delay greater than 55 and up to 80 seconds per vehicle. This level is considered by many agencies to be the limit of acceptable delay. These high delay values generally indicate poor progression, long cycle lengths, and high v/c ratios. Individual cycle failures are frequent occurrences.

LOS F describes operations with delay in excess of 80 seconds per vehicle. This level, considered to be unacceptable to most drivers, often occurs with over-saturation, that is, when arrival flow rates exceed the capacity of the intersection. It may also occur at high v/c ratios below 1.0 with many individual cycle failures. Poor progression and long cycle lengths may also be major contributing causes to such delay levels.

| Level of Service | Stopped Delay Per Vehicle (Seconds) |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A | ≤ 10.0 |
| B | > 10.0 and ≤ 20.0 |
| C | > 20.0 and ≤ 35.0 |
| D | > 35.0 and ≤ 55.0 |
| E | > 55.0 and ≤ 80.0 |
| F | > 80.0 |

**LEVEL OF SERVICE
FOR
UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS
(TWO-WAY AND ALL-WAY STOP CONTROL)**

The assessment of operations for unsignalized intersections is based on the results of the Highway Capacity Software (HCS), which is based on the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, 2000.

Level of service for two-way stop controlled intersections is defined in terms of delay, which is a measure of driver discomfort and frustration, fuel consumption, and lost travel time. Specifically, level-of-service (LOS) criteria are stated in terms of the average control delay per vehicle for a 15-minute analysis period.

| Level of Service | Average Total Delay (Seconds/Vehicle) |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A | ≤ 10 |
| B | > 10 and ≤ 15 |
| C | > 15 and ≤ 25 |
| D | > 25 and ≤ 35 |
| E | > 35 and ≤ 50 |
| F | > 50 |

APPENDIX B
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
EXISTING TRAFFIC

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street Steeles Avenue N/S St: Jane Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Includes sub-columns for L, T, R lanes. Data includes No. Lanes, LGConf, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, and Duration.

Intersection Performance Summary

Table showing performance metrics for each approach: Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/c, Delay, LOS, and Approach.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: a.liu Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Intersection: URS Canada Inc. All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street Steeles Avenue N/S St: Jane Street

VOLUME DATA

Detailed volume table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lanes (L, T, R). Includes Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, and various flow metrics.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table of operating parameters for each lane group, including Inlet Queue, Arriv. Umnet, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, and Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA

Table showing phase combinations and signal operations for the intersection, including EB, WB, NB, and SB Right/Thru/Lane types.

Summary table with columns for Green, Yellow, and All Red times for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table for volume adjustment and saturation flow, showing values for V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop LTs, and Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Includes LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fP, fFB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, and fLPb metrics.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table for Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity, including Adj, Flow Rate, Adj Sat, Flow, Capacity, Green, Lane Group, and Ratio.

Capacity Analysis table showing detailed results for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound lane groups, including Prot, Perm, Left, and Right types.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 1.56
Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C)/(C-L) = 1.76

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table for control delay and LOS determination, including Appr, Lane, Del, Adj, Grp, Factor, Del, Lane Group, Delay, and Approach.

Intersection Delay = 72.2 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = E

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for exclusive lefts

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table with columns for EB, WB, NB, and SB. Includes Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, and various other parameters.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, flt 0.075 0.075 0.186 0.114

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for shared lefts

Input EB WB NB SB

Supplemental permitted left turns table with columns for EB, WB, NB, SB. Includes Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, and various other parameters.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Permitted Left Turns EB WB NB SB

Supplemental pedestrian and bicycle effects table with columns for EB, WB, NB, SB. Includes Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Pedestrian flow rate, and various other parameters.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Supplemental uniform delay table with columns for Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, and various other parameters.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Delay/LOS worksheet table with columns for Appr, Umet, Demand, Unadj, Adj, Param, Demand, Delay, and various other parameters.

Main data table for signal timing and queue data, including columns for Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, LncCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pltn Ratio, Q1, kB, Q2, Q Spacing, Q Storage, and Q S Ratio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Steeles Ave / MurrayRoss Pkwy
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Murray Ross Parkway

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns: Phase Combination, Signal Operations, Left, Thru, Right, Peds. Rows include EB Left, WB Left, NB Right, SB Right.

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane Grp, Lane Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/C, Delay LOS, Approach. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: a.liu Steeles Ave / MurrayRoss Pkwy
Intersection: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, Hi Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumPark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop LTs, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Umet, Arriv. Type, Unit Ext., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g.

Table with 8 columns: Phase Combination, Signal Operations, Left, Thru, Right, Peds. Rows include EB Left, WB Left, NB Right, SB Right.

Green 81.0 25.0
Yellow 4.0 4.0
All Red 3.0 3.0
Cycle Length: 120.0 secs

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Volume, V, PHF, Adj Flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop LTs, Prop RTs.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Saturation Flow Rate, LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fg, fp, fFB, fEA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec., flpb, frpb, S.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 7 columns: Appr/Lane Grp, Lane Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, Delay LOS, Approach, Ratio. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.74
Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.84

Table with 7 columns: Appr/Lane Grp, Lane Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, Delay LOS, Approach, Ratio. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Intersection Delay = 16.2 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo, Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo, Opposing flow, VoLc=VoC/[3600(No)FLUo], gf=(exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1), gf<eg, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo, Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0], qq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=g-qq if qq>gf, or = g-gf if qq<gf, n=Max(gg-gf/2,0), PTho=1-PLTo, PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g]/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0), fmin=2(1+PL1)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fm=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fm*[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.090 0.153 0.741

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo, Opposing flow, VoLc=VoC/[3600(No)FLUo] (veh/ln/cyc), gf=(exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1), gf<eg, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0], qq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=g-qq if qq>gf, or = g-gf if qq<gf, n=Max(gg-gf/2,0), PTho=1-PLTo, PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g]/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0), fmin=2(1+PL1)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fm=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fm*[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, qq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, qq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, flrb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT. Rows include Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, qq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-qq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max(X,1.0))), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=s(gg+gu)/(gu*3600), XPerm, XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, dl

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Initial Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial Final Queue, Demand, Demand Delay, Group, Q veh, t hrs., ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, L, T, R, L, TR, L, TR, LTR.

Table with 4 columns: Flow Rate, No.Lanes, LNCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Grn Ratio, I Factor, AT or PVG, P1tn Ratio, PF2, Q1, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, fB8, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, fB8, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, fB8, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output, fB8, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, fB8, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: a.liu
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound lanes and traffic volumes.

Phase Combination table showing traffic signals for EB Left, WB Left, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, and All Red.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, v/c, g/c, Delay, LOS, and Delay LOS.

Table showing performance metrics for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches, including intersection delay and LOS.

Operational Analysis section including contact information (Phone, Fax, E-Mail) and analyst details.

Control Delay and LOS Determination section including formulas for Yc, Xc, and various delay and LOS calculations.

VOLUME DATA table providing detailed traffic volume breakdown for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table detailing initial queue, arrival type, unit extension, I Factor, lost time, and ped min g for all approaches.

PHASE DATA table showing phase combinations and signal settings for EB Left, WB Left, NB Right, and SB Right.

Existing Traffic Conditions table with columns for Green, Yellow, and All Red phases across different approaches.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table showing volume adjustments and saturation flow rates for each lane.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET table providing capacity analysis and LOS for each lane group.

Table showing control delay and LOS determination for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table detailing permitted left-turn traffic for each approach.

Table showing intersection delay and LOS for the intersection, including supplemental permitted left-turn data.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for exclusive lefts, detailing input and output for each approach.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, flt = 0.116
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table for shared lefts, showing EB, WB, NB, SB inputs.

Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach
Cycle length, C = 110.0 sec
Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) = 67.0

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table showing permitted left turns and pedestrian/bicycle effects.

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s)
Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h)
Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h)
Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s)

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table showing cycle length, v/c ratio, protected phase effective green interval, and other delay parameters.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table showing initial queue, arrival type, unit extension, and other delay parameters.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET table showing lane group, delay, and LOS for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

Table showing queue and delay parameters for various approaches, including I Factor, AT or PVB, PLTR Ratio, and Percentile Output.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: a.liu Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Keele St
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Keele Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound, showing traffic volumes and lane configurations.

Phase Combination 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 table showing traffic signal timing and lane assignments for various movement types.

Intersection Performance Summary table showing delay, LOS, and saturation flow rates for each approach and lane group.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: a.liu Steeles Avenue / Keele St
Intersection: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Existing Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Avenue North/South Street: Keele Street

VOLUME DATA table showing traffic volumes for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound approaches.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table showing various operational settings like saturation flow rates and delay factors.

PHASE DATA table showing phase combinations and their corresponding lane assignments.

Green 12.0 34.0 6.0 38.0
Yellow 3.0 4.0 3.0 4.0
All Red 1.0 2.0 1.0 2.0
Cycle Length: 110.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table detailing flow adjustments and saturation factors.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors) table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET table showing capacity analysis and LOS for each lane group.

Control Delay and LOS Determination table showing control delay and LOS for various lane groups and movements.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.81
Total lost time per cycle, L = 24.00 sec
Critical flow ratio to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 1.04

Control Delay and LOS Determination table (continued) showing detailed delay and LOS calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table showing detailed calculations for permitted left-turn movements.

Existing Traffic Conditions

Left-turn adjustment, fLT 0.105 0.105 0.095 0.257
For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET table showing detailed calculations for shared left-turn movements.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl>=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table showing pedestrian and bicycle effects calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table showing uniform delay calculations.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table showing delay and LOS calculations with initial queue.

Table showing various traffic performance metrics like queue lengths, flow rates, and ratios for different approaches.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

APPENDIX C
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

Steeles West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

HCS2000: Unsignalized Intersections Release 4.1d

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY
Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Intersection: Steeles Ave / Northwest Gate
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Ave
North/South Street: Northwest Gate
Intersection Orientation: EW
Study period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments table with columns for Major Street, Approach, Movement, and Volume for Northbound and Southbound directions.

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service table with columns for Movement, EB, WB, Northbound, Southbound, and various delay/queue metrics.

HCS2000: Unsignalized Intersections Release 4.1d

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail:

TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL(TWSC) ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Date Performed: 5/17/2005
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Intersection: Steeles Ave / Northwest Gate
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Units: U. S. Metric
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Ave
North/South Street: Northwest Gate
Intersection Orientation: EW
Study period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments table for TWSC analysis, similar to the first table but with different volume values.

Pedestrian Volumes and Adjustments table with columns for Movements and various pedestrian volume metrics.

Upstream Signal Data table with columns for Prog, Sat Flow, Sat Arr, Green, Cycle, Prog, and Distance.

Worksheet 3-Data for Computing Effect of Delay to Major Street Vehicles table with columns for Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Worksheet 4-Critical Gap and Follow-up Time Calculation table with columns for Movement and Critical Gap Calculation.

Table with columns t(c,base), t(c,hv), P(hv), t(c,g), Grade/100, t(3,lc), t(c,T), and t(c).

Follow-Up Time Calculations table with columns Movement, L, L, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, T, R.

Worksheet 5-Effect of Upstream Signals table with columns V(t), V(1,prot), and V(1,prot).

Computation 2-Propotion of TWSC Intersection Time blocked table with columns V(t), V(1,prot), and V(1,prot).

alpha, beta, Travel time, t(a) (sec), Smoothing Factor, F, Max platooned flow, V(c,max), Min platooned flow, V(c,min), Duration of blocked period, t(p), and Propotion time blocked, p.

Computation 3-Platoon Event Periods Result table with columns p(2), p(5), p(dom), and p(subo).

Proportion unblocked for minor movements, p(x) table with columns (1) Single-stage Process, (2) Two-Stage Process Stage I, and (3) Two-Stage Process Stage II.

Computation 4 and 5 Single-Stage Process table with columns Movement and various delay/queue metrics.

Two-Stage Process table with columns Stage1, Stage2, Stage1, Stage2, Stage1, Stage2, Stage1, Stage2.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations table with columns Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, and Step 4.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations table with columns Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, and Step 4.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations table with columns Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, and Step 4.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations table with columns Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, and Step 4.

Worksheet 6-Impedance and Capacity Equations table with columns Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, and Step 4.

Worksheet 7-Computation of the Effect of Two-stage Gap Acceptance table with columns Step 3.

Worksheet 7-Computation of the Effect of Two-stage Gap Acceptance table with columns Part 1 and Part 2.

Potential Capacity Pedestrian Impedance Factor table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Part 3 - Single Stage Conflicting Flows table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Part 4 - First Stage Conflicting Flows table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Part 2 - Second Stage Conflicting Flows table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Part 3 - Single Stage Conflicting Flows table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Results for Two-stage process: a, y, C t table with columns Movement Capacity and Potential Capacity.

Worksheet 8-Shared Lane Calculations table with columns Movement, L, T, R, L, T, R.

Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches table with columns Movement, L, T, R, L, T, R.

Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches table with columns Movement, L, T, R, L, T, R.

Worksheet 9-Computation of Effect of Flared Minor Street Approaches table with columns Movement, L, T, R, L, T, R.

Worksheet 10-Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service table with columns Movement, Lane Config, and various delay/queue metrics.

Worksheet 10-Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service table with columns Movement, Lane Config, and various delay/queue metrics.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

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Worksheet 11-Shared Major LT Impedance and Delay table with columns Movement 2 and Movement 5.

Steeles West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: AM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R) for each direction. Values include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, and RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns representing Phase Combinations (1-8) and rows for EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Table titled 'Intersection Performance Summary' with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay, and LOS for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Steeles Avenue / Founders Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, H/Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, Park/Exist, Num/Mark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, \$InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop Rts, Peds Bikes, Buses, \$InPrdPhase, and Duration.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, and Pst Min g.

Table with 8 columns representing Phase Combinations (1-8) and rows for EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Volume Adjustment and Saturation Flow.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, and Prop Rts.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Saturation Flow Rate, LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fa, flfu, ffrt, flt, Sec., flpb, fRpb, and S.

Table titled 'CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET' with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, Lane Group, and Ratio.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Prot, Perm, Thru, Right, and various flow and LOS metrics.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.47
Total lost time per cycle, L = 20.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.57

Table titled 'Control Delay and LOS Determination' with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Del, Adj, Prog, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, and Approach.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Intersection Delay = 17.2 (sec/veh) and Intersection LOS = B.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Input: Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, EB WB NB SB. Cycle length, C = 110.0 sec. Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) = 70.0. Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s) = 60.0. Opposing effective green time, go (s) = 57.0. Number of lanes in LT lane group, N = 1. Number of lanes in opposing approach, No = 3. Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h) = 151. Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT = 1.000. Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo = 0.00. Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) = 1640. Lost time for LT lane group, Lt = 7.00. Computation: LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600 = 4.61. Opposing lane util. factor, fLto = 0.908. Opposing flow, VoLto=VoC/(3600(No)FLto) (veh/ln/cyc) = 18.40. gf=G/exp(-a*(LTC**b))-t1, gf<=g = 0.0. Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11) = 1.00. Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0] = 0.48. gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8) = 26.64. gu=g-gq if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf = 33.36. n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0 = 1.00. PTHo=1-PLTo = 1.00. PL*PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)] = 7.19. ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3) = 1.00. EL2=Max(1-PTHo**n)/PLto, 1.0 = 1.00. fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g = 0.07. gdif=Max(gq-gf,0) = 0.00. flt=fg/g+(gu/g)/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00) = 0.08. flt=fg+(gu/g)/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fmin<=1.00) or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N** = 0.077. Left-turn adjustment, fLT = 0.077.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table titled 'SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts' with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Del, Adj, Prog, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, and Approach.

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT = 0.000 0.000
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo = 0.000 0.000
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) = 1640
Lost time for LT lane group, Lt = 7.00

Computation: LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600 = 4.61. Opposing lane util. factor, fLto = 0.908. Opposing flow, VoLto=VoC/(3600(No)FLto) (veh/ln/cyc) = 18.40. gf=G/exp(-a*(LTC**b))-t1, gf<=g = 0.0. Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11) = 1.00. Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0] = 0.48. gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8) = 26.64. gu=g-gq if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf = 33.36. n=Max(gq-gf)/2,0 = 1.00. PTHo=1-PLTo = 1.00. PL*PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)] = 7.19. ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3) = 1.00. EL2=Max(1-PTHo**n)/PLto, 1.0 = 1.00. fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g = 0.07. gdif=Max(gq-gf,0) = 0.00. flt=fg/g+(gu/g)/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00) = 0.08. flt=fg+(gu/g)/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fmin<=1.00) or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N** = 0.077. Left-turn adjustment, fLT = 0.077.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

Table titled 'SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET' with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Del, Adj, Prog, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, and Approach.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Cycle length, C = 110.0 sec. Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v = 151. v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X = 0.62. Protected phase effective green interval, g (s) = 10.0. Opposing queue effective green interval, gq = 26.64. Unopposed green interval, gu = 33.36. Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu) = 40.0. Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])) = 0.04. Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=s/3600 = 0.496. Permitted ph. departure rate, Sps=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600) = 1.03. XProt = 0.42. Case = 3. Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa = 1.76. Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu = 1.12. Residual queue, Qr = 0.08. Uniform Delay, d1 = 16.3.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include Initial Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Unmet Queue, Initial Lane, and Group.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Q2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound) and 3 sub-columns (L, T, R). Values include fb%, BOQ, QSRatio, and 98th Percentile Output.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

Steeles West Station - Future Background Traffic Conditions

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Jane Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns (1-8) representing signal phases. Rows include Phase Combination, EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Intersection Performance Summary

Table with 5 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Lane Group Approach. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Future Background Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street North/South Street
Steeles Avenue Jane Street

VOLUME DATA

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, HI Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, \$InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, \$InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA

Table with 8 columns (1-8) representing signal phases. Rows include EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Cycle Length: 120.0 secs

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, L, T, R.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, Prop RTs.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Saturation Flow Rate, LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, fSec, fLPB, fRPB, S.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Capacity Analysis, Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, Lane Group, Capacity, Ratio.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 1.09
Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 1.23

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Prog Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, Approach, Del, Adj, Grp, Factor, Del, Delay LOS, Delay LOS.

Intersection Delay = 96.1 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = F

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C, Opposing lane util. factor, fLDO, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)FLDO], g=fg*exp(-a*(LTC**b))-lt, gf<=gg, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), su=gg if gg>=gf, or = g-gf if gg<gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-PTHo**N)/PLto, 1.0, fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g, gdif=Max(gg-gf,0), f=fg/g/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=fm*0.91(N-1)/N** Left-turn adjustment, FLT, 0.082 0.082 0.148 0.138

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h).

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C, Opposing lane util. factor, fLDO, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)FLDO], g=fg*exp(-a*(LTC**b))-lt, gf<=gg, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), su=gg if gg>=gf, or = g-gf if gg<gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-PTHo**N)/PLto, 1.0, fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g, gdif=Max(gg-gf,0), f=fg/g/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=fm*0.91(N-1)/N** Left-turn adjustment, FLT, 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, sq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, sq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBt, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBt, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, fRpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time tr=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*max(X,1.0)), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gg+gu)/(gu*3600), Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1, EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Initial Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane, Lane Demand, Demand, Adj., Param. Demand, Delay, Lane Group, Q veh, t hrs, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec.

Intersection Delay 96.1 sec/veh Intersection LOS F

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No.Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Q2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

APPENDIX D
PPUDO, PARK'N'RIDE AND TRANSIT TRAFFIC VOLUMES
FOR STEELES WEST STATION

Figure A-1 – A.M. Peak Hour Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Traffic Volumes

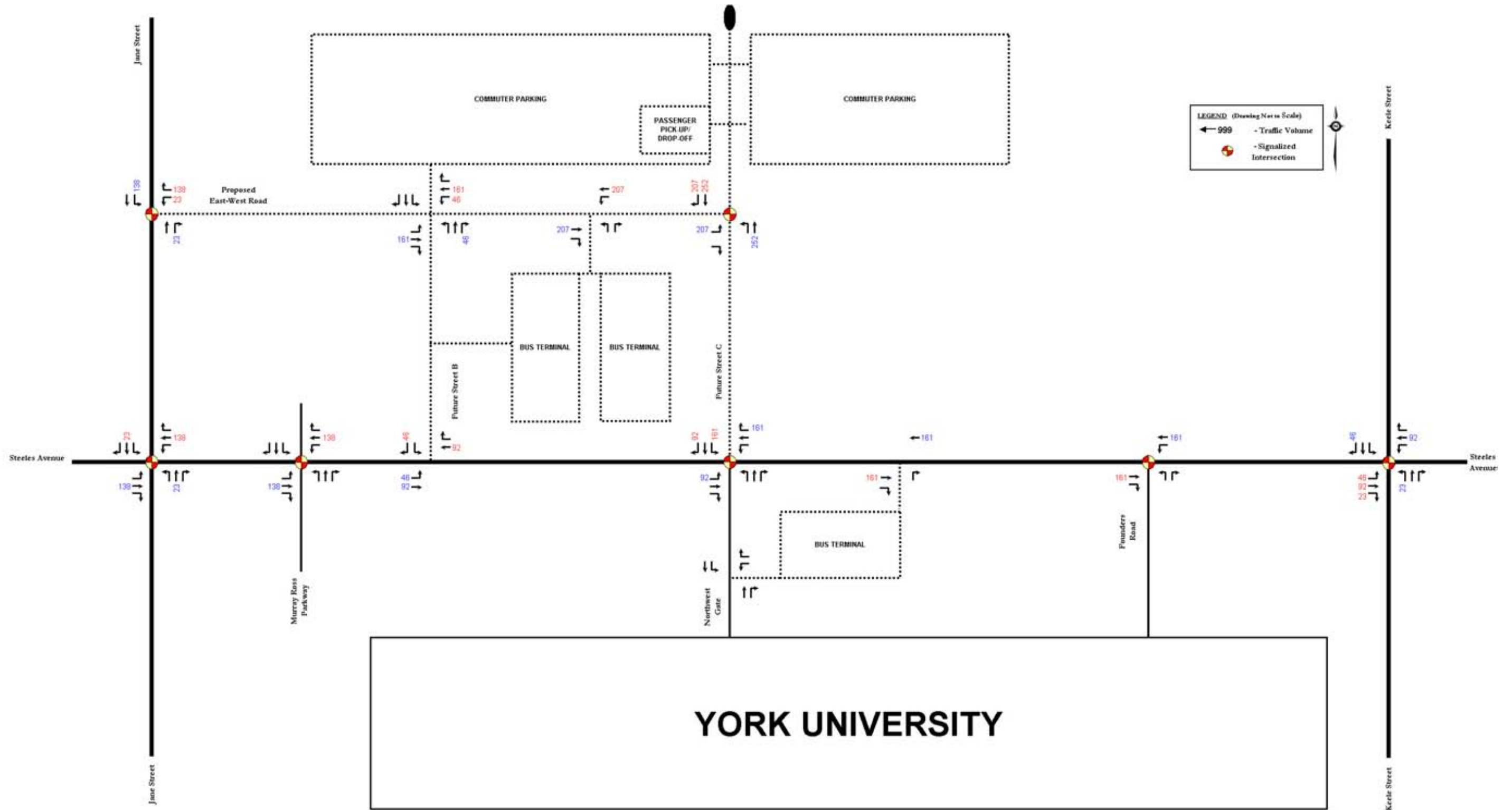


Figure A-2 – P.M. Peak Hour Passenger Pick-up/Drop-off Traffic Volumes

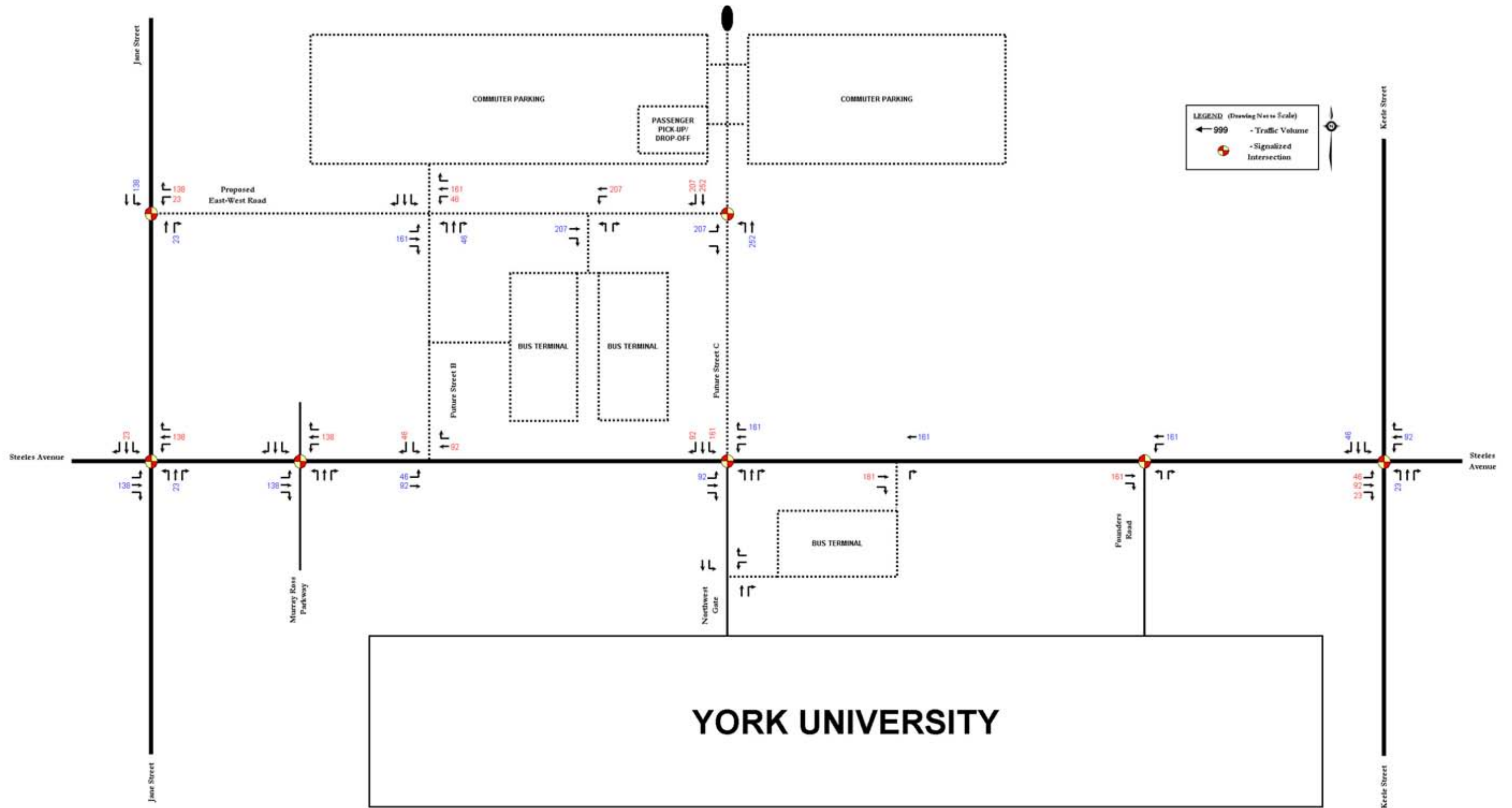


Figure A-3 – A.M. Peak Hour Commuter Parking Traffic Volumes

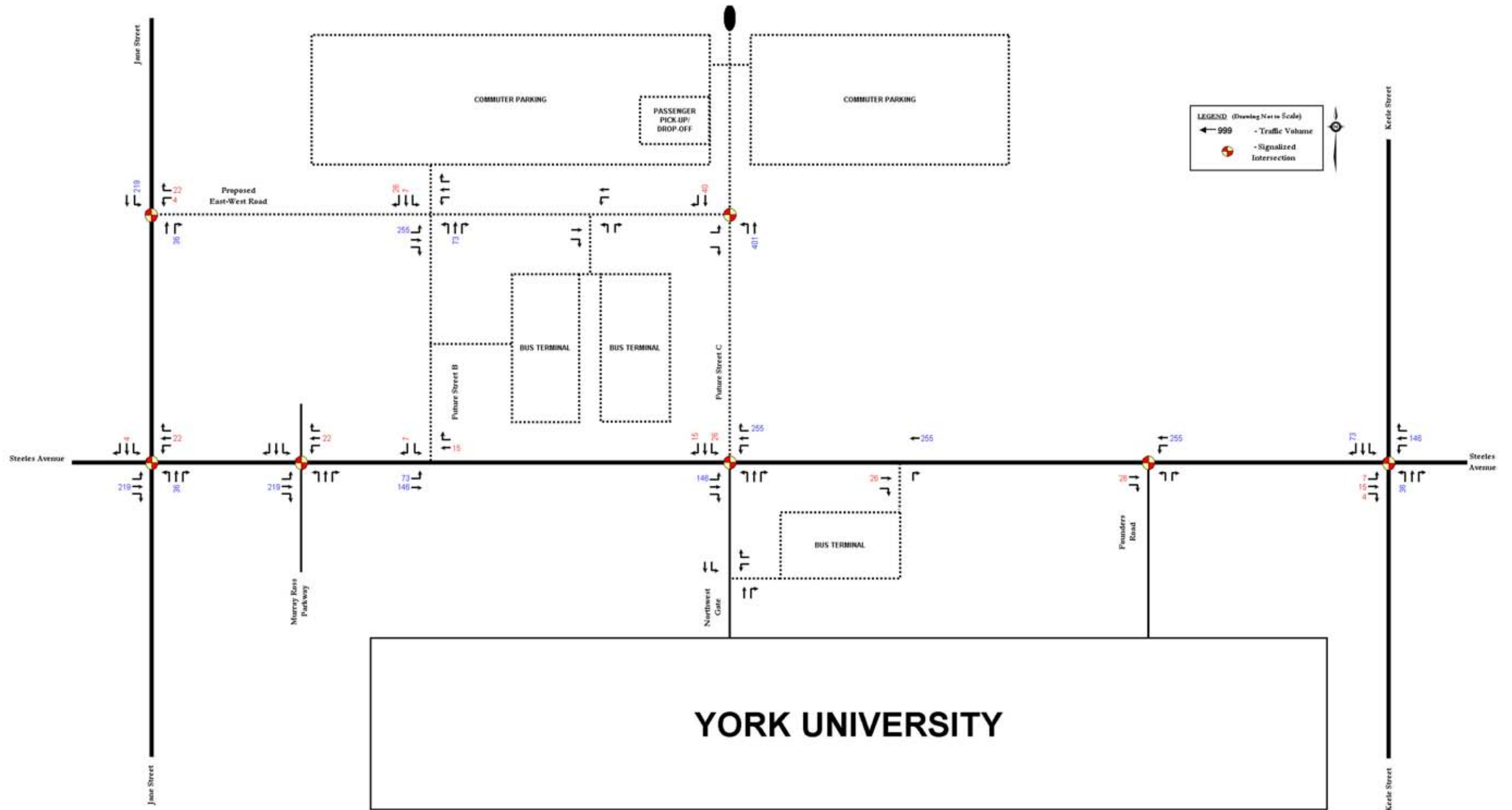


Figure A-4 – P.M. Peak Hour Commuter Parking Traffic Volumes

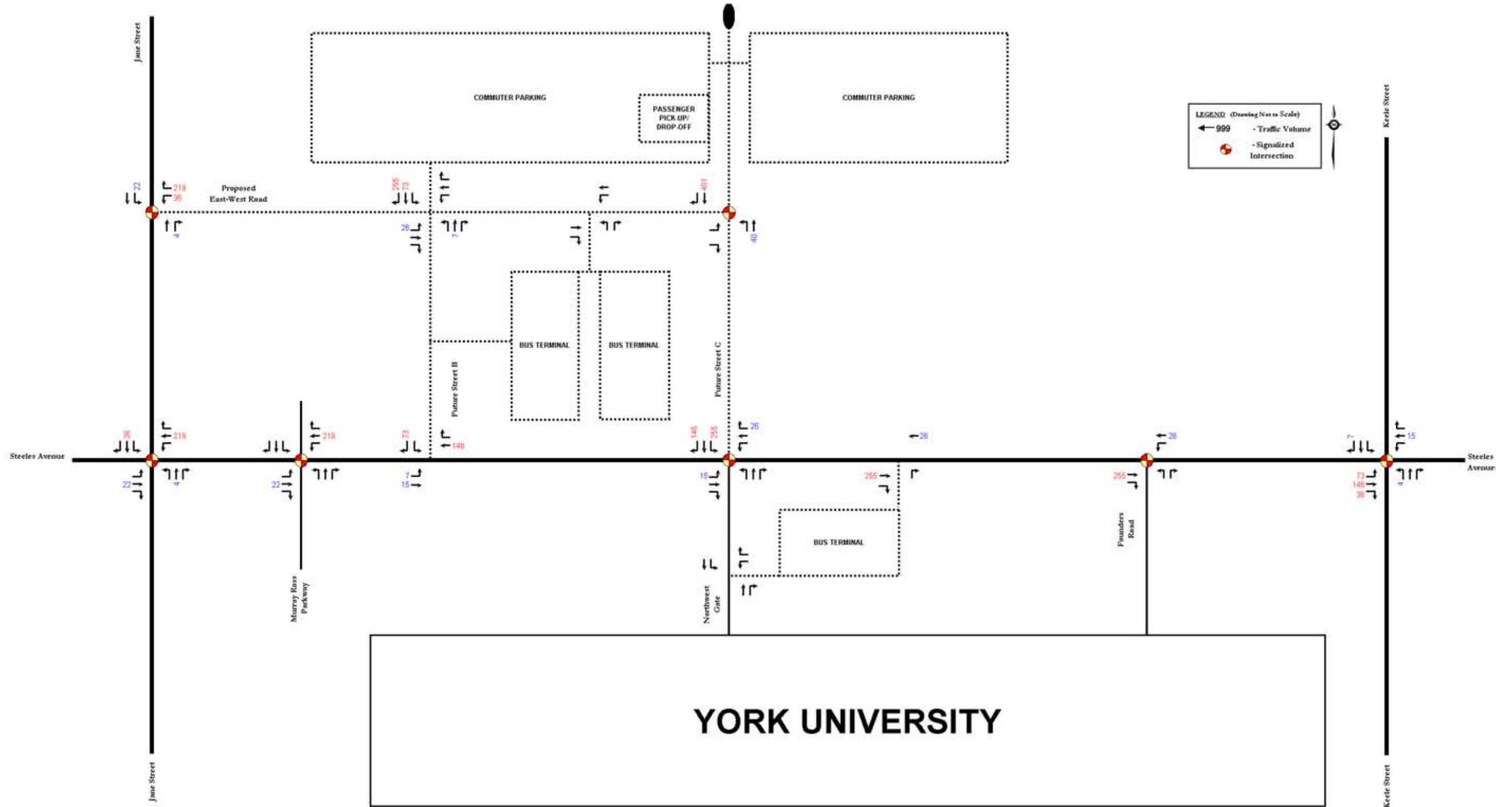
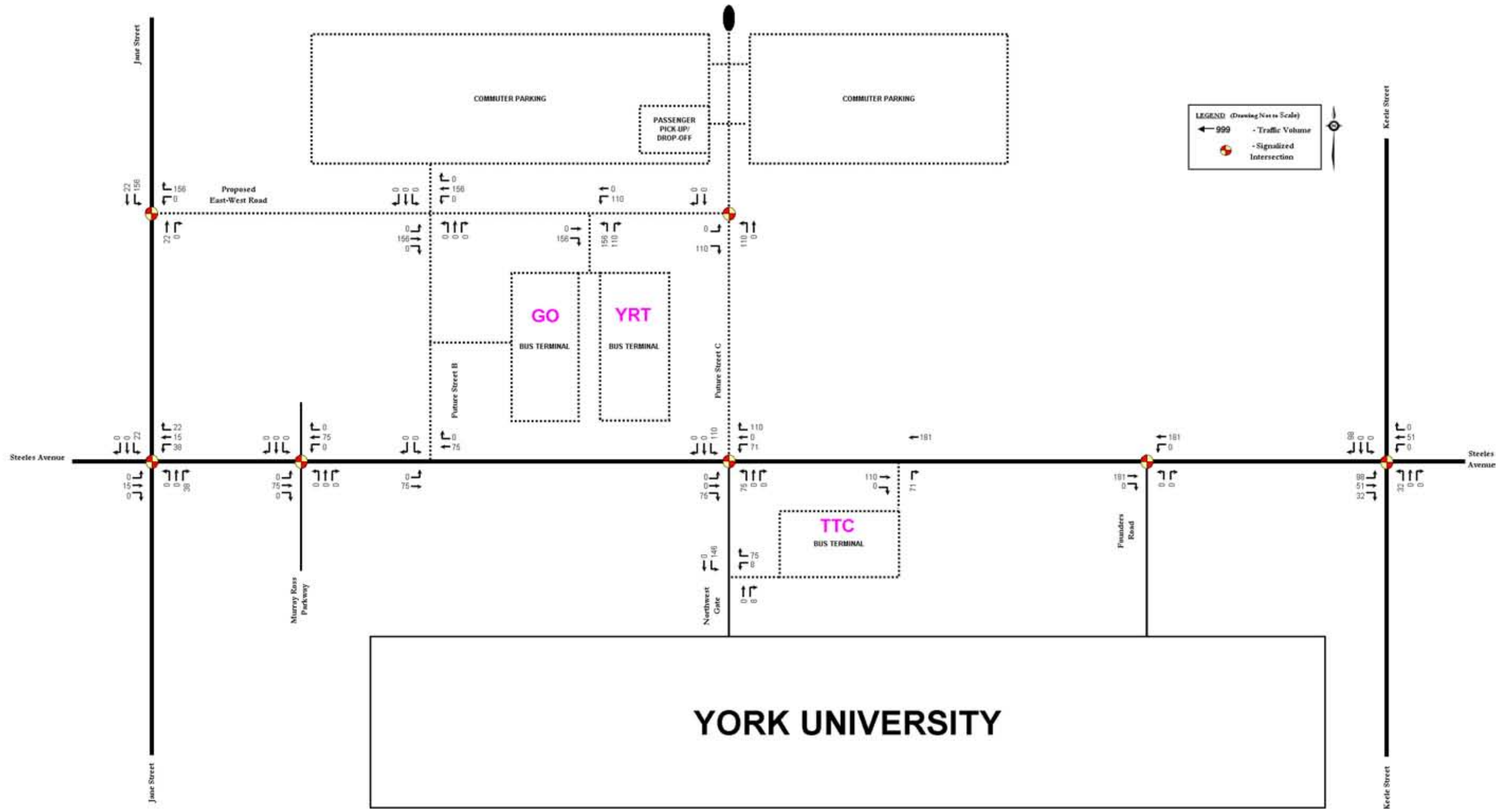


Figure A-5 – A.M. and P.M. Peak Hour Transit Traffic Volumes



APPENDIX E
INTERSECTION ANALYSES
FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Ave / MurrayRosa Pkwy
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Murray Ross Parkway

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, L, T, R, V, Signal Operations.

Phase Combination table with columns: Phase, Signal Operations, V, g, C.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratio, Delay LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Ave / MurrayRosa Pkwy
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004 Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street North/South Street Steeles Avenue Murray Ross Parkway

VOLUME DATA

Table with columns: Volume, Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, H In Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumBk, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop LTR, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InPrdPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with columns: Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ped of g, Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA

Phase Combination table with columns: Phase, Signal Operations, V, g, C.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with columns: Volume Adjustment, Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, L, T, R.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Table with columns: Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop LTR, Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate table with columns: Sat. Flow Rate, Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, L, T, R.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Capacity Analysis table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratio, Delay LOS.

Table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratio, Delay LOS.

Table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratio, Delay LOS.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.60
Total lost time per cycle, L = 21.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C)-(L) = 0.73

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Flow Rate, Ratio, Delay LOS.

Intersection Delay = 18.4 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Supplemental permitted left turn details including cycle length, green time, and flow rates for EB, WB, NB, SB.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Supplemental permitted left turn details for shared lefts, including cycle length and flow rates.

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s) 28.95
Effective bicycle volume, Vbicy (bicycles/h) 0.07
Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec 1
Number of turning lanes, Nturn 1

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Supplemental pedestrian and bicycle effects including permitted left turns, effective green, and delay.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Uniform delay details including cycle length, adjusted green time, and queue length.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with columns: Appr, Lane, Lane Group, Demand, Delay, LOS.

Intersection Delay 18.4 sec/veh Intersection LOS B

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Table with columns: LaneGroup, L, T, R, L, TR, L, TR, LTR.

70th Percentile Output: EB 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.2, BOQ 0.1 33.0 3.5 2.2 13.7, 3.2 4.4, 0.1

Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB, 70th Percentile Output, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Ave / Northwest Gate
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Northwest Gate

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Phase Combination table with columns 1-8 and rows for EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Intersection Performance Summary table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA Steeles Ave / Northwest Gate
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Avenue North/South Street: Northwest Gate

VOLUME DATA table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, H In Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g, Phase Combination, EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for Volume Adjustment, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

Volume, V table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, Prop RTs.

SATURATION FLOW RATE table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fG, fP, fFB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec., flpb, fRpb, S, Sec.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

Intersection Delay = 29.6 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = C

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB and rows for Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, LT Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, g, Opposing platoon ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gg if gq>gf, n=Max(gq+gf)/2, PTHo=1-PLTo, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(g+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI, EL2, fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fmin=fmin:1.00, fmin=fmin:1.00, or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm. For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when g>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB and rows for Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, Opposing platoon ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gg if gq>gf, n=Max(gq+gf)/2, PTHo=1-PLTo, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(g+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI, EL2, fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fmin=fmin:1.00, fmin=fmin:1.00, or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**.

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fG, fP, fFB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, Sec., flpb, fRpb, S, Sec.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

Control Delay and LOS Determination table with columns for Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Delay LOS.

Intersection Delay = 29.6 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = C

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB and rows for Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate, Proportion of LT in LT lane group, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Lost time for LT lane group, LT Computation, LT volume per cycle, Opposing lane util. factor, Opposing flow, g, Opposing platoon ratio, Opposing Queue Ratio, gq, gq+gg if gq>gf, n=Max(gq+gf)/2, PTHo=1-PLTo, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(g+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI, EL2, fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fmin=fmin:1.00, fmin=fmin:1.00, or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm. For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when g>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts table with columns for Input, EB, WB, NB, SB and rows for Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, Effective permitted green time, Opposing effective green time, Number of lanes in LT lane group, Number of lanes in opposing approach, Adjusted LT flow rate.

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET table with columns for EB, WB, NB, SB and rows for Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Pedestrian flow rate, Opposed queue clearing green, Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, Opposed flow rate, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Number of turning lanes, ApBT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Conflicting bicycle volume, Vpbc, Vpbcg, Effective green, Vbicy, OCCbicy, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Number of turning lanes, ApBT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, flpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET table with columns for EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT and rows for Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, Opposing queue effective green interval, Red time, Arrival rate, Protected ph. departure rate, Permitted ph. departure rate, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Residual queue, Uniform Delay.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE table with columns for Initial Dur, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Initial Lane and rows for Appr/ Lane Group, Demand, Unmet, Adj. Param, Demand, Delay, Queue, Group.

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and rows for Intersection Delay, Intersection LOS, LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, I Factor, AT or PFG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, FB#, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e. Analyst: NA, Inter.: Prop E-W Rd / Fut Street C, Agency: URS Canada Inc., Area Type: All other areas, Date: 12/9/2004, Jurisd: City of Toronto, Period: AM Peak Hour, Year: Total Future Conditions, Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension, N/S St: Future Street C

SATURATION FLOW RATE (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors). Saturation Flow Rate (s) 161, 164, 1719, 1568, 3445, 3320. Volume, V 161, 0, 700, 339, 161, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98. Adj flow 164, 0, 714, 346, 164, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0. No. Lanes 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET. Permitted Left Turns. Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s) 120.0. Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h) 444. Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h) 1.0. Opposing queue clearing green, sq (s) 0.0. Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, sq/gp 0.0.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET. Cycle length, C 120.0 sec. Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v 444. v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X 0.37. Protected phase effective green interval, g (s) 0.37. Opposing queue effective green interval, gq 0.0. Unopposed green interval, gu 0.0.

OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS. Analyst: NA, Inter.: Prop E-W Rd / Fut Street C, Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc., Area Type: All other areas, Date Performed: 12/9/2004, Jurisdiction: City of Toronto, Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour, Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions, Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension, East/West Street: Proposed East-West Road, North/South Street: Future Street C.

VOLUME DATA. Volume 161, 0, 700, 339, 161. % Heavy Veh 5, 1, 5, 1. PHF 0.98, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98, 0.98. PK 15 Vol 41, 0, 179, 86, 41. Hi In Vol 0, 0, 0, 0. % Grade 1900, 1900, 1900, 1900.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Ave / TTCBusTermAcc
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Ave N/S St: TTCBusTermAccess

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Duration, Phase Combination, EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Intersection Performance Summary. Columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Delay, LOS. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: Fax:
E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS
Analyst: NA
Intersection: Steeles Ave / TTCBusTermAcc
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Ave
North/South Street: TTCBusTermAccess

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, H In Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InProPhase, Duration.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ped of g, Ped Min g.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Phase Combination, EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Volume Adjustment.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, Prop RTs.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Saturation Flow Rate, LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fa, flld, fRT, fLT, Sec., flpb, fRpb, S.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET. Columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Delay, LOS.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Prot, Perm, Thru, Right, Left, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = 0.57
Total lost time per cycle, L = 21.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = 0.70

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Control Delay and LOS Determination, Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Delay, LOS.

Intersection Delay = 13.7 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Input: EB, WB, NB, SB. Proposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach. Cycle length, C = 120.0 sec. Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) = 91.0. Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s) = 81.0. Opposing effective green time, go (s) = 78.0.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Input: EB, WB, NB, SB. Proposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach. Cycle length, C = 120.0 sec. Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s) = 91.0.

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT = 0.000 0.000
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo = 0.000 0.000
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h) = 0.908 0.908
Lost time for LT lane group, tL = 7.00
Computation: LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C/3600
Opposing lane util. factor, fLto = 0.908 0.908
Opposing flow, Volc=Voc/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc)
gfg=exp(- a * (LTC * b)) - 1, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qqr=Max[1-Rpo(go/C),0]
sq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gu=g-gf if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0
PTHo=1-PLTo
PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max(1-PTHo**N)/PLto, 1.0
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdif=Max(gg-gf,0)
ft=fm*[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
fl=fm*[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=fm*0.91(N-1)/N**
Left-turn adjustment, fLT

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET. Permitted Left Turns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s). Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h). Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h). OCCpedg. Opposing queue clearing green, qq (s). Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, qq/sp. OCCpedu. Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h). OCCr. Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec. Number of turning lanes, Nturn. ApBt. Proportion of left turns, PLT. Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA. Left-turn adjustment, flpb. Permitted Right Turns. Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s). Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h). Vpedg. OCCpedg. Effective green, g (s). Vbicg. OCCbicg. OCCr. Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec. Number of turning lanes, Nturn. ApBT. Proportion right-turns, PRT. Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA. Right turn adjustment, fRpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET. Columns: Cycle length, C; Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v; v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X; Protected phase effective green interval, g (s); Opposing queue effective green interval, gq; Opposed green interval, gu; Red time rt=(C-g-gq-gu); Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])); Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600; Permitted ph. departure rate, Sa=(gg+gu)/(gu*3600); XPerm; XProt; Case; Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa; Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu; Residual queue, Qr; Uniform Delay, d1.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for Initial Queue, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Initial Lane, Initial Group.

Intersection Delay 13.7 sec/veh Intersection LOS B

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, LnCapacity, v/c Ratio, C2, I Factor, AT or PVG, PLn Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

Table with 4 main columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Sub-columns: L, T, R. Values for fB%, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output: fB%, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES. No errors to report.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with columns: Phase Combination, Signal Operations, Delay LOS. Rows include EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right.

Table with columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay LOS. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Steeles Avenue / Founders Rd
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
North/South Street: Founders Road
East/West Street: Steeles Avenue

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, H/Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, Park/Exist, Num/Mark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, %InProtPhase, Duration.

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ped of g, Fed Min g.

Table with columns: Phase Combination, Signal Operations, Delay LOS. Rows include EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right.

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay LOS.

Table with columns: Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lts, Prop RTs. Rows include 1985 55, 87 1879, 275 238, 0.98 0.98, 0.98 0.98, 2026 56, 89 1917, 281 121, 1 3 0, 1 0 1, 0 0 0, TR, L, T, R, L, R, 0.000, 89 1917, 281 121, 0.027, 0.000, 1.000.

Table with columns: Saturation Flow Rate, Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fa, flt, flt, flpb, fRpb, S, Sec.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity
Appr/ Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay LOS.

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Prot, Perm, Thru, Right, Left, Prot, Perm, Thru, Right, Left, Prot, Perm, Thru, Right, Left, Prot, Perm, Thru, Right.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.66
Total lost time per cycle, L = 20.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.81

Table with columns: Appr/Lane Group, Lane Capacity, Adj Sat Flow Rate, Ratios, Delay LOS. Rows include Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Intersection Delay = 18.3 (sec/veh)
Intersection LOS = B

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Table with columns: Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLT, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, Opposing lane util. factor, fLto, Opposing flow, Volc=VoC/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc), gf=G/exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0], sq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=g-gf if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<=gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTho=1-PLto, PL*PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0, fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fts=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**, Left-turn adjustment, FLT.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Table with columns: Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h).

Table with columns: Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, tL, Computation, Opposing lane util. factor, fLto, Opposing flow, Volc=VoC/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc), gf=G/exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0], sq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=g-gf if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<=gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTho=1-PLto, PL*PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max(1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0, fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), fts=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**, Left-turn adjustment, FLT.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with columns: Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, sq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, sq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicy, OCCbicy, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, fRpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with columns: Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600(max[X,1.0])), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Sps=(gq+gu)/(gu*3600), XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Initial Demand, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane Group, Unmet Demand, Adj. Delay, Unmet Queue, Delay Group, Unmet hrs, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec.

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, v/c Ratio, C2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, C2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ.

Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, v/c Ratio, C2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, C2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ.

Table with columns: fB%, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output: fB%, BOQ, QSRatio. Rows include 1.6, 33.0, 3.4, 23.7, 1.9, 17.5, 2.0, 7.1, 1.7, 2.8, 1.8, 2.2, 2.5, 35.2, 4.1, 25.6, 20.6, 8.8.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue

Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Keele Street
Area Type: All other areas
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Year: Total Future Conditions
N/S St: Keele Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with 5 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for No. Lanes, LG Config, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns: Phase, Direction, Type, and values for Duration, Area Type, Phase Combination, and Pedals/Right of Way.

Intersection Performance Summary

Table with 6 columns: Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Ratios (v/c, g/c), Lane Group, Delay, LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Steeles Avenue / Keele Street
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

VOLUME DATA

Table with 5 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Volume, Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, HI Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, Park/Exist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LG Config, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, % InSharedLn, Prop Lanes, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, % InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with 5 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ext of g, Ped Min g.

PHASE DATA

Table with 8 columns: Phase, Direction, Type, and values for Phase Combination, Pedals, Right of Way.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with 5 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Volume Adjustment.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Volume, PHF, Adj Flow, No. Lanes, Lane Group, Adj Flow, Prop Lanes, Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for LG, So, Lanes, fW, fHV, fG, fP, fBB, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, fSec, fRpb, S.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 8 columns: Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Ratios (v/c, g/c), Lane Group, Delay, LOS.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 2.01
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C)-(L) = 2.23

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table with 8 columns: Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Ratios (v/c, g/c), Lane Group, Delay, LOS.

Intersection Delay = 205.6 (sec/veh) Intersection LOS = F

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo, Opposing flow, VoL=VoC/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc), g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-1, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qqr=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0], gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gq+gq if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf, n=Max(gq-gf/2,0), PTHo=1-PLTO, PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), EL2=Max[1-(Ptho**n)/PLto, 1.0], fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdiff=Max(gg-gf,0), fmf=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fmf[gg/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N** Left-turn adjustment, fLT, 0.089 0.089 0.105 0.105

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when g>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h).

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, Lt
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600
Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo
Opposing flow, VoL=VoC/[3600(No)fLUo] (veh/ln/cyc)
g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-1, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qqr=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0]
gq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gq+gq if gq>=gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gq-gf/2,0)
PTHo=1-PLTO
PL*=PLT[1+(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)]
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max[1-(Ptho**n)/PLto, 1.0]
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g
gdiff=Max(gg-gf,0)
fmf=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fmf[gg/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, fLT

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when g>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, gq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, gq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, Apbt, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, Apbt, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, fRpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gq, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time R=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600max[X,1.0]), Protected ph. departure rate, Sps=3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Sps=(gq+gu)/[gu*(3600)], XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for Initial Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane, Lane Demand, Unadj. Adj. Param., Demand Delay, Lane Group, Q veh, t hrs, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec.

Intersection Delay 205.6 sec/veh Intersection LOS F

Table with 8 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Q2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio.

Table with 4 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

Table with 12 columns: Direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound), Lane (L, T, R), and values for EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Proposed East-West Road

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and Signal Operations (L, T, R).

Table with columns for Phase Combination, Lane, and Signal Operations (L, T, R).

Table for Intersection Performance Summary, showing Appr/Lane, Capacity, Flow Rate, Delay, and LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

VOLUME DATA

Table for Volume Data, showing Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and Volume (L, T, R).

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table for Operating Parameters, showing Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and Init Unmet.

PHASE DATA

Table for Phase Data, showing Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and Phase Combination.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table for Volume Adjustment and Saturation Flow, showing Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and Volume Adjustment.

Streets West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

Table showing Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lanes, and Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Table showing Saturation Flow Rate for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity

Table for Capacity Analysis, showing Appr/Lane, Capacity, Flow Rate, Delay, and LOS.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 0.67
Total lost time per cycle, L = 21.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 0.81

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table for Control Delay and LOS, showing Appr/Lane, Capacity, Flow Rate, Delay, and LOS.

Intersection Delay = 24.8 (sec/veh)
Intersection LOS = C

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for exclusive lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, G (s), etc.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for shared lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, G (s), etc.

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, tL
Computation
IT volume per cycle, LTC=VLTC/3600

Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo
Opposing flow, VoLc=VoC/[3600(No)ELUo] (veh/ln/cyc)
gf=g*exp(-a*(LTC**b))-tL, gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo(g/C), 0]
qg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gq=g-gf if gq>gf, or = g-gf if gq<gf
n=Max(gf-gf)/2, 0)
PTho=1-PLTo
PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL1+4.24)]
EL1 (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
EL2=Max(1-Ptho**n)/Plto, 1.0)
fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL1)/g
gdif=max(gf-gf, 0)
fm=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm+[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(EL1-1)]+[gdif/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, FLT

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table for Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects, showing EB, WB, NB, SB for various metrics like Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table for Supplemental Uniform Delay, showing EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT for various metrics like Cycle length, Adj. LT vol, v/c ratio, etc.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table for Delay/LOS with Initial Queue, showing Initial Queue, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for exclusive lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, G (s), etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

for shared lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time, G (s), etc.

Table with columns for fBk, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, fBk, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Analyst: NA
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Date: 12/9/2004
Period: PM Peak Hour
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Proposed East-West Road
N/S St: Future Street C

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY
Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include LG Config, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, and Duration.

Phase Combination 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Table showing phase combinations for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound directions.

Intersection Performance Summary
Table with columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e
Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Prop E-W Rd / Fut Street C
Agency/Co.: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
Proposed East-West Road
North/South Street
Future Street C

VOLUME DATA
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PHF, PK 15 Vol, HI In Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, \$InSharedLn, Prop Lts, Prop Rts, Peds Bikes, Buses, \$InPrdPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Ped of g, Fed Min g.

PHASE DATA
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Phase Combination 1-8, EB Left, WB Left, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Saturation Ratio, and Cycle Length.

Volume, V
PHF
Adj flow
No. Lanes
Lane group
Adj flow
Prop Lts
Prop Rts
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)
Table with columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fa, flh, fRT, fLT, Sec., flpb, frpb, S.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET
Capacity Analysis and Lane Group Capacity
Table with columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratio, Green, Lane Group, Capacity, v/c, Ratio.

Control Delay and LOS Determination
Table with columns: Appr/ Lane Group, Ratios, Unif, Prog Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc =
Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C)-(L) = 0.40

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts
Input
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C, Opposing lane util. factor, fLdo, Opposing flow, VoLc=Voc/(3600*(No*fLdo)) (veh/ln/cyc), gf=G/(exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1), gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0], qg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gu=g-gf if qg>gf, or = g-gf if qg<=gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTho=1-PLTo, PL=PLT*(1+(N-1)/(gf+gu/EL+4.24)), ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), ELZ=Max(1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0, fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g, gdiff=max(gg-gf,0), gdiff=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fm=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL*(EL2-1)), (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm+0.91*(N-1)]/N** Left-turn adjustment, fLT

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts
Input
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h)

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT
Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTo
Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h)
Lost time for LT lane group, Lt
Computation
LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/C
Opposing lane util. factor, fLdo
Opposing flow, VoLc=Voc/(3600*(No*fLdo)) (veh/ln/cyc)
gf=G/(exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1), gf<=g
Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11)
Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(go/C),0]
qg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8)
gu=g-gf if qg>gf, or = g-gf if qg<=gf
n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0
PTho=1-PLTo
PL=PLT*(1+(N-1)/(gf+gu/EL+4.24))
ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3)
ELZ=Max(1-Ptho**N)/Plto, 1.0
fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g
gdiff=max(gg-gf,0)
gdiff=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1)), (min=fmin;max=1.00)
flt=fm=[gf/g]+[gu/g]/(1+PL*(ELI-1))+[gdiff/g]/(1+PL*(EL2-1)), (fmin<=fm<=1.00)
or flt=[fm+0.91*(N-1)]/N**
Left-turn adjustment, fLT

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gq, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET
Permitted Left Turns
Table with columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, qg (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, qg/qp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBT, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, frpb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET
Cycle length, C
Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v
v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X
Protected phase effective green interval, g (s)
Opposing queue effective green interval, gq
Unopposed green interval, gu
Red time r=(C-g-qg-gu)
Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*(max(X,1.0)))
Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600
Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gg+gu)/(gu*3600)
XPerm
XProt
Case
Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa
Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu
Residual queue, Qr
Uniform Delay, d1

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE
Table with columns: Initial, Dur., Uniform Delay, Initial, Final, Initial, Lane, Appr/ Unmet, Unmet, Queue, Unmet, Queue, Group, Lane, Demand, Demand, Unadj. Adj., Param. Demand, Delay, Delay, Group, Q veh, t hrs, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec

Intersection Delay 15.6 sec/veh Intersection LOS B
BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET
Table with columns: LaneGroup, L, R, LT, TR, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No. Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, C2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

EB, BOQ, QSRatio
Table with columns: EB, BOQ, QSRatio. Rows include 2.0, 2.6, 2.2, 1.8, 9.4, 0.0, 6.4, 16.5, 98th Percentile Output: EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 2.3, 3.2, 2.5, 1.9, 10.8, 0.0, 7.5, 18.1.

ERROR MESSAGES
No errors to report.

APPENDIX F
SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSES

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Agency: URS Canada Inc. Date: 12/9/2004 Period: AM Peak Hour Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension E/W St: Steeles Avenue

Area Type: Steeles Avenue / Jane Street Area Type: All other areas Jurisd: City of Toronto Year: Total Future Conditions N/S St: Jane Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Summary table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound, and various metrics like Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Duration, Phase Combination, and Saturation Flow Rate.

Intersection Performance Summary

Performance summary table with columns for Approach, Lane Group, Capacity, Delay, LOS, and Cycle Length.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA Agency: URS Canada Inc. Date Performed: 12/9/2004 Jurisdiction: City of Toronto Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension

VOLUME DATA

Volume data table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various traffic volume metrics.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Operating parameters table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various operational metrics.

PHASE DATA

Phase data table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and phase-related metrics.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Volume adjustment and saturation flow worksheet table with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, and Saturation Flow.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions With Improvements

Table showing Volume, V, PHF, and Adjusted flow rates for various lanes and directions.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Saturation flow rate table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound and various metrics.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Capacity and LOS worksheet table with columns for Approach, Lane, Capacity, Delay, LOS, and Cycle Length.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = 2.18 Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)(C)/(C-L) = 2.47

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Control delay and LOS determination table with columns for Approach, Lane, Delay, LOS, and various metrics.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Supplemental permitted left turn worksheet table with columns for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, and various metrics.

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text. * If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Supplemental permitted left turn worksheet table with columns for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, and various metrics.

Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Opposing lane util. factor, fLto 0.908 0.908 0.908 0.908
Opposing flow, Vol=Voc/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc)
g=f*(exp(-a*(LTC**b))-1)-1, g<=g

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text. * If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Supplemental pedestrian-bicycle effects worksheet table with columns for Effective pedestrian green time, Conflicting pedestrian volume, Pedestrian flow rate, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Supplemental uniform delay worksheet table with columns for Cycle length, Adjusted LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, etc.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Delay/LOS worksheet table with columns for Initial Queue, Uniform Delay, Initial Final Queue, etc.

BACK OF QUEUE WORKSHEET

Back of queue worksheet table with columns for LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, No. Lanes, etc.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET

Supplemental permitted left turn worksheet table with columns for Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, and various metrics.

Table with columns for fBk, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, and QSRatio values.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004 Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: PM Peak Hour Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue N/S St: Jane Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, and Duration.

Table for Phase Combination 1-8, showing Left, Thru, Right, and Pedals for EB, WB, NB, and SB directions.

Table for Intersection Performance Summary, showing Appr/Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS, and Cycle Length.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone: E-Mail: OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA Steeles Avenue / Jane Street
Agency: URS Canada Inc. Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: PM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension East/West Street Steeles Avenue North/South Street Jane Street

VOLUME DATA

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, HI Ln Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumLanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, InSharedLn, Prop Lanes, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, Buses, InProtPhase, and Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, and Ext of g.

PHASE DATA

Table for Phase Combination 1-8, showing Left, Thru, Right, and Pedals for EB, WB, NB, and SB directions.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Lane Group, Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS, and Cycle Length.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions With Improvements

Table with columns for Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop RTs, and Sat. Rows are categorized by direction (Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound).

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Table with columns for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, and Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, fSec, flpb, frpb, S, and Sec.

CAPACITY ANALYSIS AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table for Capacity Analysis and LOS Worksheet, showing Appr/Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS, and Cycle Length.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 1.03
Total lost time per cycle, L = 14.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 1.16

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table for Control Delay and LOS Determination, showing Appr/Lane, Lane Group, Capacity, Adj Sat, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach, Delay LOS, and Cycle Length.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, EB, WB, NB, SB, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLto, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc), g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-1, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qrc=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gg=gg if gg>=gf, or = g-gf if gg<=gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), ELI=Max[1-(Ptho**N)/Flto, 1.0], fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdif=Max(gg-gf,0), fmg=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**, Left-turn adjustment, FLT, 0.082 0.082 0.180 0.154

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
** If Pl=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>gg, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Table for Supplemental Permitted LT Worksheet, showing Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, EB, WB, NB, SB, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h)

Table with columns for Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLto, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)FLto] (veh/ln/cyc), g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))]-1, gf<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo (refer Exhibit 16-11), Opposing Queue Ratio, qrc=Max[1-Rpo(g/C),0], gg, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), gg=gg if gg>=gf, or = g-gf if gg<=gf, n=Max(gg-gf)/2,0, PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT[1-(N-1)g/(gf+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), ELI=Max[1-(Ptho**N)/Flto, 1.0], fmin=2(1+PL)/g or fmin=2(1+PL)/g, gdif=Max(gg-gf,0), fmg=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), or flt=[fm+0.91(N-1)]/N**, Left-turn adjustment, FLT, 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table for Supplemental Pedestrian-Bicycle Effects Worksheet, showing Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, sq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, sq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, Apbt, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, Apbt, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, frpb

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table for Supplemental Uniform Delay Worksheet, showing Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, gg, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gg-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*max[X,1.0]), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Ss=(gg+gu)/[gu*(3600)], XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1, EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table for Delay/LOS Worksheet with Initial Queue, showing Appr/Unmet, Uniform Delay, Initial Queue, Final Queue, Initial Lane Group, Demand, Unadj. Adj. Param. Demand, Delay, Delay Group, Q veh, t hrs, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec

Intersection Delay 57.5 sec/veh Intersection LOS E

Table for Intersection Delay 57.5 sec/veh Intersection LOS E, showing LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No.Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Q2, I Factor, AT or PFG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output

Table with columns for EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Analyst: NA
Inter.: Steeles Avenue / Keele St
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date: 12/9/2004
Jurisd: City of Toronto
Period: AM Peak Hour
Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
E/W St: Steeles Avenue
N/S St: Keele Street

SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION SUMMARY

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include No. Lanes, LGConfig, Volume, Lane Width, RTOR Vol.

Table with 8 columns (1-8) representing phase combinations. Rows include Phase Combination, Left, Thru, Right, Peds, Green, Yellow, All Red.

Intersection Performance Summary

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

HCS2000: Signalized Intersections Release 4.1e

Phone:
E-Mail:
OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

Analyst: NA
Intersection: Steeles Avenue / Keele St
Agency: URS Canada Inc.
Area Type: All other areas
Date Performed: 12/9/2004
Jurisdiction: City of Toronto
Analysis Time Period: AM Peak Hour
Analysis Year: Total Future Conditions
Project ID: TTC Spadina Station Extension
East/West Street: Steeles Avenue
North/South Street: Keele Street

VOLUME DATA

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, % Heavy Veh, PK 15 Vol, HI In Vol, % Grade, Ideal Sat, ParkExist, NumMark, No. Lanes, LGConfig, Lane Width, RTOR Vol, Adj Flow, %InSharedLn, Prop Lanes, Prop RTs, Peds Bikes, %InProtPhase, Duration.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Init Unmet, Arriv. Type, Unit Est., I Factor, Lost Time, Pst of g, Pst Min g.

PHASE DATA

Table with 8 columns (1-8) representing phase combinations. Rows include EB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, WB Left, Thru, Right, Peds, NB Right, SB Right, Green, Yellow, All Red.

VOLUME ADJUSTMENT AND SATURATION FLOW WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume Adjustment, Lane Group, Capacity, Delay LOS.

Steeles West Station - Future Total Traffic Conditions With Improvements

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Volume, V, PHF, Adj flow, No. Lanes, Lane group, Adj flow, Prop Lanes, Prop RTs.

Saturation Flow Rate (see Exhibit 16-7 to determine the adjustment factors)

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LG, So, Lanes, fw, fhv, fg, fp, fbb, fA, fLU, fRT, fLT, fSec, flpb, frpb, S.

CAPACITY AND LOS WORKSHEET

Table with 6 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Adj Sat, Flow Rate, Ratios, Lane Group, Approach. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

Sum of flow ratios for critical lane groups, Yc = Sum (v/s) = 1.18
Total lost time per cycle, L = 12.00 sec
Critical flow rate to capacity ratio, Xc = (Yc)/(C-L) = 1.32

Control Delay and LOS Determination

Table with 7 columns: Appr/Lane Group, Del, Adj, Prog, Lane, Incremental, Res, Lane Group, Approach. Rows for Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for exclusive lefts

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h), Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo], g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))] - Lt, g<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo, Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(g/C),0], sq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), sq+g-g if sq>=g, or = g-g if sq<g, n=Max(g+gf/2,0), PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT+(1-N)/g+(gf+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), ELZ=Max(1-PTHo*ln)/fLUo, fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g, gdiff=Max(g-gf,0), fmf=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fmf+[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>g, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PERMITTED LT WORKSHEET for shared lefts

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Input, Opposed by Single(S) or Multiple(M) lane approach, Cycle length, C, Total actual green time for LT lane group, G (s), Effective permitted green time for LT lane group, g(s), Opposing effective green time, go (s), Number of lanes in LT lane group, N, Number of lanes in opposing approach, No, Adjusted LT flow rate, VLT (veh/h).

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Proportion of LT in LT lane group, PLT, Proportion of LT in opposing flow, PLTO, Adjusted opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), Lost time for LT lane group, Lt, Computation, LT volume per cycle, LTC=VLT/3600, Opposing lane util. factor, fLUo, Opposing flow, Vo=Voc/[3600(No)fLUo], g=[exp(-a*(LTC**b))] - Lt, g<=g, Opposing platoon ratio, Rpo, Opposing Queue Ratio, qro=Max[1-Rpo/(g/C),0], sq, (see Exhibit C16-4,5,6,7,8), sq+g-g if sq>=g, or = g-g if sq<g, n=Max(g+gf/2,0), PTHo=1-PLTO, PL=PLT+(1-N)/g+(gf+gu/EL+4.24)], ELI (refer to Exhibit C16-3), ELZ=Max(1-PTHo*ln)/fLUo, fmin=2*(1+PL)/g or fmin=2*(1+PL)/g, gdiff=Max(g-gf,0), fmf=[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)], (min=fmin;max=1.00), flt=fmf+[gf/g]/[gu/g]/[1+PL(ELI-1)]+[gdiff/g]/[1+PL(EL2-1)], (fmin<=fm<=1.00) or flt=[fm*0.91(N-1)]/N**

For special case of single-lane approach opposed by multilane approach, see text.
* If PL=1 for shared left-turn lanes with N>1, then assume de-facto left-turn lane and redo calculations.
** For permitted left-turns with multiple exclusive left-turn lanes, flt=fm.
For special case of multilane approach opposed by single-lane approach or when gf>g, see text.

SUPPLEMENTAL PEDESTRIAN-BICYCLE EFFECTS WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include Permitted Left Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Pedestrian flow rate, Vpedg (p/h), OCCpedg, Opposing queue clearing green, sq (s), Eff. ped. green consumed by opp. veh. queue, sq/gp, OCCpedu, Opposing flow rate, Vo (veh/h), OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBt, Proportion of left turns, PLT, Proportion of left turns using protected phase, PLTA, Left-turn adjustment, flpb, Permitted Right Turns, Effective pedestrian green time, gp (s), Conflicting pedestrian volume, Vped (p/h), Conflicting bicycle volume, Vbic (bicycles/h), Vpedg, OCCpedg, Effective green, g (s), Vbicg, OCCbicg, OCCr, Number of cross-street receiving lanes, Nrec, Number of turning lanes, Nturn, ApBt, Proportion right-turns, PRT, Proportion right-turns using protected phase, PRTA, Right turn adjustment, frpb.

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIFORM DELAY WORKSHEET

Table with 4 columns: EBLT, WBLT, NBLT, SBLT. Rows include Cycle length, C, Adj. LT vol from Vol Adjustment Worksheet, v, v/c ratio from Capacity Worksheet, X, Protected phase effective green interval, g (s), Opposing queue effective green interval, go, Unopposed green interval, gu, Red time r=(C-g-gq-gu), Arrival rate, qa=v/(3600*max(X,1.0)), Protected ph. departure rate, Sp=3600, Permitted ph. departure rate, Sa=(sq+gu)/[gu*(3600)], XProt, Case, Queue at beginning of green arrow, Qa, Queue at beginning of unsaturated green, Qu, Residual queue, Qr, Uniform Delay, d1.

DELAY/LOS WORKSHEET WITH INITIAL QUEUE

Table with 4 columns: Initial, Unmet, Uniform, Delay, Initial, Final, Initial, Lane. Rows include Appr/Unmet, Lane Demand, Lane Group, Q veh, t hrs, ds, ds, dl sec, u, Q veh, d3 sec, d sec.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Intersection Delay, 61.2 sec/veh, Intersection LOS E.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include LaneGroup, Init Queue, Flow Rate, So, No.Lanes, SL, InCapacity, Flow Ratio, v/c Ratio, Q2, I Factor, AT or PVG, Pln Ratio, PF2, Q1, KB, Q2, Q Average, Q Spacing, Q Storage, Q S Ratio, 70th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 85th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 90th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio, 95th Percentile Output, EB, BOQ, QSRatio.

Table with 4 columns: Eastbound, Westbound, Northbound, Southbound. Rows include Intersection Delay, 61.2 sec/veh, Intersection LOS E.

Table with 4 columns: EB, WB, NB, SB. Rows include fBk, BOQ, QSRatio, 98th Percentile Output, fBk, BOQ, QSRatio.

ERROR MESSAGES

No errors to report.

